



SLES228 - DECEMBER 2008

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# STEREO AUDIO CODEC WITH USB INTERFACE, SINGLE-ENDED ANALOG INPUT/OUTPUT, AND S/PDIF

Check for Samples: PCM2903B

# **FEATURES**

- On-Chip USB Interface:
  - With Full-Speed Transceivers
  - Fully Compliant with USB 2.0 Specification
  - Certified by USB-IF
  - Partially Programmable Descriptors <sup>(1)</sup>
  - USB Adaptive Mode for Playback
  - USB Asynchronous Mode for Record
  - Self-Powered
- 16-Bit Delta-Sigma ADC and DAC
- Sampling Rates:
  - DAC: 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
  - ADC: 8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
- **On-Chip Clock Generator With Single 12-MHz Clock Source**
- S/PDIF Input/Output
- Single Power Supply:
  - 3.3 V Typical
- Stereo ADC:
  - Analog Performance at V<sub>CCC</sub> = V<sub>CCP1</sub> = V<sub>CCP2</sub>
    - $= V_{CCX} = V_{DD} = 3.3 V:$
    - THD+N = 0.01%
    - SNR = 89 dB
    - Dynamic Range = 89 dB
  - Decimation Digital Filter:
    - Passband Ripple = ±0.05 dB
    - Stop-Band Attenuation = –65 dB
  - Single-Ended Voltage Input
  - Antialiasing Filter Included
  - Digital HPF Included

(1) The descriptor can be modified by changing a mask.

- Stereo DAC:
- Analog Performance at V<sub>CCC</sub> = V<sub>CCP1</sub> = V<sub>CCP2</sub>  $= V_{CCX} = V_{DD} = 3.3 V:$ 
  - THD+N = 0.005%
  - SNR = 96 dB
  - Dynamic Range = 93 dB
- Oversampling Digital Filter:
  - Passband Ripple = ±0.1 dB
  - Stop-Band Attenuation = -43 dB
- Single-Ended Voltage Output
- Analog LPF Included
- **Multifunctions:** 
  - Human Interface Device (HID) Function: Volume and and Mute Controls
  - Suspend Flag Function
- 28-Pin SSOP Package

# APPLICATIONS

- **USB Audio Speaker**
- **USB Headset**
- **USB Monitor**
- USB Audio Interface Box

## DESCRIPTION

The PCM2903B is Texas Instruments' single-chip, USB, stereo audio codec with a USB-compliant fullspeed protocol controller and S/PDIF. The USB protocol controller requires no software code, but the USB descriptors can be modified in some areas (for example, vendor ID and/or product ID). The PCM2903B employs SpAct™ architecture, TI's unique system that recovers the audio clock from USB packet data. On-chip analog PLLs with SpAct enable playback and record with low clock jitter as well as independent playback and record sampling rates.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet. SpAct is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

System Two, Audio Precision are trademarks of Audio Precision, Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.



#### SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

| PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION <sup>(1)</sup> |              |                       |                                   |                    |                    |                                 |  |  |  |
|---|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| PRODUCT                                     | PACKAGE-LEAD | PACKAGE<br>DESIGNATOR | SPECIFIED<br>TEMPERATURE<br>RANGE | PACKAGE<br>MARKING | ORDERING<br>NUMBER | TRANSPORT<br>MEDIA,<br>QUANTITY |  |  |  |
|   |              |                       |                                   |                    | PCM2903BDB         | Rails, 47                       |  |  |  |
| PCM2903BDB                                  | SSOP-28      | DB                    | –25°C to 85°C                     | PCM2903B           | PCM2903BDBR        | Tape and Reel,<br>2000          |  |  |  |

# (1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>**

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted).

|                                  | PARAMETER  | PCM2903B                             | UNIT |
|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|------|
| Supply voltage, V <sub>CC0</sub> | C, V <sub>CCP1</sub> , V <sub>CCP2</sub> , V <sub>CCX</sub> , V <sub>DD</sub>                        | -0.3 to 4                            | V    |
| Supply voltage differ            | ences, V <sub>CCC</sub> , V <sub>CCP1</sub> , V <sub>CCP2</sub> , V <sub>CCX</sub> , V <sub>DD</sub> | ±0.1                                 | V    |
| Ground voltage diffe             | rences, AGNDC, AGNDP, AGNDX, DGND, DGNDU   | ±0.1                                 | V    |
| Digital input values             | SEL0, SEL1, DIN  | -0.3 to 6.5                          | V    |
| Digital input voltage            | D+, D–, HID0, HID1, HID2, XTI, XTO, DOUT, SSPND  | –0.3 to (V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3) < 4  | V    |
| Analog input voltage             | V <sub>IN</sub> L, V <sub>IN</sub> R, V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> R, V <sub>OUT</sub> L      | –0.3 to (V <sub>CCC</sub> + 0.3) < 4 | V    |
| Input current (any pi            | ns except supplies)  | ±10                                  | mA   |
| Ambient temperature              | e under bias   | -40 to +125                          | °C   |
| Storage temperature              | e, T <sub>stg</sub>  | -55 to +150                          | °C   |
| Junction temperature             | e T <sub>J</sub>   | +150                                 | °C   |
| Lead temperature (s              | oldering, 5s)  | +260                                 | °C   |
| Package temperatur               | e (IR reflow, peak)  | +250                                 | °C   |

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

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## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

|                 |                              |                              |                                    | PC                  | CM2903B            |              | 1    |
|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------|------|
|                 | PARAME                       | TER                          | TEST CONDITIONS                    | MIN                 | TYP                | MAX          | UNIT |
| DIGIT           | AL INPUT/OUTPUT              |                              |                                    |                     |                    |              |      |
|                 | Host interface               |                              | Apply USB Revision 2.0, full speed |                     |                    |              |      |
|                 | Audio data format            |                              | USB isochronous data format        |                     |                    |              |      |
| INPUT           | LOGIC                        |                              |                                    |                     |                    |              |      |
|                 |                              | D+, D–                       |                                    | 2                   |                    | $V_{DD}$     |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub> | High-level input             | XTI, HID0, HID1, and<br>HID2 |                                    | 0.7 V <sub>DD</sub> |                    | $V_{DD}$     | VDC  |
|                 | voltage                      | SEL0, SEL1                   |                                    | 2                   |                    | 5.25         |      |
|                 |                              | DIN                          |                                    | 0.7 V <sub>DD</sub> |                    | 5.25         |      |
|                 |                              | D+, D–                       |                                    |                     |                    | 0.8          |      |
| VIL             | Low-level input              | XTI, HID0, HID1, and<br>HID2 |                                    |                     |                    | $0.3 V_{DD}$ | VDC  |
|                 | voltage                      | SEL0, SEL1                   |                                    |                     |                    | 0.8          |      |
|                 |                              | DIN                          |                                    |                     | 0.3 V <sub>D</sub> |              |      |
|                 | High-level input             | D+, D–, XTI, SEL0,<br>SEL1   | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V            |                     |                    | ±10          | μA   |
| IIH             | current                      | HID0, HID1, and HID2         | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V            |                     | 50                 | 80           |      |
|                 |                              | DIN                          | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V            |                     | 65                 | 100          |      |
|                 | Low-level input              | D+, D–, XTI, SEL0,<br>SEL1   | $V_{IN} = 0 V$                     |                     |                    | ±10          |      |
| IIL             | current                      | HID0, HID1, and HID2         | $V_{IN} = 0 V$                     |                     |                    | ±10          | μA   |
|                 |                              | DIN                          | $V_{IN} = 0 V$                     |                     |                    | ±10          |      |
| OUTP            | UT LOGIC                     |                              |                                    |                     |                    |              |      |
|                 |                              | D+, D–                       |                                    | 2.8                 |                    |              |      |
| V <sub>OH</sub> | High-level output<br>voltage | DOUT                         | $I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$           | 2.8                 |                    |              | VDC  |
|                 |                              | SSPND                        | $I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$           | 2.8                 |                    |              |      |
|                 |                              | D+, D–                       |                                    |                     |                    | 0.3          |      |
| V <sub>OL</sub> | Low-level output<br>voltage  | DOUT                         | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA             |                     |                    | 0.5          | VDC  |
|                 |                              | SSPND                        | I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA             |                     |                    | 0.5          |      |
| CLOC            | K FREQUENCY                  |                              |                                    | T                   |                    |              |      |
|                 | Input clock freque           | ncy, XTI                     |                                    | 11.994              | 12                 | 12.006       | MHz  |



#### SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

All specifications at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{DD} = 3.3$  V,  $f_S = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

|                |                                       |                           | P                    | CM2903B                 |                      |                 |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
|                | PARAMETER                             | TEST CONDITIONS           | MIN                  | TYP                     | MAX                  | UNIT            |
| ADC CH         | IARACTERISTICS                        |                           |                      |                         |                      |                 |
|                | Resolution                            |                           |                      | 8, 16                   |                      | Bits            |
|                | Audio data channel                    |                           |                      | 1, 2                    |                      | Channe          |
| ADC Clo        | ock Frequency                         |                           |                      |                         |                      |                 |
| f <sub>S</sub> | Sampling frequencies                  |                           | 8, 11.025, 16        | , 22.05, 32, 4          | 44.1, 48             | kHz             |
| ADC DC         | Accuracy                              |                           |                      |                         |                      |                 |
|                | Gain mismatch, channel-to-channel     |                           |                      | ±1                      | ±5                   | % of<br>FSR     |
|                | Gain error                            |                           |                      | ±2                      | ±10                  | % of<br>FSR     |
|                | Bipolar zero error                    |                           |                      | ±0                      |                      | % of<br>FSR     |
| ADC Dy         | namic Performance <sup>(1)</sup>      |                           |                      |                         |                      |                 |
|                | Total harmonic distantian plus pairs  | $V_{IN} = -1 \text{ dB}$  |                      | 0.01                    | 0.02                 | %               |
| THD+N          | Total harmonic distortion plus noise  | $V_{IN} = -60 \text{ dB}$ |                      | 5                       |                      | %               |
|                | Dynamic range                         | A-weighted                | 81                   | 89                      |                      | dB              |
| SNR            | Signal-to-noise ratio                 | A-weighted                | 81                   | 89                      |                      | dB              |
|                | Channel separation                    |                           | 80                   | 85                      |                      | dB              |
| Analog         | Input                                 |                           |                      |                         |                      |                 |
|                | Input voltage                         |                           |                      | 0.6 V <sub>CCC</sub>    |                      | V <sub>PP</sub> |
|                | Center voltage                        |                           |                      | 0.5 V <sub>CCC</sub>    |                      | V               |
|                | Input impedance                       |                           |                      | 30                      |                      | kΩ              |
|                | Antiplicing filter frequency reasons  | –3 dB                     |                      | 150                     |                      | kHz             |
|                | Antialising filter frequency response | f <sub>IN</sub> = 20 kHz  |                      | -0.08                   |                      | dB              |
| ADC Dig        | gital Filter Performance              |                           |                      |                         |                      |                 |
|                | Passband                              |                           |                      |                         | 0.454 f <sub>S</sub> | Hz              |
|                | Stop band                             |                           | 0.583 f <sub>S</sub> |                         |                      | Hz              |
|                | Passband ripple                       |                           |                      |                         | ±0.05                | dB              |
|                | Stop-band attenuation                 |                           | -65                  |                         |                      | dB              |
| t <sub>d</sub> | Delay time                            |                           |                      | 17.4/f <sub>S</sub>     |                      | S               |
|                | HPF frequency response                | –3 dB                     | 0.0                  | 78 f <sub>S</sub> /1000 |                      | Hz              |

(1) f<sub>IN</sub> = 1 kHz, using a System Two<sup>™</sup> audio measurement system by Audio Precision<sup>™</sup> in RMS mode with a 20-kHz LPF and 400-Hz HPF in the calculation.



SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

All specifications at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{DD} = 3.3$  V,  $f_S = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

|   |                                      |                             | F                    | PCM2903B             |                      |                 |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
|   | PARAMETER                            | TEST CONDITIONS             | MIN                  | TYP                  | MAX                  | UNIT            |
| DAC CH  | ARACTERISTICS                        |                             |                      |                      |                      |                 |
|   | Resolution                           |                             |                      | 8, 16                |                      | Bits            |
|   | Audio data channel                   |                             |                      | 1, 2                 |                      | Channel         |
| DAC Clo   | ock Frequency                        |                             |                      |                      |                      |                 |
| f <sub>S</sub>  | Sampling frequencies                 |                             | 3                    | 32, 44.1, 48         |                      | kHz             |
| DAC DC  | Accuracy                             |                             |                      |                      |                      |                 |
|   | Gain mismatch channel-to-channel     |                             |                      | ±1                   | ±5                   | % of<br>FSR     |
|   | Gain error                           |                             |                      | ±2                   | ±10                  | % of<br>FSR     |
|   | Bipolar zero error                   |                             |                      | <u>+2</u>            |                      | % of<br>FSR     |
| DAC Dy  | namic Performance <sup>(2)</sup>     |                             |                      |                      |                      |                 |
| THD+N   | Total harmonic distortion plus noise | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 dB     |                      | 0.005                | 0.016                | %               |
|   |                                      | $V_{OUT} = -60 \text{ dB}$  |                      | 3                    |                      | %               |
|   | Dynamic range                        | EIAJ, A-weighted            | 87                   | 93                   |                      | dB              |
| SNR   | Signal-to-noise ratio                | EIAJ, A-weighted            | 90                   | 96                   |                      | dB              |
|   | Channel separation                   |                             | 86                   | 92                   |                      | dB              |
| Analog  | Output                               |                             |                      |                      |                      |                 |
| Vo  | Output voltage                       |                             |                      | 0.6 V <sub>CCC</sub> |                      | V <sub>PP</sub> |
|   | Center voltage                       |                             |                      | $0.5 V_{CCC}$        |                      | V               |
|   | Load impedance                       | AC coupling                 | 10                   |                      |                      | kΩ              |
|   |                                      | –3 dB                       |                      | 250                  |                      | kHz             |
|   | LPF frequency response               | f = 20 kHz                  |                      | -0.03                |                      | dB              |
| DAC Dig   | jital Filter Performance             |                             |                      |                      |                      |                 |
|   | Passband                             |                             |                      |                      | 0.445 f <sub>S</sub> | Hz              |
|   | Stop band                            |                             | 0.555 f <sub>S</sub> |                      |                      | Hz              |
|   | Passband ripple                      |                             |                      |                      | ±0.1                 | dB              |
|   | Stop-band attenuation                |                             | -43                  |                      |                      | dB              |
| t <sub>d</sub>  | Delay time                           |                             |                      | 14.3/f <sub>S</sub>  |                      | S               |
| POWER   | -SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS                 |                             | L                    |                      |                      |                 |
| V <sub>DD</sub> ,<br>V <sub>CCC</sub> ,<br>V <sub>CCP1</sub> ,<br>V <sub>CCP2</sub> ,<br>V <sub>CCX</sub> | Voltage range                        |                             | 3                    | 3.3                  | 3.6                  | VDC             |
|   | Supply surrent                       | ADC, DAC operation          |                      | 54                   | 70                   | mA              |
|   | Supply current                       | Suspend mode <sup>(3)</sup> |                      | 250                  |                      | μA              |
| P   | Device disation                      | ADC, DAC operation          |                      | 178                  | 252                  | mW              |
| PD  | Power dissipation                    | Suspend mode <sup>(3)</sup> |                      | 0.83                 |                      | mW              |
| TEMPER  | RATURE RANGE                         |                             |                      |                      |                      | •               |
|   | Operating temperature range          |                             | -25                  |                      | +85                  | °C              |
| $\theta_{JA}$   | Thermal resistance                   |                             |                      | 100                  |                      | °C/W            |

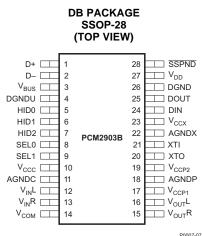
(2) f<sub>OUT</sub> = 1 kHz, using a System Two audio measurement system by Audio Precision in RMS mode with a 20-kHz LPF and 400-Hz HPF.
 (3) Under USB suspend state.

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#### PIN ASSIGNMENTS



1 0001 01

### Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

| TERMINAL           |    |     |   |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|---|--|--|--|--|
| NAME NO.           |    | I/O | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |  |  |
| AGNDC              | 11 | -   | Analog ground for codec                                       |  |  |  |  |
| AGNDP              | 18 | -   | Analog ground for PLL   |  |  |  |  |
| AGNDX              | 22 | -   | alog ground for oscillator                                    |  |  |  |  |
| D-                 | 2  | I/O | 3 differential input/output minus <sup>(1)</sup>              |  |  |  |  |
| D+                 | 1  | I/O | USB differential input/output plus <sup>(1)</sup>             |  |  |  |  |
| DGND               | 26 | -   | Digital ground  |  |  |  |  |
| DGNDU              | 4  | -   | Digital ground for USB transceiver                            |  |  |  |  |
| DIN                | 24 | I   | S/PDIF input <sup>(2)</sup>                                   |  |  |  |  |
| DOUT               | 25 | 0   | S/PDIF output   |  |  |  |  |
| HID0               | 5  | I   | HID key state input (mute), active-high <sup>(3)</sup>        |  |  |  |  |
| HID1               | 6  | I   | HID key state input (volume up), active-high <sup>(3)</sup>   |  |  |  |  |
| HID2               | 7  | I   | HID key state input (volume down), active-high <sup>(3)</sup> |  |  |  |  |
| SEL0               | 8  | I   | Must be set to high <sup>(4)</sup>                            |  |  |  |  |
| SEL1               | 9  | I   | Connected to the USB port of $V_{BUS}$ <sup>(4)</sup>         |  |  |  |  |
| SSPND              | 28 | 0   | Suspend flag, active-low (Low: suspend, High: operational)    |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>BUS</sub>   | 3  | _   | Must be connected to V <sub>DD</sub>                          |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>CCC</sub>   | 10 | -   | Analog power supply for codec <sup>(5)</sup>                  |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>CCP1</sub>  | 17 | _   | Analog power supply for PLL <sup>(5)</sup>                    |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>CCP2</sub>  | 19 | -   | Analog power supply for PLL <sup>(5)</sup>                    |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>CCX</sub>   | 23 | -   | Analog power supply for oscillator <sup>(5)</sup>             |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>COM</sub>   | 14 | -   | Common for ADC/DAC (V <sub>CCC</sub> /2) <sup>(5)</sup>       |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>DD</sub>    | 27 | -   | Digital power supply <sup>(5)</sup>                           |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>IN</sub> L  | 12 | I   | ADC analog input for L-channel                                |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>IN</sub> R  | 13 | I   | ADC analog input for R-channel                                |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>OUT</sub> L | 16 | 0   | DAC analog output for L-channel                               |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>OUT</sub> R | 15 | 0   | DAC analog output for R-channel                               |  |  |  |  |
| XTI                | 21 | 1   | Crystal oscillator input <sup>(6)</sup>                       |  |  |  |  |

(1) LV-TTL level.

(2) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown, 5-V tolerant.

(3) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which have no direct connection with the internal DAC or ADC. See the *Interface #3* and *End-Points* sections.
 (4) TTL Schmitt trigger, 5-V tolerant.

(5) Connect a decoupling capacitor to GND.

(6) 3.3-V CMOS-level input.

6 Submit Documentation Feedback

# Not Recommended for New Designs



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Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS (continued)

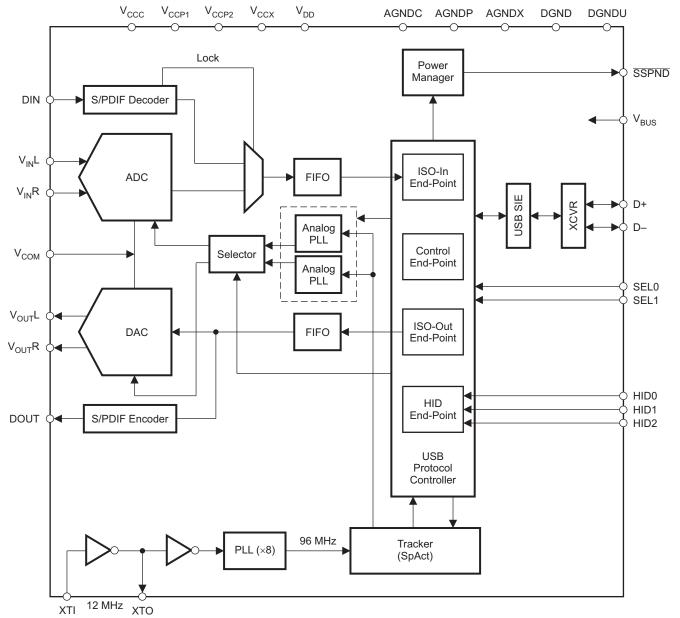
| TERN | IINAL |     |                           |
|------|-------|-----|---------------------------|
| NAME | NO.   | I/O | DESCRIPTION               |
| ХТО  | 20    | 0   | Crystal oscillator output |

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## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

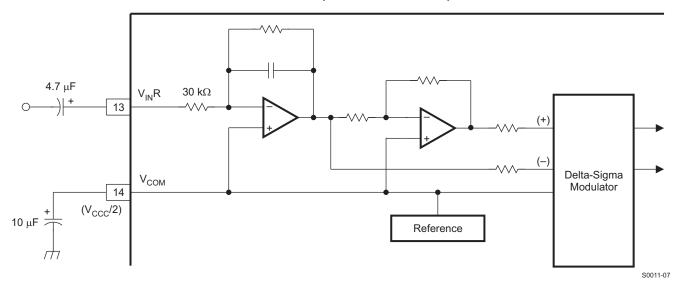


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SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

## **BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ANALOG FRONT-END (RIGHT CHANNEL)**



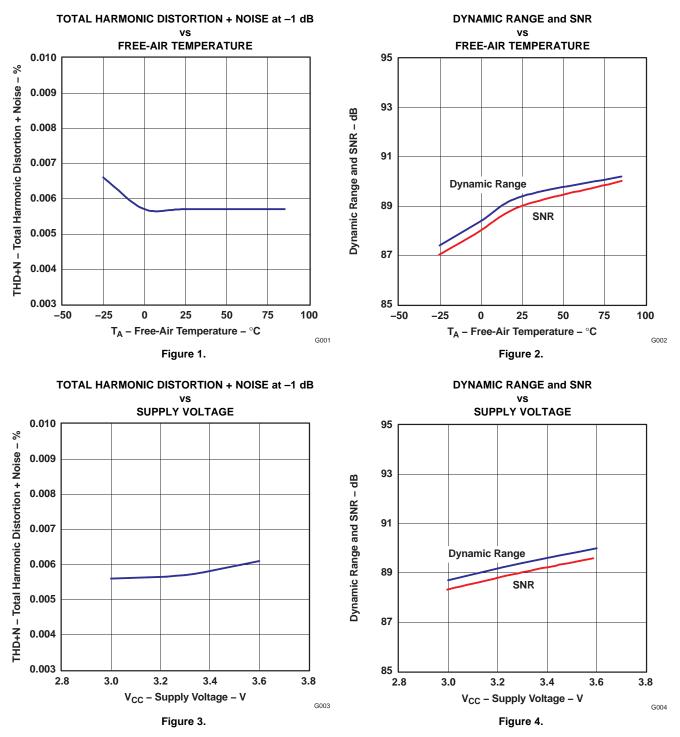
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## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC**



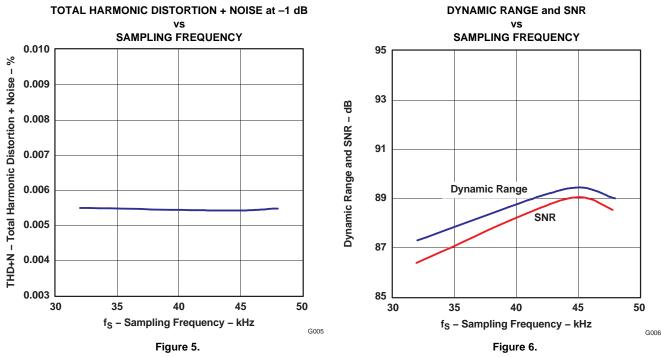


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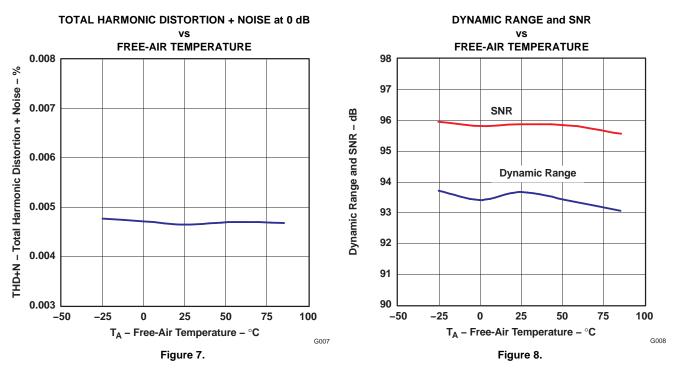
# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC (continued)**

All specifications at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC

All specifications at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



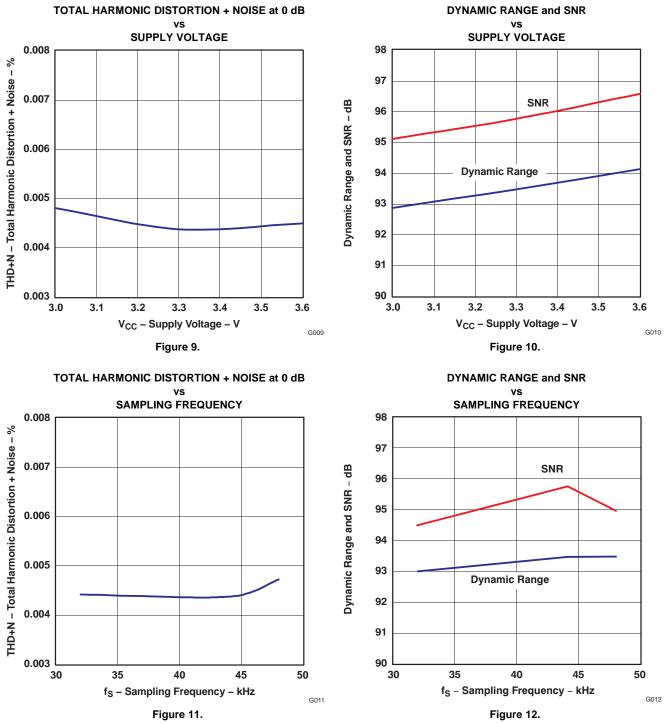
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## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC (continued)**



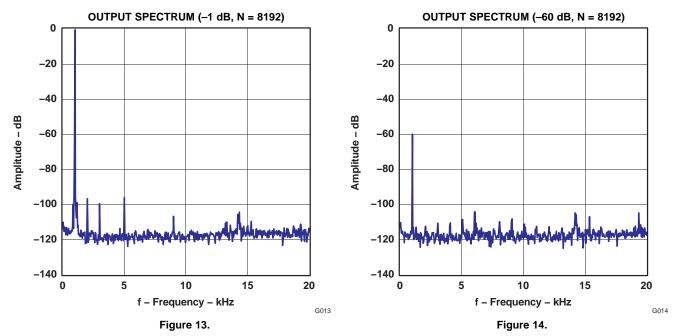




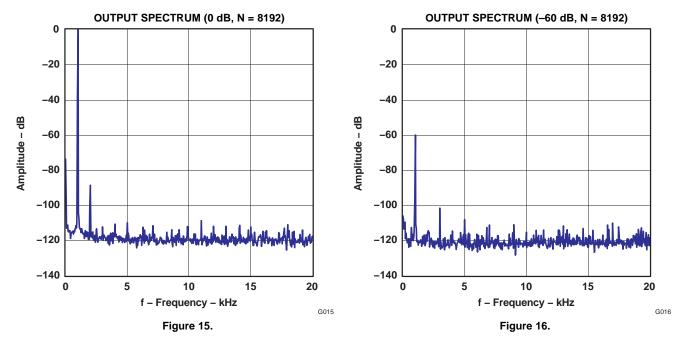
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# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC OUTPUT SPECTRUM

All specifications at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



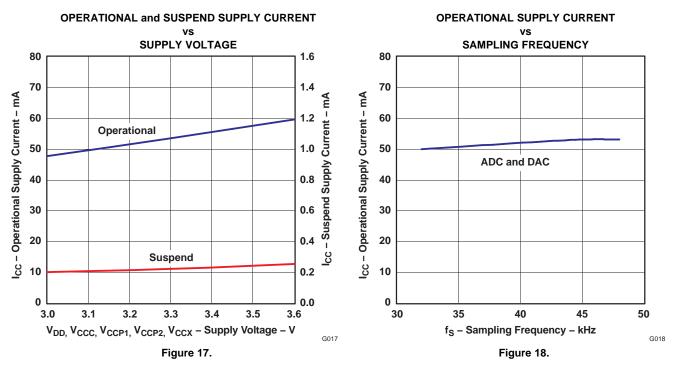
### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC OUTPUT SPECTRUM**





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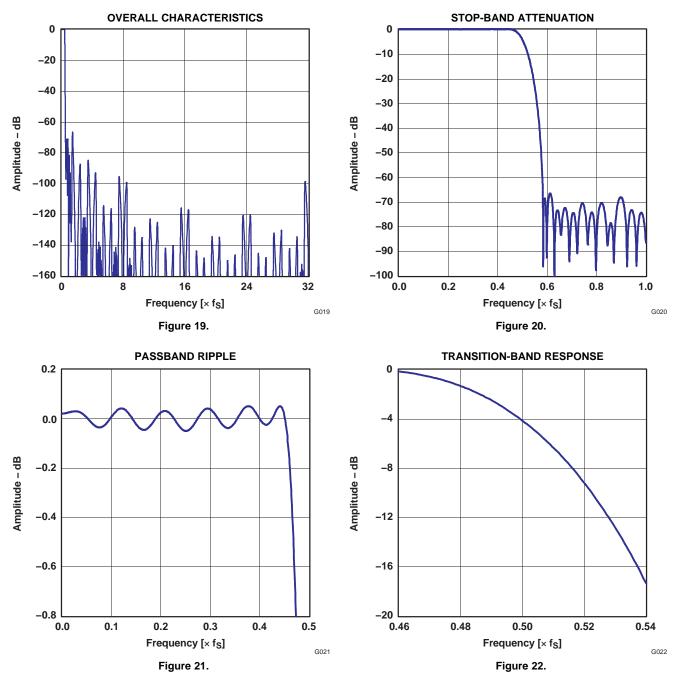
# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: SUPPLY CURRENT**





SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC DIGITAL DECIMATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

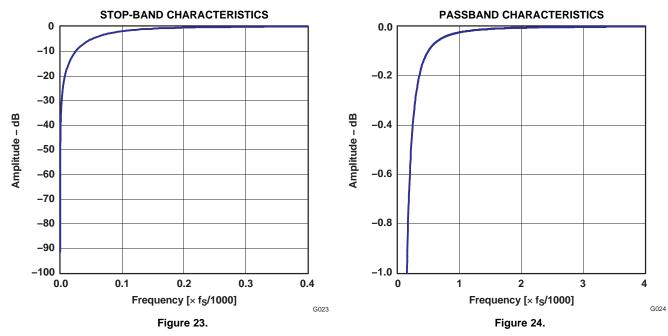




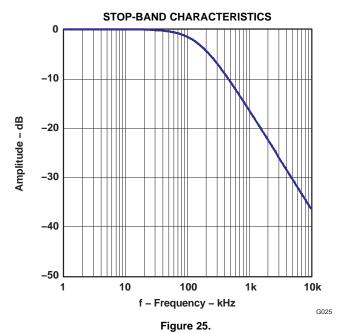
#### SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

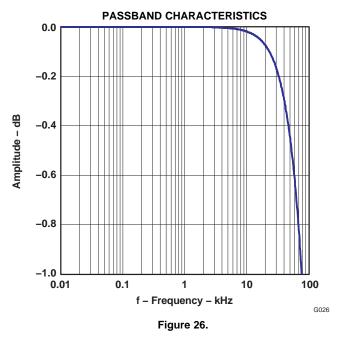
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC DIGITAL HIGH-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC ANALOG ANTIALIASING FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





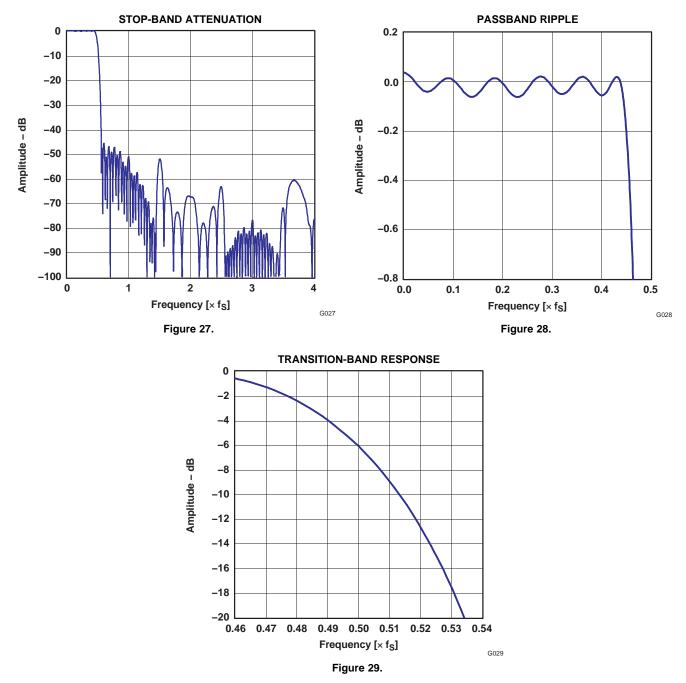
#### Not Recommended for New Designs



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### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC DIGITAL INTERPOLATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

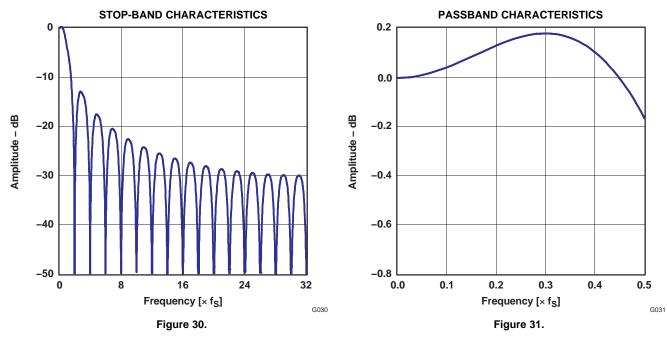




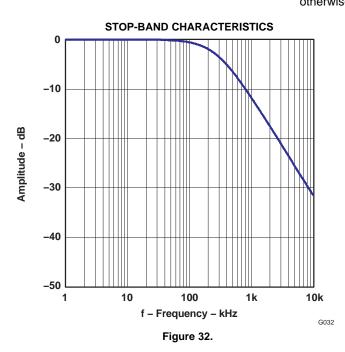
#### SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

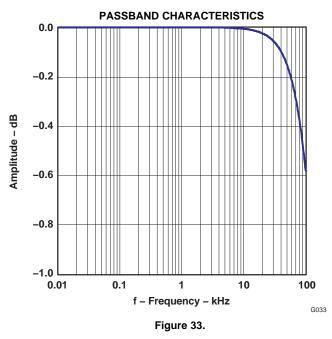
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC ANALOG FIR FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC ANALOG LOW-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE** All specifications at $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ , $f_s = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$ , $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.







## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

## **USB INTERFACE**

Control data and audio data are transferred to the PCM2903B via D+ (pin 1) and D- (pin 2). All data to/from the PCM2903B are transferred at full speed. The device descriptor contains the information described in Table 2. The device descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative for details.

**Table 2. Device Descriptor** 

| USB revision                    | 2.0 compliant                           |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Device class                    | 0x00 (device-defined interface level)   |  |  |  |  |
| Device subclass                 | 0x00 (not specified)                    |  |  |  |  |
| Device protocol                 | 0x00 (not specified)                    |  |  |  |  |
| Max packet size for end-point 0 | 8 bytes                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Vendor ID                       | 0x08BB (default value, can be modified) |  |  |  |  |
| Product ID                      | 0x29B3 (default value, can be modified) |  |  |  |  |
| Device release number           | 1.0 (0x0100)                            |  |  |  |  |
| Number of configurations        | 1                                       |  |  |  |  |
| Vendor strings                  | String #1 (see Table 4)                 |  |  |  |  |
| Product strings                 | String #2 (see Table 4)                 |  |  |  |  |
| Serial number                   | Not supported                           |  |  |  |  |

The configuration descriptor contains the information described in Table 3. The configuration descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative for details.

#### **Table 3. Configuration Descriptor**

| Interface       | Four interfaces                             |  |  |
|-----------------|---|--|--|
| Power attribute | 0xC0 (Self-powered, no remote wakeup)       |  |  |
| Maximum power   | 0x0A (20 mA. Default value, can be modified |  |  |

The string descriptor contains the information described in Table 4. The string descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative for details.

### **Table 4. String Descriptor**

| #0 | 0x0409  |
|----|---|
| #1 | Burr-Brown from TI (default value, can be modified) |
| #2 | USB Audio CODEC (default value, can be modified)    |



#### SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

#### **DEVICE CONFIGURATON**

Figure 34 illustrates the USB audio function topology. The PCM2903B has four interfaces. Each interface consists of alternative settings.

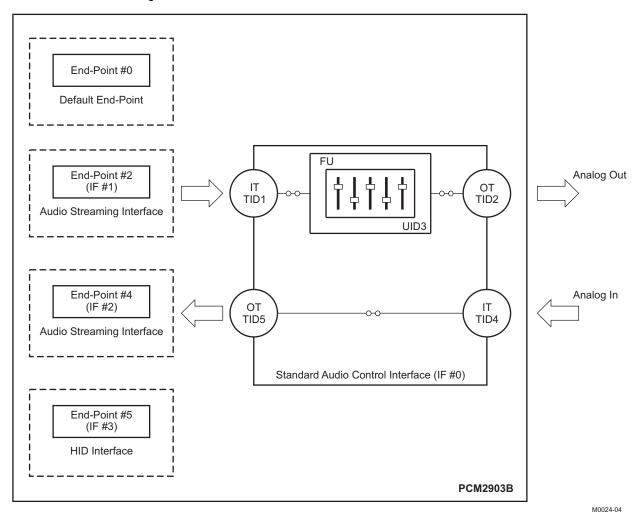


Figure 34. USB Audio Function Topology



### Interface #0

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Interface #0 is the control interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #0. Alternative setting #0 describes the standard audio control interface. The audio control interface consists of a single terminal. The PCM2903B has the following five terminals:

- Input terminal (IT #1) for isochronous-out stream
- Output terminal (OT #2) for audio analog output
- Feature unit (FU #3) for DAC digital attenuator
- Input terminal (IT #4) for audio analog input
- Output terminal (OT #5) for isochronous-in stream

Input terminal #1 is defined as *USB stream* (terminal type 0x0101). Input terminal #1 can accept two-channel audio streams consisting of left and right channels. Output terminal #2 is defined as a *speaker* (terminal type 0x0301). Input terminal #4 is defined as a *microphone* (terminal type 0x0201). Output terminal #5 is defined as a *USB stream* (terminal type 0x0101). Output terminal #5 can generate two-channel audio streams composed of left and right channel data. Feature unit #3 supports the following sound control features:

- Volume control
- Mute control

The built-in digital volume controller can be manipulated by an audio class specific request from 0 dB to -64 dB in 1-dB steps. Changes are made by incrementing or decrementing by one step (1 dB) for every  $1/f_S$  time interval until the volume level has reached the requested value. Each channel can be set for different values. The master volume control is not supported. A request to the master volume is stalled and ignored. The built-in digital mute controller can be manipulated by audio class-specific request. A master mute control request is acceptable. A request to an individual channel is stalled and ignored.

#### Interface #1

Interface #1 is the audio streaming data-out interface. Interface #1 has the five alternative settings described in Table 5. Alternative setting #0 is the zero-bandwidth setting.

| ALTERNATIVE<br>SETTING |        | DA             | TA FORMAT             | TRANSFER<br>MODE | SAMPLING RATE<br>(kHz) |
|------------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| 00                     |        | Zero bandwidth |                       |                  |                        |
| 01                     | 16-bit | Stereo         | Twos complement (PCM) | Adaptive         | 32, 44.1, 48           |
| 02                     | 16-bit | Mono           | Twos complement (PCM) | Adaptive         | 32, 44.1, 48           |
| 03                     | 8-bit  | Stereo         | Twos complement (PCM) | Adaptive         | 32, 44.1, 48           |
| 04                     | 8-bit  | Mono           | Twos complement (PCM) | Adaptive         | 32, 44.1, 48           |

#### Table 5. Interface #1 Alternative Settings



#### SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

#### Interface #2

Interface #2 is the audio streaming data-in interface. Interface #2 has the 19 alternative settings described in Table 6. Alternative setting #0 is the zero-bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

| ALTERNATIVE<br>SETTING |        | DAT    | A FORMAT              | TRANSFER<br>MODE | SAMPLING RATE<br>(kHz) |
|------------------------|--------|--------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| 00                     |        |        | Zero bandwidth        | -!               | +                      |
| 01                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 48                     |
| 02                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 48                     |
| 03                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 44.1                   |
| 04                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 44.1                   |
| 05                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 32                     |
| 06                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 32                     |
| 07                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 22.05                  |
| 08                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 22.05                  |
| 09                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 16                     |
| 0A                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 16                     |
| 0B                     | 8-bit  | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 16                     |
| 0C                     | 8-bit  | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 16                     |
| 0D                     | 8-bit  | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 8                      |
| 0E                     | 8-bit  | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 8                      |
| 0F                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous      | 11.025                 |
| 10                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous      | 11.025                 |
| 11                     | 8-bit  | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous      | 11.025                 |
| 12                     | 8-bit  | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous      | 11.025                 |

#### Table 6. Interface #2 Alternative Settings

#### Interface #3

Interface #3 is the interrupt data-in interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #3. Interface #3 consists of the HID consumer control device and reports the status of these three key parameters:

- Mute (0xE209)
- Volume up (0xE909)
- Volume down (0xEA09)

#### **End-Points**

The PCM2903B has the following four end-points:

- Control end-point (EP #0)
- Isochronous-out audio data stream end-point (EP #2)
- Isochronous-in audio data stream end-point (EP #4)
- HID end-point (EP #5)

The control end-point is a default end-point. The control end-point is used to control all functions of the PCM2903B by the standard USB request and an USB audio class specific request from the host. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point is an audio sink end-point, which receives the PCM audio data. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point accepts the adaptive transfer mode. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point that transmits the PCM audio data. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point uses asynchronous transfer mode. The HID end-point is an interrupt-in end-point. HID end-point reports HID0, HID1, and HID2 pin status every 32 ms.

The human interface device (HID) pins are defined as consumer control devices. The HID function is designed as an independent end-point from both isochronous-in and -out end-points. Therefore, the result obtained from the HID operation depends on the host software. Typically, the HID function is used as the primary audio-out device.



## **Clock and Reset**

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The PCM2903B requires a 12-MHz ( $\pm$ 500 ppm) clock for the USB and audio function, which can be generated by a built-in crystal oscillator with a 12-MHz crystal resonator or supplied by an external clock. The 12-MHz crystal resonator must be connected to XTI (pin 21) and XTO (pin 20) with one high (1-M $\Omega$ ) resistor and two small capacitors, the capacitance of which depends on the load capacitance of the crystal resonator. If the external clock is used, the clock must be supplied to XTI, and XTO must be open.

The PCM2903B has an internal power-on reset circuit, which triggers automatically when  $V_{DD}$  (pin 27) exceeds 2.5 V typical (2.7 V to 2.2 V). Approximately 700 µs is required until internal reset release.

#### Digital Audio Interface

The PCM2903B employs both S/PDIF input and output. Isochronous-out data from the host are encoded to the S/PDIF output and the DAC analog output. Input data are selected as either S/PDIF or ADC analog input. When the device detects an S/PDIF input and successfully locks on the received data, the isochronous-in transfer data source is automatically selected from S/PDIF itself; otherwise, the data source selected is the ADC analog input.

This feature is a customer option. It is the responsibility of the user to implement this feature.

#### Supported Input/Output Data

The following data formats are accepted by the S/PDIF input and output. All other data formats are unable to use S/PDIF.

- 48-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 44.1-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 32-kHz 16-bit stereo

Any mismatch of the sampling rate between the input S/PDIF signal and the host command is not acceptable. Any mismatch of the data format between the input S/PDIF signal and the host command may cause unexpected results, with the following exceptions:

- Recording in monaural format from stereo data input at the same data rate
- · Recording in 8-bit format from 16-bit data input at the same data rate

A combination of these two conditions is not acceptable.

For playback, all possible data-rate sources are converted to 16-bit stereo format at the same source data rate.

#### Channel Status Information

The channel status information is fixed as consumer application, PCM mode, copyright, and digital/digital converter. All other bits are fixed as 0's except for the sample frequency, which is set automatically according to the data received through the USB.

#### Copyright Management

Isochronous-in data are affected by the serial copy management system (SCMS). When the control bit indicates that the received digital audio data are original, the input digital audio data are transferred to the host. If the data are indicated as first generation or higher, the transferred data are routed to the analog input.

Digital audio data output is always encoded as original with SCMS control.



#### SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

#### INTERFACE SEQUENCE

#### Power On, Attach, and Playback Sequence

The PCM2903B is ready for setup when the reset sequence has finished and the USB bus is attached. In order to perform certain reset sequences defined in the USB specification,  $V_{DD}$ ,  $V_{CCC}$ ,  $V_{CCP1}$ ,  $V_{CCP2}$ , and  $V_{CCX}$  must rise up within 10 ms / 3.3 V. After connection has been established by setup, the PCM2903B is ready to accept USB audio data. While waiting, the audio data (idle state) and analog output are set to bipolar zero (BPZ).

When receiving the audio data, the PCM2903B stores the first audio packet, which contained 1-ms audio data, into the internal storage buffer. The PCM2903B starts playing the audio data when detecting the next start of frame (SOF) packet, as illustrated in Figure 35 and Figure 36.

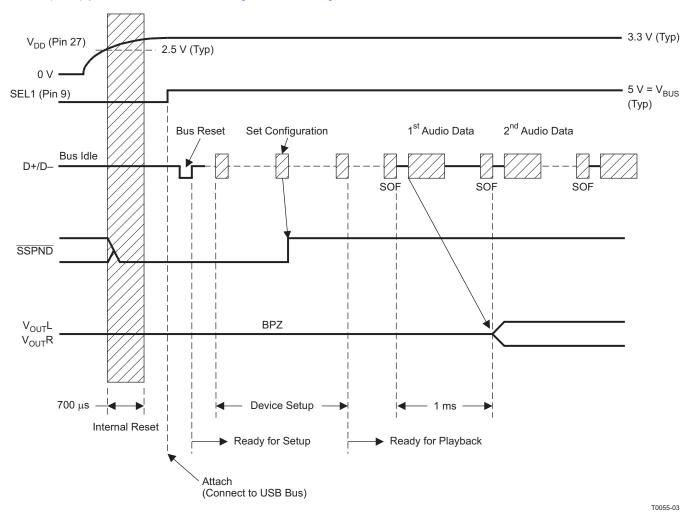


Figure 35. Attach After Power On

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS PCM2903B

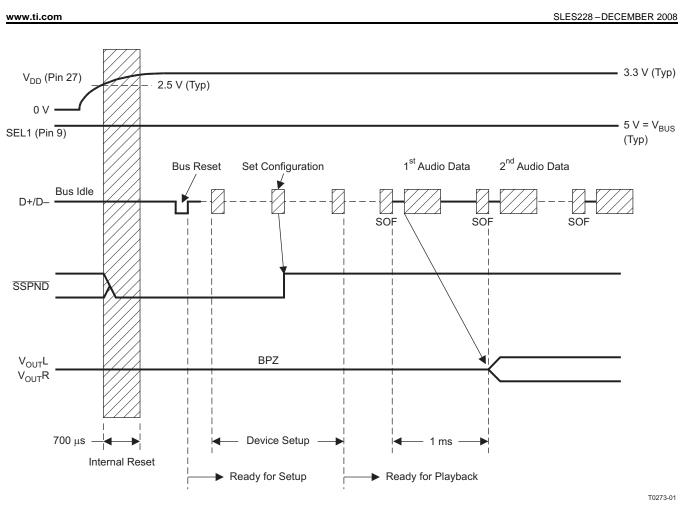
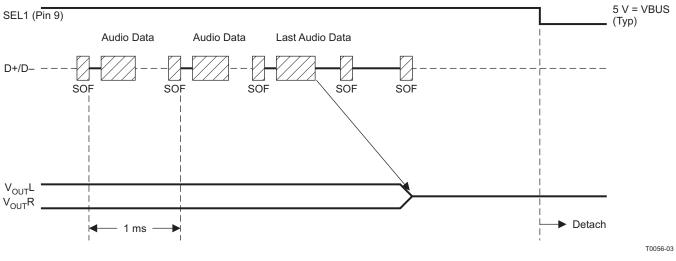
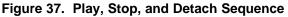


Figure 36. Power-On Under Attach

### Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence

When the host finishes or aborts the playback, the PCM2903B stops playing after the last audio data have played, as shown in Figure 37.







#### SLES228-DECEMBER 2008

#### Record Sequence

The PCM2903B starts the audio capture into the internal memory after receiving the SET\_INTERFACE command, as shown in Figure 38.

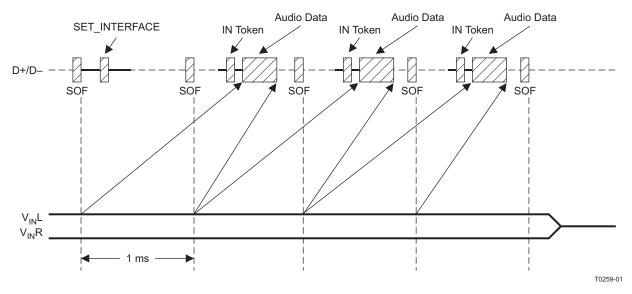


Figure 38. Record Sequence

#### Suspend and Resume Sequence

The PCM2903B enters the suspend state after it detects a constant idle state on the <u>USB bus</u> (approximately 5 ms), as shown in Figure 39. While the PCM2903B enters the suspend state, the <u>SSPND</u> flag (pin 28) is asserted. The PCM2903B wakes up immediately after detecting a non-idle state on the USB bus.

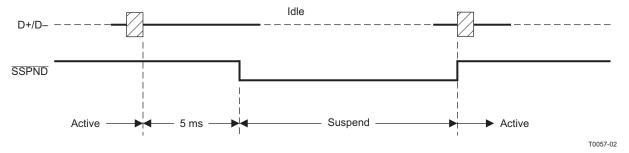


Figure 39. Suspend and Resume Sequence



PCM2903B

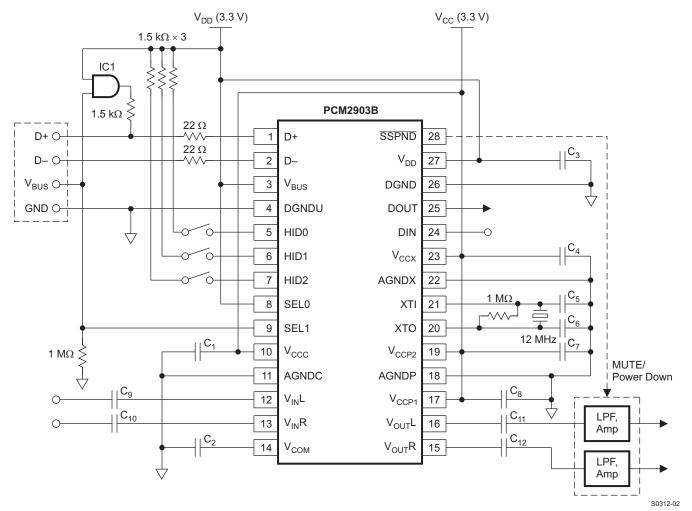
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SLES228 - DECEMBER 2008

## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

## TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION

Figure 40 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The entire board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: IC1 must be driven by V<sub>DD</sub> with a 5-V tolerant input.

 $C_1,\,C_2,\,C_3,\,C_4,\,C_7,\,C_8\!\!:\,10\;\mu\text{F}$ 

C5, C6: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

 $C_9$ ,  $C_{10}$ ,  $C_{11}$ ,  $C_{12}$ : The capacitance may vary depending on design.



## **Operating Environment**

For current information on the PCM2903B operating environment, see the *Updated Operating Environments for PCM270X, PCM290X Applications* application report, SLAA374.



11-Apr-2013

## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | •       | Pins | Package | Eco Plan                   | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp      | Op Temp (°C) | Top-Side Markings | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|---------|------|---------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
|                  | (1)    |              | Drawing |      | Qty     | (2)                        |                  | (3)                |              | (4)               |         |
| PCM2903BDB       | NRND   | SSOP         | DB      | 28   | 50      | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -25 to 85    | PCM2903B          |         |
| PCM2903BDBR      | NRND   | SSOP         | DB      | 28   | 2000    | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -25 to 85    | PCM2903B          |         |

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between

the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

#### REEL DIMENSIONS

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#### TAPE DIMENSIONS



| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width     |
|----|---|
| B0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length    |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W  | Overall width of the carrier tape                         |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers                   |

# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device      | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing |    | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| PCM2903BDBR | SSOP            | DB                 | 28 | 2000 | 330.0                    | 16.4                     | 8.2        | 10.5       | 2.5        | 12.0       | 16.0      | Q1               |

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

14-Jul-2012



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device      | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| PCM2903BDBR | SSOP         | DB              | 28   | 2000 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 38.0        |

# **MECHANICAL DATA**

MSSO002E - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED DECEMBER 2001

# DB (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

28 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150



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Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

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