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CDCL1810 SLLS781D – FEBRUARY 2007–REVISED NOVEMBER 2014

CDCL1810 1.8-V, 10 Output, High-Performance Clock Distributor

Technical

Documents

1 Features

- Single 1.8-V Supply
- High-Performance Clock Distributor with 10
 Outputs
- Low Input-to-Output Additive Jitter: as Low as 10fs RMS
- Output Group Phase Adjustment
- Low-Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) Input, 100-Ω Differential On-Chip Termination, up to 650 MHz Frequency
- Differential Current Mode Logic (CML) Outputs, 50-Ω Single-Ended On-Chip Termination, up to 650 MHz Frequency
- Two Groups of Five Outputs Each with Independent Frequency Division Ratios
- Output Frequency Derived with Divide Ratios of 1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 16, 20, 32, 40, and 80
- Meets ANSI TIA/EIA-644-A-2001 LVDS Standard Requirements
- Power Consumption: 410 mW Typical
- Output Enable Control for Each Output and Automatic Output Synchronization
- SDA/SCL Device Management Interface
- 48-pin VQFN (RGZ) Package
- Industrial Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C

2 Applications

- Distribution for High-Speed SERDES
- Distribution of SERDES Reference Clocks for 1G/10G Ethernet, 1X/2X/4X/10X Fibre Channel, PCI Express, Serial ATA, SONET, CPRI, OBSAI, etc.
- Up to 1-to-10 Clock Buffering and Fan-out

3 Description

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The CDCL1810 is a high-performance clock distributor. The programmable dividers, P0 and P1, give a high flexibility to the ratio of the output frequency to the input frequency: $F_{OUT} = F_{IN}/P$, where: P (P0,P1) = 1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 16, 20, 32, 40, 80.

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The CDCL1810 supports one differential LVDS clock input and a total of 10 differential CML outputs. The CML outputs are compatible with LVDS receivers if they are ac-coupled.

With careful observation of the input voltage swing and common-mode voltage limits, the CDCL1810 can support a single-ended clock input as outlined in *Pin Configuration and Functions*.

All device settings are programmable through the SDA/SCL, serial two-wire interface. The serial interface is 1.8V tolerant only.

The phase of one output group relative to the other can be adjusted through the SDA/SCL interface. For post-divide ratios (P0, P1) that are multiples of 5, the total number of phase adjustment steps (*n*) equals the divide-ratio divided by 5. For post-divide ratios (P0, P1) that are not multiples of 5, the total number of steps (*n*) is the same as the post-divide ratio. The phase adjustment step ($\Delta\Phi$) in time units is given as: $\Delta\Phi = 1/(n \times F_{OUT})$, where F_{OUT} is the respective output frequency.

The device operates in a 1.8-V supply environment and is characterized for operation from -40° C to +85°C. The CDCL1810 is available in a 48-pin VQFN (RGZ) package.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)	
CDCL1810	VQFN (48)	7.00 mm × 7.00 mm	

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

4 Functional Block Diagram

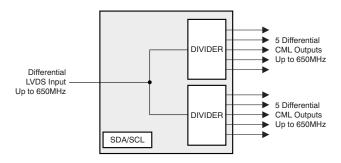


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5 Revision History

-		5
•	Changed the following values in <i>AC Electrical Characteristics</i> for Additive clock output jitter (J _{OUT}): 188 to 180, 480 to 348, 514 to 338, 257 to 175, 500 to 347, 570 to 388, 27 to 41, 66 to 36, 72 to 42, 12 to 48, 23 to 33, 27 to 39, 3	
	to 0.7	/
•	Updated Figure 8	21
•	Added Detailed Design Procedure text	21
•	Updated images for Figure 9 and Figure 10	22

Changes from Revision B (March 2011) to Revision C

Changes from Revision C (September 2014) to Revision D

•	Added, updated, or renamed the following sections: Device Information Table, Application and Implementation; Power Supply Recommendations; Layout; Device and Documentation Support; Mechanical, Packaging, and	
	Ordering Information	Į.
•	Added "and Automatic Output Synchronization" in <i>Features</i> 1	
•	Deleted "Clock Synthesis" and "Synthesis" from Applications	j
•	Added Output Enable/Disable to Feature Description section	I
•	Added Figure 5 to Feature Description	

Changes from Revision A (March 2007) to Revision B

•	Changed the Decscription paragraph starting with "All deviceinterface"	1
•	Added Thermal Information table	2
•	Changed The Description of row SCL in the Pin Function table: added "SCL tolerated 1.8V on the input only."	5
•	Changed The Description of row SDA in the Pin Function table: added "SCD tolerates 1.8V on the input only."	5
•	Changed -0.3 to 4.0 to -0.3 to VDD+0.6 in ABS MAX table	6
•	Added Thermal Information table	6
•	Changed the V _{D,DOUT} Test Conditions in the AC Electrical Characteristics table	7

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٠	Added Note 1 to the Function Block Diagram	10
•	Added the SDA/SCL Connections Recommendations section	12

6 Device Comparison Table

Table 1. T_A Device Comparison

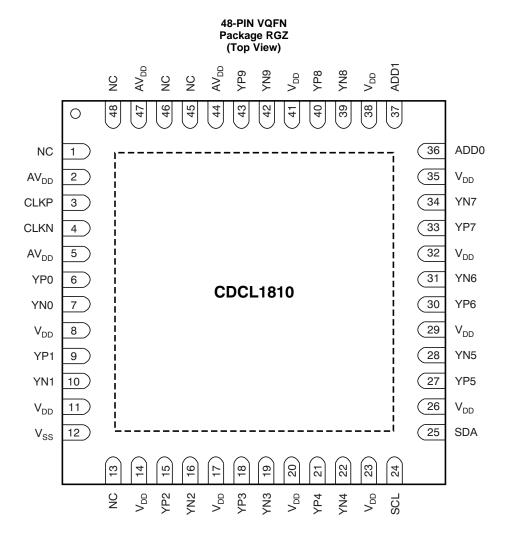
T _A	PACKAGED DEVICES	FEATURES	
-40°C to +85°C CDCL1810RGZT 48-pin VQFN (RGZ) Package, small tape and reel		48-pin VQFN (RGZ) Package, small tape and reel	
-40°C to +85°C	CDCL1810RGZR	48-pin VQFN (RGZ) Package, tape and reel	

Table 2. Device Feature Comparison

FEATURE	CDCL1810	CDCL1810A
Divider Synchronization after power up and after each programming access. During Synchronization all outputs Yes No are disabled.	Yes	No
Output Group Phase Adjustment	Yes	No
Device Revision ID	b'011'	b'100'
1:10 Clock Fanout	Yes	Yes
Outputs grouped into two divider banks	Yes	Yes
Individual Output enabled/disable with I2C	Yes	Yes
Continuous and independent operation of outputs which are not programmed, while configuring and programming No Yes other outputs.	No	Yes



7 Pin Configuration and Functions



NOTE: Exposed thermal pad must be soldered to V_{SS}.

The CDCL1810 is available in a 48-pin VQFN (RGZ) package with a pin pitch of 0.5 mm. The exposed thermal pad serves both thermal and electrical grounding purposes.

The device must be soldered to ground (V_{SS}) using as many ground vias as possible. The device performance will be severely impacted if the exposed thermal pad is not grounded appropriately.



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Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	PIN NO.	ITPE	DESCRIPTION	
V _{DD}	8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29, 32, 35, 38, 41	Power	1.8-V digital power supply.	
AV _{DD}	2, 5, 44, 47	Power	1.8-V analog power supply.	
V _{SS}	Exposed thermal pad and pin 12	Power	Ground reference.	
NC	1, 13, 45, 46, 48	I	Not connected; leave open.	
CLKP, CLKN	3, 4	I	Differential LVDS input. Single-ended 1.8-V input can be dc-coupled to pin 3 with pin 4 either tied opin 3 (recommended) or left open.	
YP0, YN0 YP1, YN1 YP2, YN2 YP3, YN3 YP4, YN4 YP5, YN5 YP6, YN6 YP7, YN7 YP8, YN8 YP9, YN9	6, 7 9, 10 15, 16 18, 19 21, 22 27, 28 30, 31 33, 34 40, 39 43, 42	0	10 differential CML outputs.	
SCL	24	I	CL serial clock pin. SCL tolerated 1.8V on the input only. Open drain. Always connect to a pull- presistor.	
SDA	25	I/O	SDA bidirectional serial data pin. SDA tolerates 1.8 V on the input only.Open drain. Always connect to a pull-up resistor.	
ADD1, ADD0	37, 36	I	Configurable least significant bits (ADD[1:0]) of the SDA/SCL device address. The fixed most significant bits (ADD[6:2]) of the 7-bit device address are 11010.	

8 Specifications

8.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted).

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{DD} , AV_{DD}	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾	-0.3	2.5	V
V _{LVDS}	Voltage range at LVDS input pins ⁽²⁾	-0.3	VDD+0.6	V
VI	Voltage range at all non-LVDS input pins ⁽²⁾	-0.3	VDD+0.6	V

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating condition is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

8.2 Handling Ratings

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	torage temperature range		+150	°C
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all $pins^{(1)}$		2000	
		Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins ⁽²⁾		1500	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 2000-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 1500-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

8.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted).

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{DD}	Digital supply voltage	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
AV_{D}	Analog supply voltage	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
D					
T _A	Ambient temperature (no airflow, no heatsink)	-40		+85	°C
T_{J}	Junction temperature			+105	°C

8.4 Thermal Information

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	RGZ Package	UNIT
		48 PINS	
D	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ⁽²⁾	28.3, Airflow = 0 LFM	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.	22.4, Airflow = 50 LFM	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	20.5	C/VV
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	5.3	

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953.
 No heatsink; power uniformly distributed; 36 ground vias (6 x 6 array) tied to the thermal exposed pad; 4-layer high-K board.

8.5 DC Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted).

		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP N	IAX	UNIT
I _{VDD}	Total current from digital 1.8-V supply	All outputs enabled; $V_{DD} = V_{DD,typ}$ 650MHz LVDS input		212		mA
I _{AVDD}	Total current from analog 1.8-V supply	All outputs enabled; AV _{DD} = V _{DD,typ} 650MHz LVDS input		16		mA
V _{IL,CMOS}	Low level CMOS input voltage	V _{DD} = 1.8 V	-0.2		0.6	V
V _{IH,CMOS}	High level CMOS input voltage	V _{DD} = 1.8 V	V _{DD} -0.6		V _{DD}	V



DC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted).

		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
I _{IL,CMOS}	Low level CMOS input current	$V_{DD} = V_{DD,max}, V_{IL} = 0.0 V$		-120	μA
I _{IH,CMOS}	High level CMOS input current	$V_{DD} = V_{DD,max}, V_{IH} = 1.9 V$		65	μA
V _{OL,SDA}	Low level CMOS output voltage for the SDA pin	Sink current = 3 mA	0	$0.2V_{DD}$	V
I _{OL,CMOS}	Low level CMOS output current			8	mA

8.6 AC Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted).

			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Z _{D,IN}	Differential input impedance for	r the LVDS input terminals		90		132	Ω
V _{CM,IN}	Common-mode voltage, LVDS	input		1125	1200	1375	mV
V _{S,IN}	Single-ended LVDS input volta	age swing		100		600	mV _{PP}
$V_{D,IN}$	Differential LVDS input voltage	e swing		200		1200	mV _{PP}
t _{R,OUT} , t _{F,OUT}	Output signal rise/fall time		20%–80%		100		ps
V _{CM,OUT}	Common-mode voltage, CML	outputs		V _{DD} – 0.31	V _{DD} – 0.23	V _{DD} – 0.19	V
V _{S,OUT}	Single-ended CML output volta	age swing	ac-coupled	180	230	280	mV _{PP}
V _{D,OUT}	Differential CML output voltage	e swing	measured in a 50- Ω scope; The CML output incorporates 50- Ω resistors to VDD	360	460	560	mV _{PP}
F _{IN}	Clock input frequency					650	MHz
F _{OUT}	Clock output frequency					650	MHz
		F _{IN} = 30.72MHz, F _{OUT} =	10Hz–1MHz offset		180		fs RMS
		30.72MHz	1MHz–5MHz offset		348		fs RMS
		$V_{D,IN} = 200 m V_{PP}$	12kHz–5MHz offset		388		fs RMS
		F _{IN} = 30.72MHz, F _{OUT} =	10Hz–1MHz offset		175		fs RMS
		30.72MHz	1MHz–5MHz offset		347		fs RMS
	Additive cleak output iitter	$V_{D,IN} = 1200 m V_{PP}$	12kHz–5MHz offset		388		fs RMS
J _{OUT}	Additive clock output jitter	F _{IN} = 650MHz, F _{OUT} =	10Hz–1MHz offset		41		fs RMS
		650MHz	1MHz–20MHz offset		36		fs RMS
		$V_{D,IN} = 200 m V_{PP}$	12kHz–20MHz offset		42		fs RMS
		F _{IN} = 650MHz, F _{OUT} =	10Hz–1MHz offset		48		fs RMS
		650MHz	1MHz-20MHz offset		33		fs RMS
		$V_{D,IN} = 1200 m V_{PP}$	12kHz–20MHz offset		39		fs RMS
T _P	Input-to-output delay	Input-to-output delay			0.7		ns
TS _{OUT}	Clock output skew		$\label{eq:FIN} \begin{array}{l} F_{\text{IN}} = 30.72 \text{MHz}, \\ F_{\text{OUT}} = 30.72 \text{MHz} \\ \text{YP}[9:0] \text{ outputs relative} \\ \text{to YP}[0] \end{array}$	-64		64	ps

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8.7 AC Electrical Characteristics for The SDA/SCL Interface⁽¹⁾

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{SCL}	SCL frequency			400	kHz
t _{h(START)}	START hold time	0.6			μs
t _{w(SCLL)}	SCL low-pulse duration	1.3			μs
t _{w(SCLH)}	SCL high-pulse duration	0.6			μs
t _{su(START)}	START setup time	0.6			μs
t _{h(SDATA)}	SDA hold time	0			μs
t _{su(DATA)}	SDA setup time	0.6			μs
t _{r(SDATA)}	SCL / SDA input rise time			0.3	μs
t _{f(SDATA)}	SCL / SDA input fall time			0.3	μs
t _{su(STOP)}	STOP setup time	0.6			μs
t _{BUS}	bus free time	1.3			μs

(1) See Figure 1 for the timing behavior.

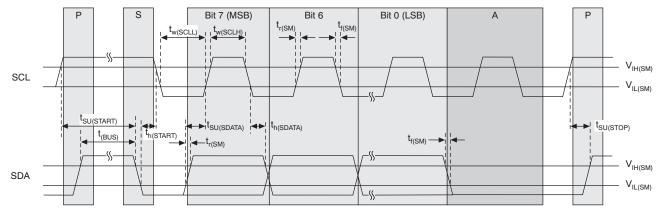
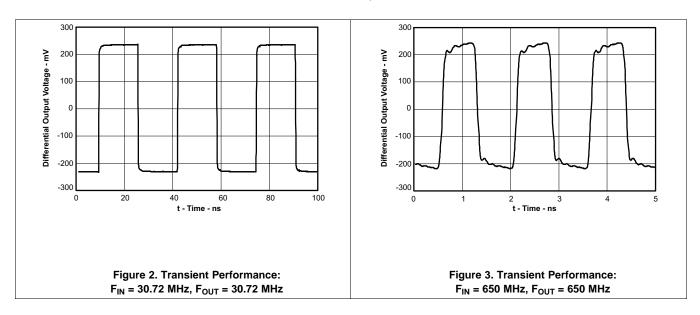


Figure 1. Timing Diagram for the SDA/SCL Serial Control Interface



8.8 Typical Characteristics

Typical operating conditions are at V_{DD} = 1.8V and T_A = +25°C, $V_{D,IN}$ = 200m V_{PP} (unless otherwise noted).



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9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

The CDCL1810 is a high-performance 10 output clock distributor. The device operates form a single 1.8-V supply. The outputs are grouped in to banks of 5 outputs each with independent frequency division ratios.

9.2 Functional Block Diagrams

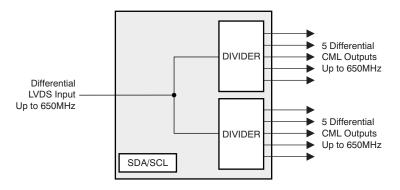
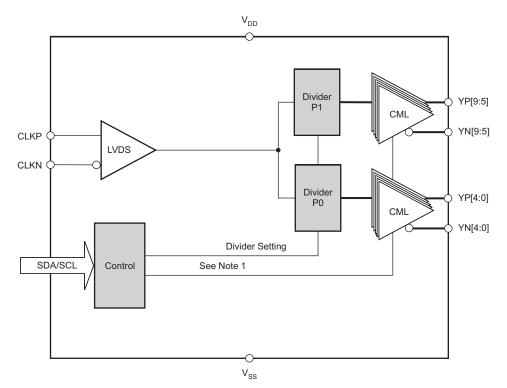


Figure 4. SDA/SCL Interface



Note 1: Outputs can be disabled to floating. When outputs are left floating, internal 50 Ω termination to V_{DD} pulls both YN and YP to VDD.



9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 Output Enable/Disable

The CDCL1810 does not require external output synchronization. Instead the device incorporates a scheme which ensures the output dividers are reset and time synchronized after every write action into the I2C programmable register space.

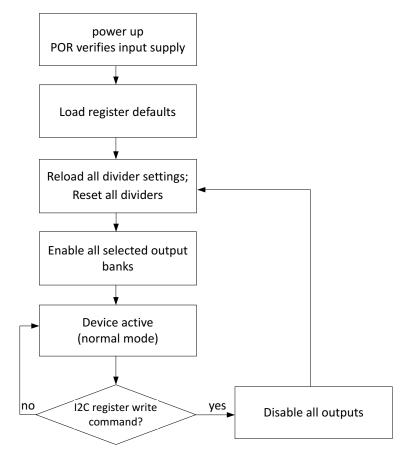


Figure 5. Device Status Flow Chart



9.4 SDA/SCL Connections Recommendations

The serial interface inputs don't have glitch suppression circuit. So, any noises or glitches at serial input lines may cause programming error. The serial interface lines should be routed in such a way that the lines would have minimum noise impact from the surroundings.

Figure 6 is recommended to improve the interconnections.

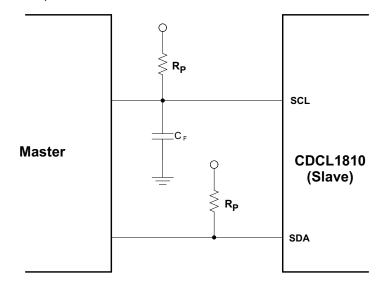


Figure 6. Serial Interface Connections

Lower R_P resistor value (around 1 k Ω) should be chosen so that signals will have faster rise time. A capacitor can be connected to SCL line to ground which will act as a filter.

An I²C level translator will help to overcome the noises issue.

9.5 Device Functional Modes

The device is designed to operate from an input voltage supply of 1.8 V. In the default power on reset, all device outputs are enabled and the dividers P0 and P1 are set to 1.



9.6 Programming

9.6.1 SDA/SCL Interface

This section describes the SDA/SCL interface of the CDCL1810 device. The CDCL1810 operates as a slave device of the industry standard 2-pin SDA/SCL bus. It operates in the fast-mode at a bit-rate of up to 400 kbit/s and supports 7-bit addressing compatible with the popular 2-pin serial interface standard.

9.6.1.1 SDA/SCL Bus Slave Device Address

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	R/W
1	1	0	1	0	ADD1	ADD0	0/1

The device address is made up of the fixed internal address, 11010 (A6:A2), and configurable external pins ADD1 (A1) and ADD0 (A0). Four different devices with addresses 1101000, 1101001, 1101010 and 1101011, can be addressed via the same SDA/SCL bus interface. The least significant bit of the address byte designates a write or read operation.

R/W Bit:

0 = write to CDCL1810 device

1 = read from CDCL1810 device

9.6.1.2 Command Code Definition

BIT	DESCRIPTION
C7	1 = Byte Write / Read or Word Write / Read operation
(C6:C0)	Byte Offset for Byte Write / Read and Word Write / Read operation.

COMMAND CODE for <i>Byte Write / Read</i> OPERATION	HEX CODE	C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	C0
byte 0	80h	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
byte 1	81h	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
byte 2	82h	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
byte 3	83h	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
byte 4	84h	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
byte 5	85h	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
byte 6	86h	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

COMMAND CODE for <i>Word Write / Read</i> OPERATION	HEX CODE	C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	C0
word 0: byte 0 and byte 1	80h	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
word 1: byte 1 and byte 2	81h	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
word 2: byte 2 and byte 3	82h	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
word 3: byte 3 and byte 4	83h	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
word 4: byte 4 and byte 5	84h	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
word 5: byte 5 and byte 6	85h	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
word 6: byte 6 and byte 7	86h	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

9.6.1.3 SDA/SCL Programming Sequence

1	7	1	1	8	1	1				
S	Slave Address	Address Wr A Data Byte				Ρ				
S	Start condition									
Sr	Repeated start condition									
Rd	Read (bit value = 1)									
Wr	Write (bit value = 0)									
Α	Acknowledge (bit va	lue :	= 0)							
Ν	Not acknowledge (b	it va	lue :	= 1)						
Ρ	Stop condition									
	Master to Slave transmission									
	Slave to Master transmission									

Figure 7. Legend for Programming Sequence

Byte Write Programming Sequence:

1	7	1	1	8	1	8	1	1	
S	Slave Address	Wr	А	Command Code	А	Data Byte	А	Р	1

Byte Read Programming Sequence:

1	7	1	1	8	1	1	7	1	1	8	1	1
s	Slave Address	Wr	А	Command Code	А	S	Slave Address	Rd	А	Data Byte	N	Р

Word Write Programming Sequence:

1	7	1	1	8	1	8	1	8	1	1
S	Slave Address	Wr	А	Command Code	А	Data Byte Low	А	Data Byte High	А	Р

Word Read Programming Sequence:

1	7	1	1	8	1	1	7	1	1	8	1	8	1	1
S	Slave Address	Wr	А	Command Code	А	S	Slave Address	Rd	А	Data Byte	А	Data Byte	Ν	Ρ



9.7 SDA/SCL Bus Configuration Command Bitmap

9.7.1 Byte 0:

BIT	BIT NAME	DESCRIPTION/FUNCTION	TYPE	POWER UP CONDITION	REFERENCE TO
7	MANF[7]	Manufacturer reserved	R		
6	MANF[6]	Manufacturer reserved	R		
5	MANF[5]	Manufacturer reserved	R		
4	MANF[4]	Manufacturer reserved	R		
3	MANF[3]	Manufacturer reserved	R		
2	MANF[2]	Manufacturer reserved	R		
1	MANF[1]	Manufacturer reserved	R		
0	MANF[0]	Manufacturer reserved	R		

9.7.2 Byte 1:

BIT	BIT NAME	DESCRIPTION/FUNCTION	TYPE	POWER UP CONDITION	REFERENCE TO
7	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
6	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
5	ENPH	Phase select enable	R/W	1	
4	PH1[4]	Phase select for YP[9:5] and YN[9:5]	R/W	0	Table 4, Table 5
3	PH1[3]	Phase select for YP[9:5] and YN[9:5]	R/W	0	Table 4, Table 5
2	PH1[2]	Phase select for YP[9:5] and YN[9:5]	R/W	0	Table 4, Table 5
1	PH1[1]	Phase select for YP[9:5] and YN[9:5]	R/W	0	Table 4, Table 5
0	PH1[0]	Phase select for YP[9:5] and YN[9:5]	R/W	0	Table 4, Table 5

9.7.3 Byte 2:

BIT	BIT NAME	DESCRIPTION/FUNCTION	TYPE	POWER UP CONDITION	REFERENCE TO
7	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
6	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
5	ENP1	Post-divider P1 enable; if 0 output YP[9:5] and YN[9:5] are disabled	R/W	1	
4	RES	Reserved	R/W	1	
3	SELP1[3]	Divide ratio select for post-divider P1	R/W	0	Table 3
2	SELP1[2]	Divide ratio select for post-divider P1	R/W	0	Table 3
1	SELP1[1]	Divide ratio select for post-divider P1	R/W	0	Table 3
0	SELP1[0]	Divide ratio select for post-divider P1	R/W	0	Table 3

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9.7.4 Byte 3:

BIT	BIT NAME	DESCRIPTION/FUNCTION	TYPE	POWER UP CONDITION	REFERENCE TO
7	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
6	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
5	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
4	PH0[4]	Phase select for YP[4:0] and YN[4:0]	R/W	0	Table 4, Table 5
3	PH0[3]	Phase select for YP[4:0] and YN[4:0]	R/W	0	Table 4, Table 5
2	PH0[2]	Phase select for YP[4:0] and YN[4:0]	R/W	0	Table 4, Table 5
1	PH0[1]	Phase select for YP[4:0] and YN[4:0]	R/W	0	Table 4, Table 5
0	PH0[0]	Phase select for YP[4:0] and YN[4:0]	R/W	0	Table 4, Table 5

9.7.5 Byte 4:

BIT	BIT NAME	DESCRIPTION/FUNCTION	TYPE	POWER UP CONDITION	REFERENCE TO
7	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
6	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
5	ENP0	Post-divider P0 enable. If 0, output YP[4:0] and YN[4:0] are disabled	R/W	1	
4	RES	Reserved	R/W	1	
3	SELP0[3]	Divide ratio select for post-divider P0	R/W	0	Table 3
2	SELP0[2]	Divide ratio select for post-divider P0	R/W	0	Table 3
1	SELP0[1]	Divide ratio select for post-divider P0	R/W	0	Table 3
0	SELP0[0]	Divide ratio select for post-divider P0	R/W	0	Table 3

9.7.6 Byte 5:

BIT	BIT NAME	DESCRIPTION/FUNCTION	TYPE	POWER UP CONDITION	REFERENCE TO
7	EN	Chip enable; if 0 chip is in Iddq mode	R/W	1	
6	RES	Reserved	R	1	
5	ENDRV9	YP[9], YN[9] enable; if 0 output is disabled	R/W	1	
4	ENDRV8	YP[8], YN[8] enable; if 0 output is disabled	R/W	1	
3	ENDRV7	YP[7], YN[7] enable; if 0 output is disabled	R/W	1	
2	ENDRV6	YP[6], YN[6] enable; if 0 output is disabled	R/W	1	
1	ENDRV5	YP[5], YN[5] enable; if 0 output is disabled	R/W	1	
0	ENDRV4	YP[4], YN[4] enable; if 0 output is disabled	R/W	1	



9.7.7 Byte 6:

BIT	BIT NAME	DESCRIPTION/FUNCTION	TYPE	POWER UP CONDITION	REFERENCE TO
7	ENDRV3	YP[3], YN[3] enable; if 0 output is disabled	R/W	1	
6	ENDRV2	YP[2], YN[2] enable; if 0 output is disabled	R/W	1	
5	ENDRV1	YP[1], YN[1] enable; if 0 output is disabled	R/W	1	
4	ENDRV0	YP[0], YN[0] enable; if 0 output is disabled	R/W	1	
3	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
2	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
1	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	
0	RES	Reserved	R/W	0	

Table 3. Divide Ratio Settings for Post-Divider P0 or P1

DIVIDE RATIO	SELP1[3] or SELP0[3]	SELP1[2] or SELP0[2]	SELP1[1] or SELP0[1]	SELP1[0] or SELP0[0]	NOTES
1	0	0	0	0	Default
2	0	0	0	1	
4	0	0	1	0	
5	0	0	1	1	
8	0	1	0	0	
10	0	1	0	1	
16	0	1	1	0	
20	0	1	1	1	
32	1	0	0	0	
40	1	0	0	1	
80	1	0	1	0	

Table 4. Phase Settings for Divide Ratio = 5, 10, 20, 40, 80

		WITH	PH0[4:0] = 0000	0		NOTES		
DIVIDE RATIO			PH1			PHASE LEAD (RADIAN)			
iutite	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]	(10.25.01)			
5	Х	Х	х	х	Х	0	Phase setting not available		
10	Х	Х	х	0	Х	0			
	Х	Х	х	1	Х	(2π/2)			
20	Х	Х	0	0	Х	0			
	Х	Х	0	1	Х	(2π/4)			
	Х	Х	1	0	Х	2(2π/4)			
	Х	Х	1	1	Х	3(2π/4)			
40	Х	0	0	0	Х	0			
	Х	0	0	1	Х	(2π/8)			
	Х	0	1	0	Х	2(2π/8)			
	Х	0	1	1	Х	3(2π/8)			
	Х	1	0	0	Х	4(2π/8)			
	Х	1	0	1	Х	5(2π/8)			
	Х	1	1	0	Х	6(2π/8)			
	Х	1	1	1	Х	7(2π/8)			

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		WITH	PH0[4:0] = 0000	0					
DIVIDE RATIO			PH1			PHASE LEAD (RADIAN)	NOTES			
hano	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]					
80	0	0	0	0	Х	0				
	0	0	0	1	Х	(2π/16)				
	0	0	1	0	Х	2(2π/16)				
	0	0	1	1	Х	3(2π/16)				
	0	1	0	0	Х	4(2π/16)				
	0	1	0	1	Х	5(2π/16)				
	0	1	1	0	Х	6(2π/16)				
	0	1	1	1	Х	7(2π/16)				
	1	0	0	0	Х	8(2π/16)				
	1	0	0	1	Х	9(2π/16)				
	1	0	1	0	Х	10(2π/16)				
	1	0	1	1	Х	11(2π/16)				
	1	1	0	0	Х	12(2π/16)				
	1	1	0	1	Х	13(2π/16)				
	1	1	1	0	Х	14(2π/16)				
	1	1	1	1	Х	15(2π/16)				

Table 4. Phase Settings for Divide Ratio = 5, 10, 20, 40, 80 (continued)



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Table 5. Phase Settings for Divide Ratio = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32

	١	NITH P	H0[4:0]] = 000	00						
DIVIDE RATIO			PH1			PHASE LEAD (RADIAN)	NOTES				
	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]	(
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	00000: Default Phase setting not available				
2	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0					
	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	(2π/2)					
4	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0					
	Х	Х	Х	0	1	(2π/4)					
	Х	Х	Х	1	0	2(2π/4)					
	Х	Х	Х	1	1	3(2π/4)					
8	Х	Х	0	0	0	0					
	Х	Х	0	0	1	(2π/8)					
	Х	Х	0	1	0	2(2π/8)					
	Х	Х	0	1	1	3(2π/8)					
	Х	Х	1	0	0	4(2π/8)					
	Х	Х	1	0	1	5(2π/8)					
	Х	Х	1	1	0	6(2π/8)					
	Х	Х	1	1	1	7(2π/8)					
16	Х	0	0	0	0	0					
	Х	0	0	0	1	(2π/16)					
	Х	0	0	1	0	2(2π/16)					
	Х	0	0	1	1	3(2π/16)					
	Х	0	1	0	0	4(2π/16)					
	Х	0	1	0	1	5(2π/16)					
	Х	0	1	1	0	6(2π/16)					
	Х	0	1	1	1	7(2π/16)					
	Х	1	0	0	0	8(2π/16)					
	Х	1	0	0	1	9(2π/16)					
	Х	1	0	1	0	10(2π/16)					
	Х	1	0	1	1	11(2π/16)					
	Х	1	1	0	0	12(2π/16)					
	Х	1	1	0	1	13(2π/16)					
	Х	1	1	1	0	14(2π/16)					
	Х	1	1	1	1	15(2π/16)					

		NITH P	H0[4:0									
DIVIDE			PH1			PHASE LEAD	NOTES					
RATIO	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]	(RADIAN)						
32	0	0	0	0	0	0						
	0	0	0	0	1	(2π/32)						
	0	0	0	1	0	2(2π/32)						
	0	0	0	1	1	3(2π/32)						
	0	0	1	0	0	4(2π/32)						
	0	0	1	0	1	5(2π/32)						
	0	0	1	1	0	6(2π/32)						
	0	0	1	1	1	7(2π/32)						
	0	1	0	0	0	8(2π/32)						
	0	1	0	0	1	9(2π/32)						
	0	1	0	1	0	10(2π/32)						
	0	1	0	1	1	11(2π/32)						
	0	1	1	0	0	12(2π/32)						
	0	1	1	0	1	13(2π/32)						
	0	1	1	1	0	14(2π/32)						
	0	1	1	1	1	15(2π/32)						
	1	0	0	0	0	16(2π/32)						
	1	0	0	0	1	17(2π/32)						
	1	0	0	1	0	18(2π/32)						
	1	0	0	1	1	19(2π/32)						
	1	0	1	0	0	20(2π/32)						
	1	0	1	0	1	21(2π/32)						
	1	0	1	1	0	22(2π/32)						
	1	0	1	1	1	23(2π/32)						
	1	1	0	0	0	24(2π/32)						
	1	1	0	0	1	25(2π/32)						
	1	1	0	1	0	26(2π/32)						
	1	1	0	1	1	27(2π/32)						
	1	1	1	0	0	28(2π/32)						
	1	1	1	0	1	29(2π/32)						
	1	1	1	1	0	30(2π/32)						
	1	1	1	1	1	31(2π/32)						

Table 5. Phase Settings for Divide Ratio = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 (continued)

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10 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

The CDCL1810 is a high-performance buffer that can generate 10 copies of CML clock outputs from a LVDS input. The programmable dividers, P0 and P1, give a high flexibility to the ratio of the output frequency to the input frequency.

10.1.1 Clock Distribution for Multiple TI Keystone DSPs

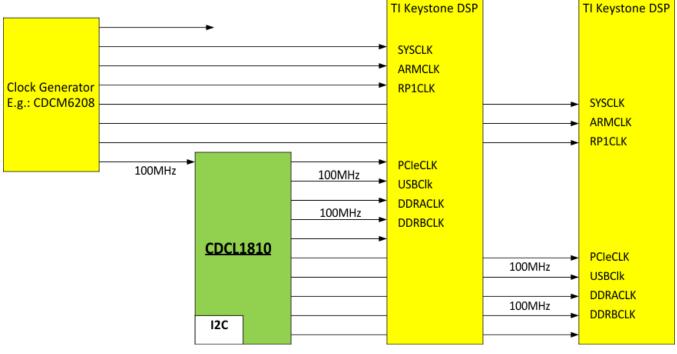


Figure 8. CDCL1810 Application Drawing

10.1.1.1 Design Requirements

A typical application example is multi DSP chip environment. The CDCL1810 is used to buffer the common clocks to the DSP.

10.1.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The CDCL1810 supports output group phase alignment, if a divider gets reprogrammed. The output group phase alignment circuit will disable all outputs after changing a single divider. The outputs are enabled after the phases are aligned. See Figure 9.

If an output gets enabled/disabled, the phase synchronization circuit will ensure that all outputs are in phase. To ensure phase alignment the outputs needs to be disabled for a short time. See Figure 10.



Application Information (continued)

10.1.1.3 Application Curves

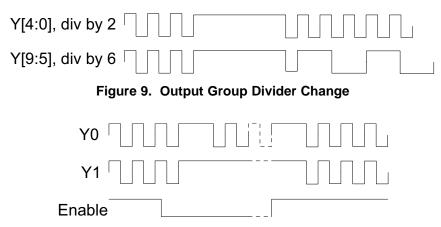


Figure 10. Individual Output Disable/Enable

11 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate from an input voltage supply of 1.8 V for analog supply (AVDD) and core supply (VDD). Both AVDD and VDD can be supplied by a single source.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

- Keep the connections between the bypass capacitors and the power supply on the device as short as possible.
- Ground the other side of the capacitor using a low impedance connection to the ground plane.
- If the capacitors are mounted on the back side, 0402 components can be employed; however, soldering to the Thermal Dissipation Pad can be difficult.
- For component side mounting, use 0201 body size capacitors to facilitate signal routing.

NOTE

The device must be soldered to ground (V_{SS}) using as many ground vias as possible. The device performance will be severely impacted if the exposed thermal pad is not grounded appropriately.



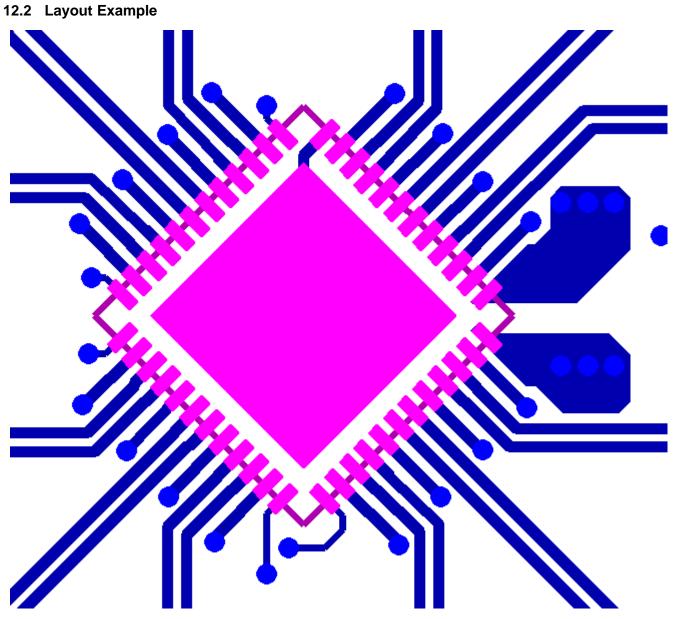


Figure 11. Layout Example: Signal Layer (TOP)



Layout Example (continued)

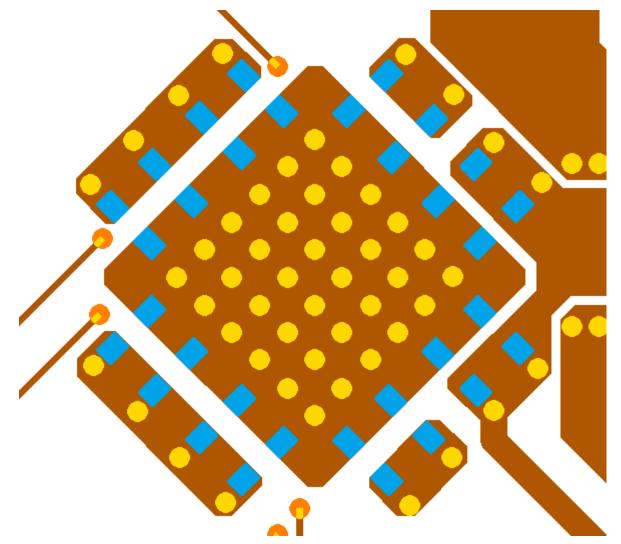


Figure 12. Layout Example: Bottom Layer with Decoupling Capacitors



13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

13.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

13.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



7-Apr-2016

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
CDCL1810RGZR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGZ	48	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	CDCL 1810	Samples
CDCL1810RGZRG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGZ	48	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	CDCL 1810	Samples
CDCL1810RGZT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGZ	48	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	CDCL 1810	Samples
CDCL1810RGZTG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGZ	48	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	CDCL 1810	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.



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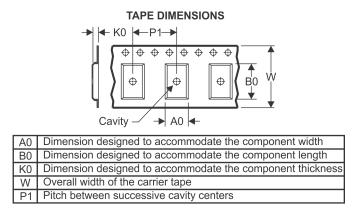
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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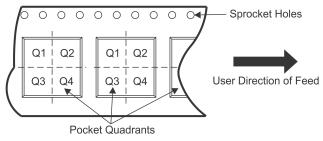
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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are n	ominal											
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
CDCL1810RG	ZR VQFN	RGZ	48	2500	330.0	16.4	7.3	7.3	1.5	12.0	16.0	Q2
CDCL1810RG	ZT VQFN	RGZ	48	250	180.0	16.4	7.3	7.3	1.5	12.0	16.0	Q2

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

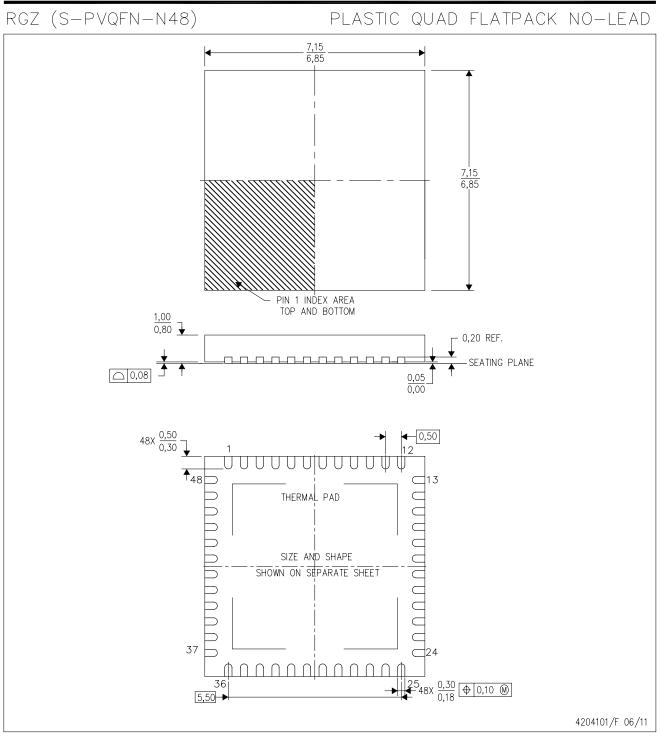
11-Oct-2017



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
CDCL1810RGZR	VQFN	RGZ	48	2500	336.6	336.6	28.6
CDCL1810RGZT	VQFN	RGZ	48	250	213.0	191.0	55.0

MECHANICAL DATA



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Quad Flatpack, No-leads (QFN) package configuration.

D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.

E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.

F. Falls within JEDEC MO-220.



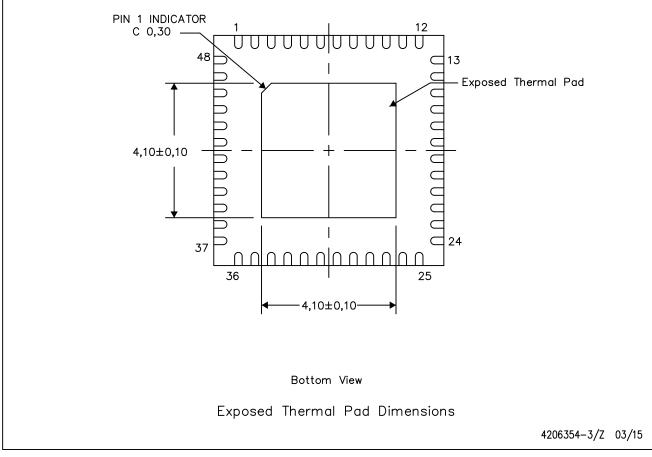
RGZ (S-PVQFN-N48) PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

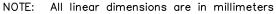
THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

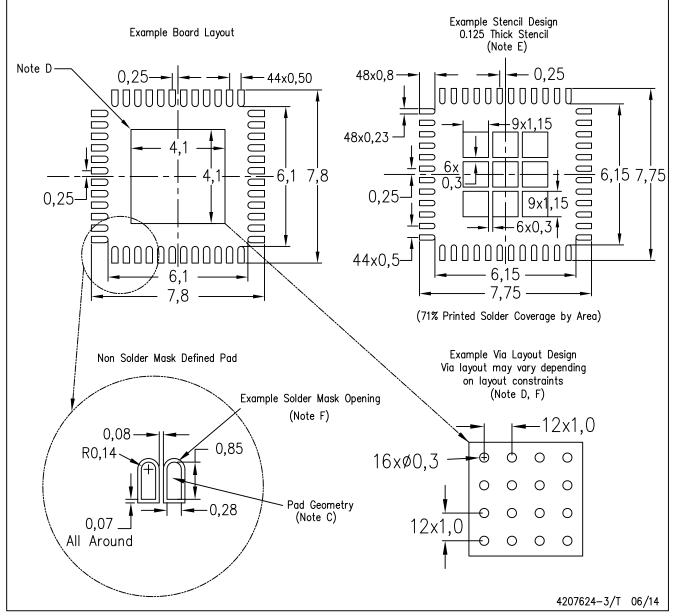






RGZ (S-PVQFN-N48)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for vias placed in the thermal pad.



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