



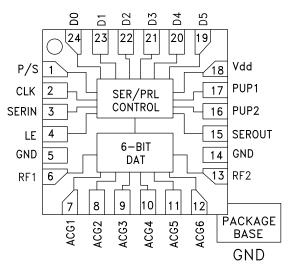
# 0.25 LSB GaAs MMIC 6-BIT DIGITAL ATTENUATOR, DC - 6 GHz

### Typical Applications

The HMC792ALP4E is ideal for:

- Cellular/3G Infrastructure
- WiBro / WiMAX / 4G
- Microwave Radio & VSAT
- Test Equipment and Sensors
- IF & RF Applications

### **Functional Diagram**



#### **Features**

0.25 dB LSB Steps to 15.75 dB

Power-Up State Selection

High Input IP3: +53 dBm

Low Insertion Loss: 1.8 dB @ 2.0 GHz

TTL/CMOS Compatible, Serial, Parallel or Latched Parallel Control

±0.1 dB Typical Step Error

Single +3V or +5V Supply

24 Lead 4x4mm SMT Package: 16mm<sup>2</sup>

### **General Description**

The HMC792ALP4E is a broadband 6-bit GaAs IC Digital Attenuator in a low cost leadless SMT package. This versatile digital attenuator incorporates off-chip AC ground capacitors for near DC operation, making it suitable for a wide variety of RF and IF applications. The dual mode control interface is CMOS/TTL compatible, and accepts either a three wire serial input or a 6 bit parallel word. The HMC792ALP4E also features a user selectable power up state and a serial output port for cascading other Hittite serial controlled components. The HMC792ALP4E is housed in a RoHS compliant 4x4 mm QFN leadless package, and requires no external matching components.

### Electrical Specifications, $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C, Vctl = 0/+Vdd

Parameter	Frequency (GHz)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
- aramotor		Vdd = +3V		Vdd = +5V		Onito			
Insertion Loss	DC - 3.0 GHz 3.0 - 6.0 GHz		1.8 2.3	2.4 4.0		1.8 2.3	2.4 4.0	dB dB	
Attenuation Range	DC - 6.0 GHz		15.75			15.75		dB	
Return Loss (RF1, RF2, All Atten. States)	DC - 6.0 GHz		18			18		dB	
Attenuation Accuracy: (Referenced to Insertion Loss) All Attenuation States	DC - 6.0 GHz	± (0.2 + 3% of Atten. Setting) Max.			dB dB dB dB				
Input Power for 0.1 dB Compression	0.05 - 0.15 GHz 0.15 - 6.0 GHz		22 27			22 31		dBm dBm	
Input Third Order Intercept Point (Two-Tone Input Power= 10 dBm Each Tone)	DC - 6.0 GHz		53			53		dBm	
Switching Characteristics	DC - 6.0 GHz								
tRISE, tFALL (10/90% RF) tON, tOFF (50% CTL to 10/90% RF)			110 150			110 150		ns ns	
Supply Current	DC - 6.0 GHz		2.1			2.2		mA	

# HMC792A\* PRODUCT PAGE QUICK LINKS

Last Content Update: 09/15/2017

# COMPARABLE PARTS 🖳

View a parametric search of comparable parts.

### **EVALUATION KITS**

· HMC792ALP4 Evaluation Board

### **DOCUMENTATION**

#### **Data Sheet**

• HMC792A Data Sheet

# **TOOLS AND SIMULATIONS**

- HMC792ALP4E IBIS Model
- HMC792A S-Parameter

## REFERENCE MATERIALS 🖳

### **Quality Documentation**

Semiconductor Qualification Test Report: PHEMT-J (QTR: 2013-00285)

# **DESIGN RESOURCES**

- HMC792A Material Declaration
- PCN-PDN Information
- · Quality And Reliability
- Symbols and Footprints

### **DISCUSSIONS**

View all HMC792A EngineerZone Discussions.

## SAMPLE AND BUY 🖵

Visit the product page to see pricing options.

## **TECHNICAL SUPPORT**

Submit a technical question or find your regional support number.

### DOCUMENT FEEDBACK 🖳

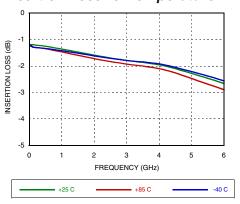
Submit feedback for this data sheet.





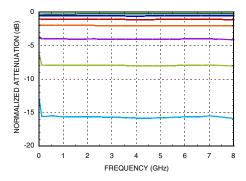
# 0.25 LSB GaAs MMIC 6-BIT DIGITAL ATTENUATOR, DC - 6 GHz

### Insertion Loss vs. Temperature [1]



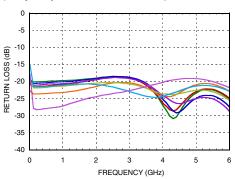
### Normalized Attenuation [1]

(Only Major States are Shown)



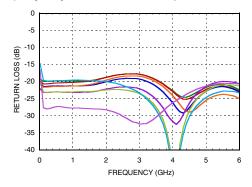
### Input Return Loss [1]

(Only Major States are Shown)

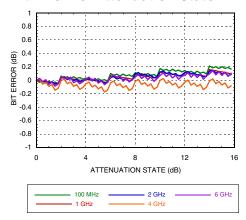


### Output Return Loss [1]

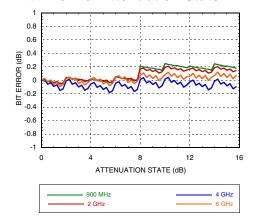
(Only Major States are Shown)



#### Bit Error vs. Attenuation State



### Bit Error vs. Attenuation State [2]



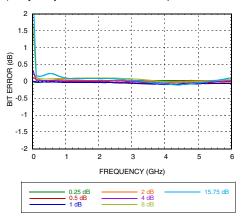
- [1] Data taken with broadband DC blocks on RF ports, Vdd = 5V
- [2] Data taken with ACG capacitors, C4, C5 & C6 removed. See application circuit and note.



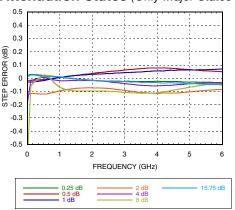


## Bit Error vs. Frequency

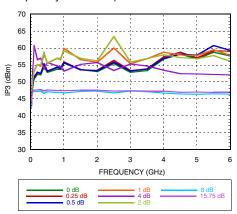
(Only Major States are Shown)



# Worst Case Step Error Between Successive Attenuation States (Only Major States are Shown)

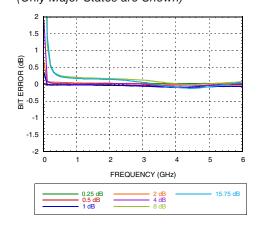


# **Input IP3 at -40 °C** (Major Bit States at Each Frequency is Shown)

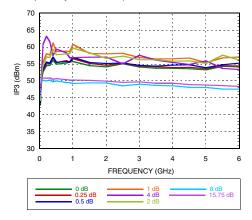


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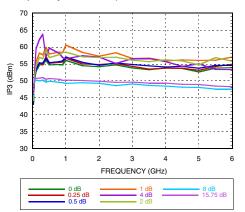
Bit Error vs. Frequency [2] (Only Major States are Shown)



Input IP3 at 25 °C (Major Bit States at Each Frequency is Shown)



Input IP3 at 85 °C (Major Bit States at Each Frequency is Shown)



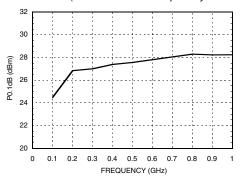
[2] Data taken with ACG capacitors, C4, C5 & C6 removed. See application circuit and note.



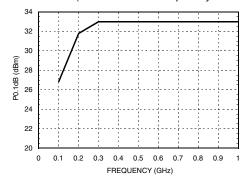


# 0.25 LSB GaAs MMIC 6-BIT DIGITAL ATTENUATOR, DC - 6 GHz

Input Power for 0.1dB Compression @ Vdd = 3V (Detail of Low Frequency Roll-Off)



# Input Power for 0.1dB Compression @ Vdd = 5V (Detail of Low Frequency Roll-Off)

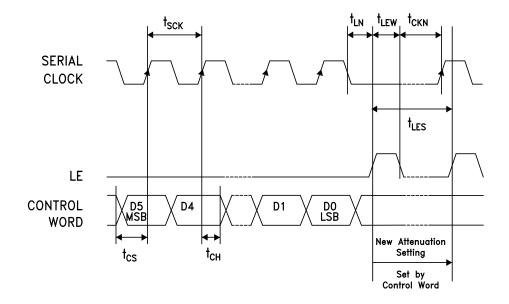


### Serial Control Interface

The HMC792ALP4E contains a 3-wire SPI compatible digital interface (SERIN, CLK, LE). The serial control interface is activated when P/S is kept high. The 6-bit serial word must be loaded MSB first. The positive-edge sensitive CLK and LE requires clean transitions. If mechanical switches are used, sufficient debouncing should be provided. When LE is high, 6-bit data in the serial input register is transferred to the attenuator. When LE is high CLK is masked to prevent data transition during output loading.

When P/S is low, 3-wire SPI interface inputs (SERIN, CLK, LE) are disabled and the input register is loaded with parallel digital inputs (D0-D5). When LE is high, 6-bit parallel data changes the state of the part per truth table.

For all modes of operations, the attenuation state will stay constant while LE is kept low.

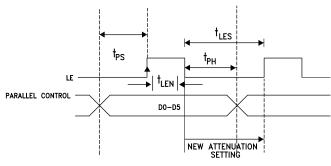






# 0.25 LSB GaAs MMIC 6-BIT DIGITAL ATTENUATOR, DC - 6 GHz

### Timing Diagram (Latched Parallel Mode)



# Parallel Mode (Direct Parallel Mode)

Note: The parallel mode is enabled when P/S is set to low.

**Direct Parallel Mode** - The attenuation state is changed by the control voltage inputs D0-D5 directly. The LE (Latch Enable) must be at a logic high at all times to control the attenuator in this manner.

**Latched Parallel Mode** - The attenuation state is selected using the control voltage inputs D0-D5 and set while the LE is in the Low state. The attenuator will not change state while LE is Low. Once all Control Voltage Inputs are at the desired states the LE is pulsed. See timing diagram above for reference.

### **Power-Up States**

If LE is set to logic LOW at power-up, the logic state of PUP1 and PUP2 determines the power-up state of the part per PUP truth table. If the LE is set to logic HIGH at power-up, the logic state of D0-D5 determines the power-up state of the part per truth table. The attenuator latches in the desired power-up state approximately 200 ms after power-up.

### **Power-On Sequence**

The ideal power-up sequence is: GND, Vdd, digital inputs, RF inputs. The relative order of the digital inputs are not important as long as they are powered after Vdd / GND

### **Control Voltage Table**

State	Vdd = +3V	Vdd = +5V
Low	0 to 0.5V @ <1 μA	0 to 0.8V @ <1 μA
High	2 to 3V @ <1 μA	2 to 5V @ <1 μA

#### Parameter Тур. Min. serial period, tsc 100 ns Control set-up time, t 20 ns Control hold-time, t 20 ns LE setup-time, t,, 10 ns Min. LE pulse width, t 10 ns Min LE pulse spacing, t<sub>LES</sub> 630 ns Serial clock hold-time from LE, t<sub>CKN</sub> Hold Time, t<sub>PH</sub> Latch Enable Minimum Width, t, EN Setup Time, tp. 2 ns

#### **PUP Truth Table**

LE	PUP1	PUP2	Relative Attenuation
0	0	0	-15.75
0	1	0	-12
0	0	1	-8
0	1	1	Insertion Loss
1	Х	Х	0 to -15.75 dB

Note: The logic state of D0 - D5 determines the power-up state per truth table shown below when LE is high at power-up.

#### **Truth Table**

	Reference					
D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Insertion Loss
High	High	High	High	High	High	0 dB
High	High	High	High	High	Low	-0.25 dB
High	High	High	High	Low	High	-0.5 dB
High	High	High	Low	High	High	-1 dB
High	High	Low	High	High	High	-2 dB
High	Low	High	High	High	High	-4 dB
Low	High	High	High	High	High	-8 dB
Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	-15.75 dB

Any combination of the above states will provide an attenuation equal to the sum of the bits selected.





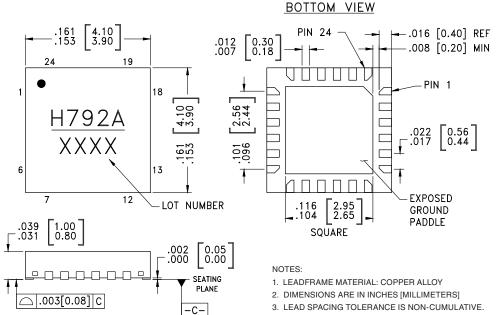
# 0.25 LSB GaAs MMIC 6-BIT **DIGITAL ATTENUATOR, DC - 6 GHz**

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

RF Input Power (DC - 6 GHz)	+29 dBm
Digital Inputs (D0 to D5, P/S, CLK, SERIN, LE, PUP1, PUP2)	-0.5 to Vdd +0.5
Bias Voltage (Vdd)	5.6V
Channel Temperature	150 °C
Continuous Pdiss (T = 85 °C) (derate 9.9 mW/°C above 85 °C) [1]	0.715 W
Thermal Resistance (Channel to package bottom)	90.9 °C/W
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150 °C
Operating Temperature	-40 to +85 °C



### **Outline Drawing**



- 3. LEAD SPACING TOLERANCE IS NON-CUMULATIVE.
- 4. PAD BURR LENGTH SHALL BE 0.15mm MAXIMUM. PAD BURR HEIGHT SHALL BE 0.05mm MAXIMUM.
- 5. PACKAGE WARP SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.05mm.
- 6. ALL GROUND LEADS AND GROUND PADDLE MUST BE SOLDERED TO PCB RF GROUND.
- 7. REFER TO HITTITE APPLICATION NOTE FOR SUGGESTED LAND PATTERN.

### Package Information

Part Number	Package Body Material	Lead Finish	MSL Rating	Package Marking [1]
HMC792ALP4E	RoHS-compliant Low Stress Injection Molded Plastic	100% matte Sn	MSL1 [2]	<u>H792A</u> XXXX

<sup>[1] 4-</sup>Digit lot number XXXX

<sup>[2]</sup> Max peak reflow temperature of 260 °C





# 0.25 LSB GaAs MMIC 6-BIT DIGITAL ATTENUATOR, DC - 6 GHz

### **Pin Descriptions**

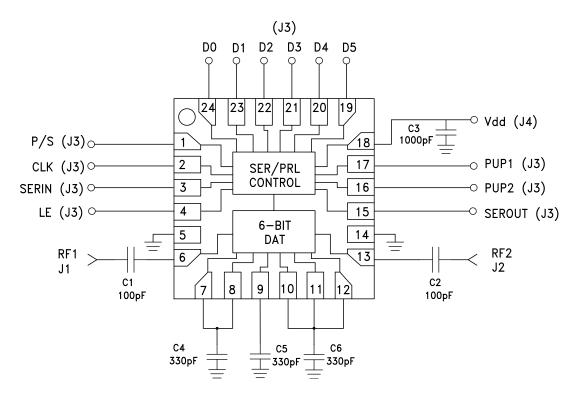
Pin Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	P/S		Vdd
2	CLK	See truth table, control voltage	P/S CLK SERIN
3	SERIN	table and timing diagram.	SERIN LE
4	LE		=
5, 14	GND	These pins and package bottom must be connected to RF/DC ground.	⊖ GND =
6, 13	RF1, RF2	These pins are DC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms. Blocking capacitors are required. Select value based on lowest frequency of operation.	RF1 C
7 - 12	ACG1 - ACG6	External capacitors to ground is required. Select value for lowest frequency of operation. Place capacitor as close to pins as possible.	
15	SEROUT	Serial input data delayed by 6 clock cycles.	Vdd SEROUT
16, 17 19 - 24	PUP2, PUP1  D5, D4, D3, D2, D1, D0	See truth table, control voltage table and timing diagram.	PUP2, PUP1 DO-D5
18	Vdd	Supply voltage	





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### **Application Circuit**



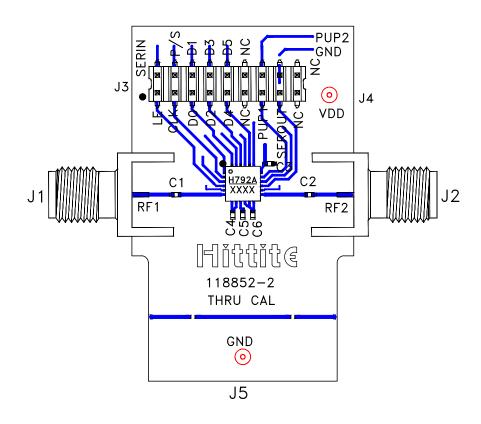
For frequencies less than 700 MHz, the use of ACG capacitors C4, C5 and C6 is recommended. For frequencies greater than 700 MHz, the HMC792ALP4E has similar performance with and without the ACG capacitors.





# 0.25 LSB GaAs MMIC 6-BIT DIGITAL ATTENUATOR, DC - 6 GHz

### **Evaluation PCB**



### List of Materials for Evaluation PCB EV1HMC792ALP4 [1]

Item	Description	
J1, J2	PCB Mount SMA Connector	
J3	18 Pin DC Connector	
J4, J5	DC Pin	
C1, C2	100 pF Capacitor, 0402 Pkg.	
C3	1000 pF Capacitor, 0402 Pkg.	
C4 - C6	330 pF Capacitor, 0402 Pkg.	
U1	HMC792ALP4E Digital Attenuator	
PCB [2]	118852 Evaluation PCB	

<sup>[1]</sup> Reference this number when ordering complete evaluation PCB

The circuit board used in the final application should use RF circuit design techniques. Signal lines should have 50 Ohm impedance while the package ground leads and exposed paddle should be connected directly to the ground plane similar to that shown. A sufficient number of via holes should be used to connect the top and bottom ground planes. The evaluation circuit board shown is available from Hittite upon request.

<sup>[2]</sup> Circuit Board Material: Arlon 25FR or Rogers 4350



ATTENUATORS - DIGITAL - SMT



0.25 LSB GaAs MMIC 6-BIT DIGITAL ATTENUATOR, DC - 6 GHz

Notes: