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PCM2903C

SBFS038A-JUNE 2012-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2015

PCM2903C Stereo Audio Codec With USB Interface, Single-Ended Analog Input/Output, and S/PDIF

1 Features

- On-Chip USB Interface:
 - With Full-Speed Transceivers
 - Fully Compliant With USB 2.0 Specification
 - Certified by USB-IF
 - USB Adaptive Mode for Playback
 - USB Asynchronous Mode for Record
 - Self-Powered
- 16-Bit Delta-Sigma ADC and DAC
- Sampling Rates:
 - DAC: 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
 - ADC: 8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
- On-Chip Clock Generator With Single 12-MHz Clock Source
- S/PDIF Input/Output
- Single Power Supply:
- 3.3 V Typical
- Stereo ADC:
 - Analog Performance at $V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2}$ = $V_{CCX} = V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$:
 - THD+N = 0.01%
 - SNR = 89 dB
 - Dynamic Range = 89 dB
 - Decimation Digital Filter:
 - Passband Ripple = ± 0.05 dB
 - Stop-Band Attenuation = -65 dB
 - Single-Ended Voltage Input
 - Antialiasing Filter Included
 - Digital HPF Included
- Stereo DAC:
 - Analog Performance at $V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2}$ = $V_{CCX} = V_{DD} = 3.3$ V:
 - THD+N = 0.005%

– SNR = 96 dB

Tools &

Software

- Dynamic Range = 93 dB
- Oversampling Digital Filter:
 - Passband Ripple = ±0.1 dB
 - Stop-Band Attenuation = -43 dB
- Single-Ended Voltage Output
- Analog LPF Included
- Multifunctions:
 - Human Interface Device (HID) Function:
 - Volume and Mute Controls
 - Suspend Flag Function
 - 28-Pin SSOP Package

2 Applications

- USB Audio Speaker
- USB Headset
- USB Monitor
- USB Audio Interface Box

3 Description

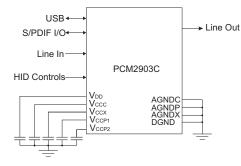
The PCM2903C is TI's single-chip, USB, stereo audio codec with a USB-compliant full-speed protocol controller and S/PDIF. The USB protocol controller requires no software code. The PCM2903C employs SpAct[™] architecture, TI's unique system that recovers the audio clock from USB packet data. On-chip analog PLLs with SpAct enable playback and record with low clock jitter, as well as independent playback and record sampling rates.

Device	Information ⁽¹⁾
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PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
PCM2903C	SSOP (28)	10.20 mm × 5.30 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datas heet.

Simplified Diagram



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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes	from O	ininal i	1	20441	4-	Davialan	•
Changes	Trom U	Iunai	June	20111	το	Revision	A
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			(,			

•	Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation	
	section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	1
•	Removed Package/Ordering Information table	5

EXAS STRUMENTS

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5 Device Comparison Table

	PCM2900C	PCM2902C	PCM2903C	PCM2906C
Supply Voltage	5 V (Bus-Powered)	5 V (Bus-Powered)	3.3 V (Self-Powered)	5 V (Bus-Powered)
Additional Features		S/PDIF I/O	S/PDIF I/O	S/PDIF I/O 500 mA Max Power Configuration

NSTRUMENTS

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6 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN			
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
AGNDC	11	_	Analog ground for codec
AGNDP	18	_	Analog ground for PLL
AGNDX	22	_	Analog ground for oscillator
D-	2	I/O	USB differential input/output minus ⁽¹⁾
D+	1	I/O	USB differential input/output plus ⁽¹⁾
DGND	26	-	Digital ground
DGNDU	4	-	Digital ground for USB transceiver
DIN	24	I	S/PDIF input ⁽²⁾
DOUT	25	0	S/PDIF output
HID0	5	I	HID key state input (mute), active-high ⁽³⁾
HID1	6	I	HID key state input (volume up), active-high ⁽³⁾
HID2	7	I	HID key state input (volume down), active-high ⁽³⁾
SEL0	8	I	Must be set to high ⁽⁴⁾
SEL1	9	I	Connected to the USB port of $V_{BUS}^{(4)}$
SSPND	28	0	Suspend flag, active-low (Low: suspend, High: operational)
V _{BUS}	3	_	Must be connected to V _{DD}
V _{CCC}	10	_	Analog power supply for codec ⁽⁵⁾
V _{CCP1}	17	-	Analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁵⁾
V _{CCP2}	19	_	Analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁵⁾
V _{CCX}	23	_	Analog power supply for oscillator ⁽⁵⁾
V _{COM}	14	-	Common for ADC/DAC (V _{CCC} /2) ⁽⁵⁾
V _{DD}	27	_	Digital power supply ⁽⁵⁾
V _{IN} L	12	I	ADC analog input for L-channel
V _{IN} R	13	I	ADC analog input for R-channel
V _{OUT} L	16	0	DAC analog output for L-channel
V _{OUT} R	15	0	DAC analog output for R-channel
XTI	21	I	Crystal oscillator input ⁽⁶⁾
XTO	20	0	Crystal oscillator output

(1) LV-TTL level.

(2) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown, 5-V tolerant.

(3) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which have no direct connection with the internal DAC or ADC. See the *Interface Number 3* and *End-Points* sections.

(4) TTL Schmitt trigger, 5-V tolerant.

(5) Connect a decoupling capacitor to GND.

(6) 3.3-V CMOS-level input.

4 Submit Documentation Feedback



7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted).⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{CCC} , V _{CCP1} , V _{CCP2} , V _{CCX} , V _{DD}		-0.3	4	V
Supply voltage	differences, V _{CCC} , V _{CCP1} , V _{CCP2} , V _{CCX} , V _{DD}		±0.1	V
Ground voltage	e differences, AGNDC, AGNDP, AGNDX, DGND, DGNDU		±0.1	V
Digital input voltage	SEL0, SEL1, DIN	-0.3	6.5	V
	D+, D-, HID0, HID1, HID2, XTI, XTO, DOUT, SSPND	-0.3	$(V_{DD} + 0.3) < 4$	V
Analog input voltage V _{IN} L, V _{IN} R, V _{COM} , V _{OUT} R, V _{OUT} L		-0.3	$(V_{CCC} + 0.3) < 4$	V
Input current (any pins except supplies)			±10	mA
Ambient temperature under bias		-40	125	°C
Junction tempe	erature T _J		150	°C
Lead temperature (soldering, 5 s)			260	°C
Package temperature (IR reflow, peak)			250	°C
Storage tempe	rature, T _{stg}	-55	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2500	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 $^{\left(2\right) }$	±1000	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage		3	3.3	3.6	V
Supply current	ADC, DAC operation		54	70	mA
	USB suspend state		250		μA
Ambient temperature		0	25	85	°C

7.4 Thermal Information

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DB (SSOP)	UNIT
		28 PINS	
R_{\thetaJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	64.5	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	24.5	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	25.4	°C/W
TLΨ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	2.0	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	25	°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	_	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

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7.5 Electrical Characteristics

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCX} = V_{DD} = 3.3$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

	PARAME	TER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DIGITAL	INPUT/OUTPUT		·	1			
	Host interface		Apply USB Revision 2.0, full speed				
	Audio data format		USB isochronous data format				
INPUT L	OGIC						
		D+, D–		2		V_{DD}	
VIH	High-level input	XTI, HID0, HID1, and HID2		0.7 V _{DD}		V_{DD}	VDC
	voltage	SEL0, SEL1		2		5.25	
		DIN		0.7 V _{DD}		5.25	
		D+, D–				0.8	
V _{IL}	Low-level input	XTI, HID0, HID1, and HID2				0.3 V _{DD}	VDC
	voltage	SEL0, SEL1				0.8	
		DIN				$0.3 V_{DD}$	
	High-level input	D+, D–, XTI, SEL0, SEL1	V _{IN} = 3.3 V			±10	
Ι _{ΙΗ}	current	HID0, HID1, and HID2	V _{IN} = 3.3 V		50	80	μA
		DIN	V _{IN} = 3.3 V		65	100	
	Low-level input	D+, D–, XTI, SEL0, SEL1	$V_{IN} = 0 V$			±10	
IIL	current	HID0, HID1, and HID2	V _{IN} = 0 V			±10	μA
	DIN		V _{IN} = 0 V			±10	-
OUTPUT	T LOGIC		-				
	High-level output voltage	D+, D–		2.8			
V _{OH}		DOUT	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	2.8			VDC
		SSPND	$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$	2.8			
		D+, D–				0.3	_
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	DOUT	I _{OL} = 4 mA			0.5	VDC
		SSPND	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$			0.5	
CLOCK	FREQUENCY		1				
	Input clock freque	ncy, XTI		11.994	12	12.006	MHz
ADC CH	IARACTERISTICS						1
	Resolution				8, 16		Bits
	Audio data channe				1, 2		Channel
ADC CL	OCK FREQUENCY			T			1
f _S	Sampling frequent	cies		8, 11.025, 16	, 22.05, 32, 4	14.1, 48	kHz
ADC DC	ACCURACY			T			1
	Gain mismatch, cl	nannel-to-channel			±1	±5	% of FSR
	Gain error				<u>+2</u>	±10	% of FSR
	Bipolar zero error				±0		% of FSR
ADC DY	NAMIC PERFORM	ANCE ⁽¹⁾					
יאי חעד	Total harmonic dis		$V_{IN} = -1 \text{ dB}$		0.01%	0.02%	
THD+N	TOTAL HATTIONIC OR	storatori pius noise	$V_{IN} = -60 \text{ dB}$		5%		

(1) f_{IN} = 1 kHz, using a System Two[™] audio measurement system by Audio Precision[™] in RMS mode with a 20-kHz LPF and 400-Hz HPF in the calculation.



Electrical Characteristics (continued)

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCX} = V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $f_S = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
	Dynamic range	A-weighted	81	89		dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	A-weighted	81	89		dB
	Channel separation		80	85		dB
ANALC	DG INPUT					1
	Input voltage			0.6 V _{CCC}		V _{PP}
	Center voltage			0.5 V _{CCC}		V
	Input impedance			30		kΩ
		–3 dB		150		kHz
	Antialising filter frequency response	f _{IN} = 20 kHz		-0.08		dB
ADC D	IGITAL FILTER PERFORMANCE					
	Passband				0.454 f _S	Hz
	Stop band		0.583 f _S			Hz
	Passband ripple				±0.05	dB
	Stop-band attenuation		-65			dB
t _d	Delay time			17.4/f _S		s
ū	HPF frequency response	-3 dB	0	.078 f _S /1000		Hz
DAC C	HARACTERISTICS			0		Į
	Resolution			8, 16		Bits
	Audio data channel			1, 2		Channe
DAC C	LOCK FREQUENCY			.,_		
f _S	Sampling frequencies		3	32, 44.1, 48		kHz
	CACCURACY	1		, , -		l
	Gain mismatch channel-to-channel			±1	±5	% of FSR
	Gain error			±2	±10	% of FSR
	Bipolar zero error			±2		% of FSR
DAC D	YNAMIC PERFORMANCE ⁽²⁾					
	La Total harmonia distortion plus poiss	V _{OUT} = 0 dB		0.005%	0.016%	
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_{OUT} = -60 \text{ dB}$		3%		
	Dynamic range	EIAJ, A-weighted	87	93		dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	EIAJ, A-weighted	90	96		dB
	Channel separation		86	92		dB
ANALC	OG OUTPUT	-	·			
Vo	Output voltage			0.6 V _{CCC}		V _{PP}
	Center voltage			$0.5 V_{CCC}$		V
	Load impedance	AC coupling	10			kΩ
		–3 dB		250		kHz
	LPF frequency response	f = 20 kHz		-0.03		dB
DAC D	IGITAL FILTER PERFORMANCE					
	Passband				0.445 f _S	Hz
	Stop band		0.555 f _S			Hz
	Passband ripple				±0.1	dB
	Stop-band attenuation		-43			dB

(2) f_{OUT} = 1 kHz, using a System Two audio measuerment system by Audio Precision in RMS mode with a 20-kHz LPF and 400-Hz HPF.

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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCX} = V_{DD} = 3.3$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

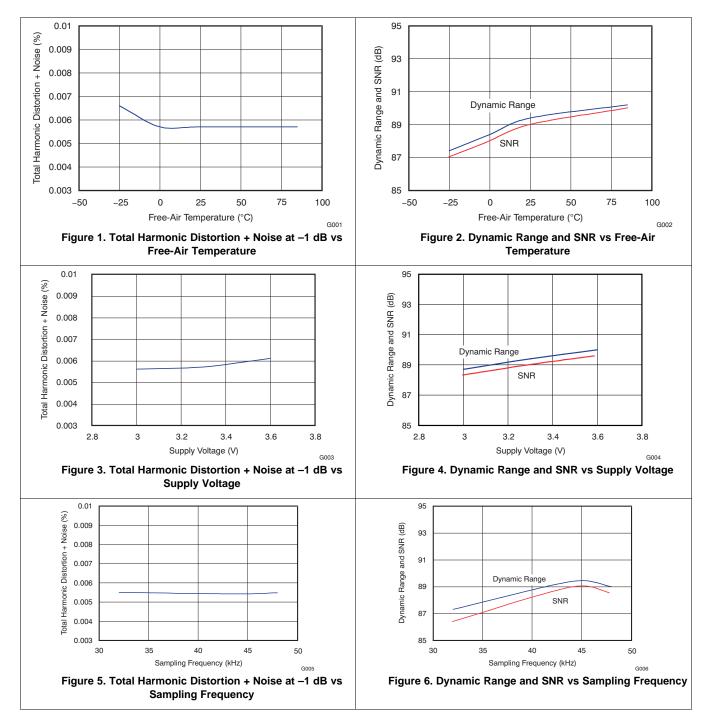
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _d	Delay time			14.3/f _S		S
POWER	R-SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS					
$\begin{array}{c} V_{DD},\\ V_{CCC},\\ V_{CCP1},\\ V_{CCP2},\\ V_{CCX} \end{array}$	Voltage range		3	3.3	3.6	VDC
	Current current	ADC, DAC operation		54	70	mA
	Supply current	Suspend mode ⁽³⁾		250		μA
D	Devues discipation	ADC, DAC operation		178	252	mW
PD	Power dissipation	Suspend mode ⁽³⁾		0.83		mW
TEMPE	RATURE RANGE					
	Operating temperature range		-25		85	°C

(3) Under USB suspend state.



7.6 Typical Characteristics

7.6.1 Typical Characteristics: ADC



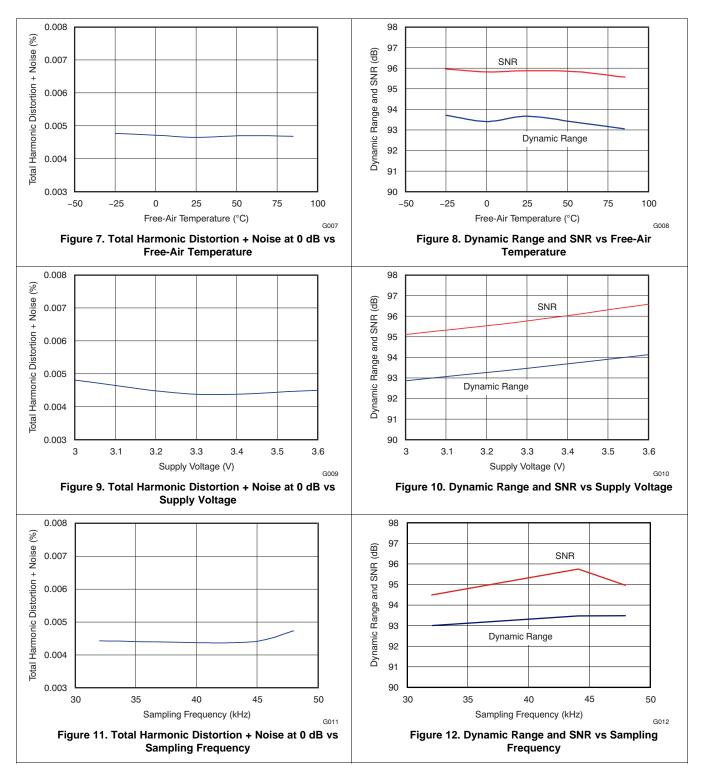
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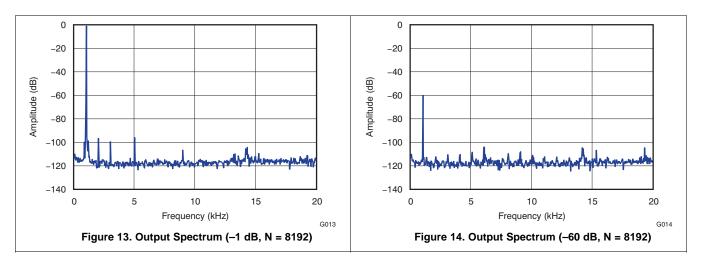
7.6.2 Typical Characteristics: DAC



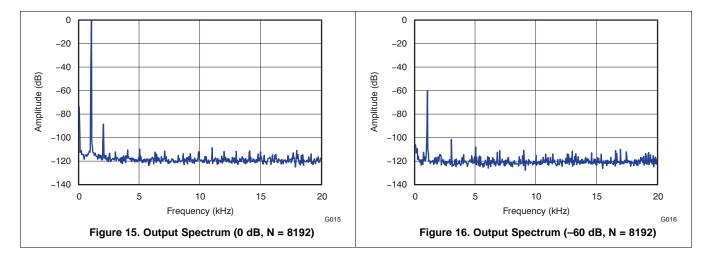


7.6.3 Typical Characteristics: ADC Output Spectrum

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $f_s = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



7.6.4 Typical Characteristics: DAC Output Spectrum



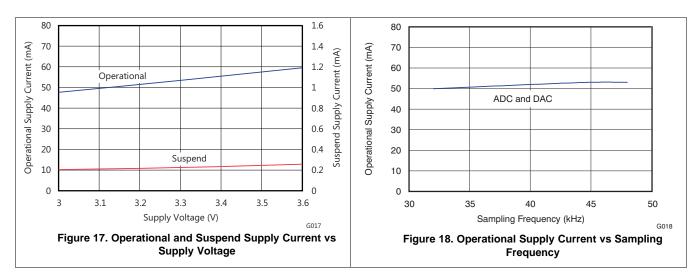
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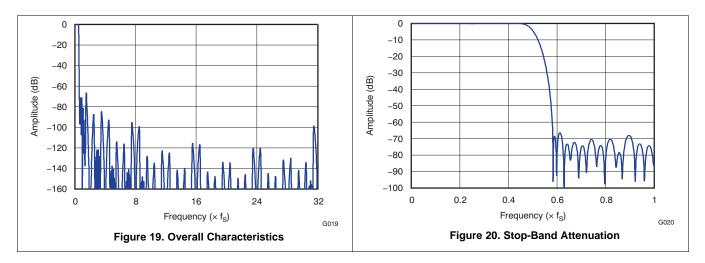
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7.6.5 Typical Characteristics: Supply Current

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $f_s = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



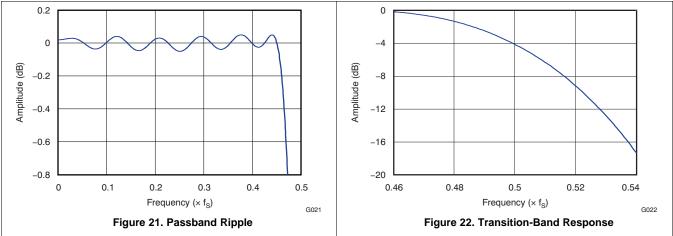
7.6.6 Typical Characteristics: ADC Digital Decimation Filter Frequency Response



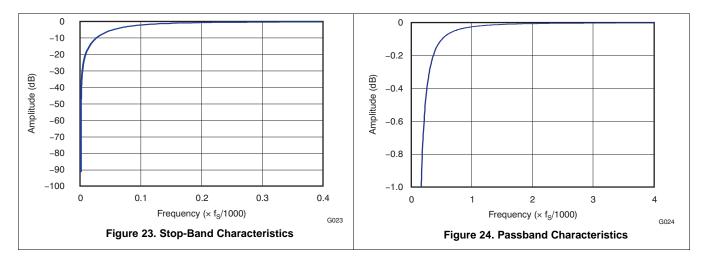


Typical Characteristics: ADC Digital Decimation Filter Frequency Response (continued)

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $f_s = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



7.6.7 Typical Characteristics: ADC Digital High-Pass Filter Frequency Response



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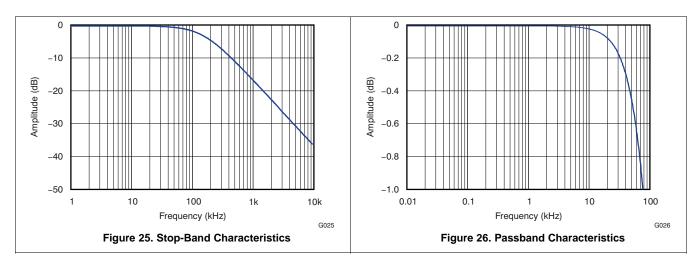
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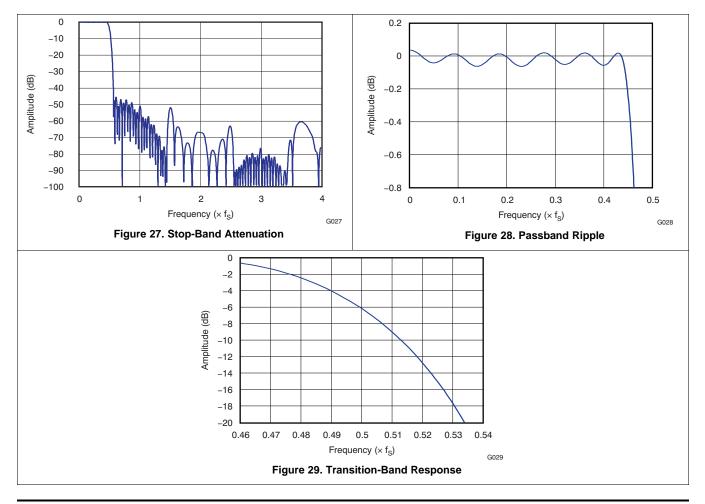
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7.6.8 Typical Characteristics: ADC Analog Antialiasing Filter Frequency Response

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $f_s = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



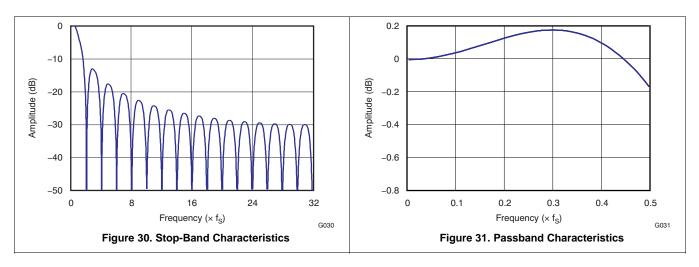
7.6.9 Typical Characteristics: DAC Digital Interpolation Filter Frequency Response





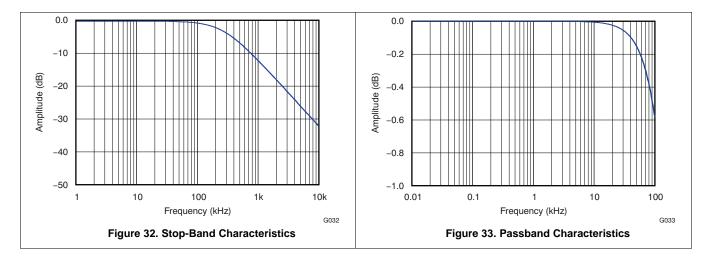
7.6.10 Typical Characteristics: DAC Analog Fir Filter Frequency Response

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $f_s = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



7.6.11 Typical Characteristics: DAC Analog Low-Pass Filter Frequency Response

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $f_s = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



8 Parameter Measurement Information

All parameters are measured according to the conditions described in the Specifications section.

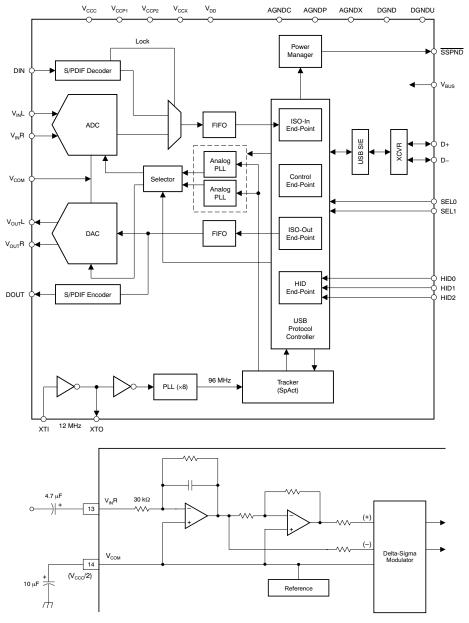


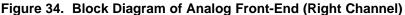
9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

The PCM2903C is an audio codec with USB connection capability and a digital S/PDIF digital interface. The PCM2903C is a self-powered device; it needs an external 3.3V voltage source. The PCM2903C meet the requirements of USB1.1 standard connection. This device has analog and digital inputs and outputs; it has a digital S/PDIF interface for input and output data. The PCM2903C has 3 external interrupts (HID) which control the Mute, Volume Up and Volume Down, these control inputs are active High. The PCM2903C requires a 12MHz clock; it can be provided by an external clock or generated by a built-in crystal resonator.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram







9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 End-Points

The PCM2903C has the following four end-points:

- Control end-point (EP number 0)
- Isochronous-out audio data stream end-point (EP number 2)
- Isochronous-in audio data stream end-point (EP number 4)
- HID end-point (EP number 5)

The control end-point is a default end-point. The control end-point is used to control all functions of the PCM2903C by the standard USB request and an USB audio class specific request from the host. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point is an audio sink end-point, which receives the PCM audio data. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point accepts the adaptive transfer mode. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point that transmits the PCM audio data. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point uses asynchronous transfer mode. The HID end-point is an interrupt-in end-point. HID end-point reports HID0, HID1, and HID2 pin status every 32 ms.

The human interface device (HID) pins are defined as consumer control devices. The HID function is designed as an independent end-point from both isochronous-in and -out end-points. Therefore, the result obtained from the HID operation depends on the host software. Typically, the HID function is used as the primary audio-out device.

9.3.2 Clock and Reset

The PCM2903C requires a 12-MHz (\pm 500 ppm) clock for the USB and audio function, which can be generated by a built-in crystal oscillator with a 12-MHz crystal resonator or supplied by an external clock. The 12-MHz crystal resonator must be connected to XTI (pin 21) and XTO (pin 20) with one high (1-M Ω) resistor and two small capacitors, the capacitance of which depends on the load capacitance of the crystal resonator. If the external clock is used, the clock must be supplied to XTI, and XTO must be open.

The PCM2903C has an internal power-on reset circuit, which triggers automatically when V_{DD} (pin 27) exceeds 2.5 V typical (2.7 V to 2.2 V). Approximately 700 µs is required until internal reset release.

9.3.3 Digital Audio Interface

The PCM2903C employs both S/PDIF input and output. Isochronous-out data from the host are encoded to the S/PDIF output and the DAC analog output. Input data are selected as either S/PDIF or ADC analog input. When the device detects an S/PDIF input and successfully locks on the received data, the isochronous-in transfer data source is automatically selected from S/PDIF itself; otherwise, the data source selected is the ADC analog input.

This feature is a customer option. It is the responsibility of the user to implement this feature.

9.3.4 Supported Input/Output Data

The following data formats are accepted by the S/PDIF input and output. All other data formats are unable to use S/PDIF.

- 48-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 44.1-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 32-kHz 16-bit stereo

Any mismatch of the sampling rate between the input S/PDIF signal and the host command is not acceptable. Any mismatch of the data format between the input S/PDIF signal and the host command may cause unexpected results, with the following exceptions:

- Recording in monaural format from stereo data input at the same data rate
- Recording in 8-bit format from 16-bit data input at the same data rate

A combination of these two conditions is not acceptable.

For playback, all possible data-rate sources are converted to 16-bit stereo format at the same source data rate.



Feature Description (continued)

9.3.5 Channel Status Information

The channel status information is fixed as consumer application, PCM mode, copyright, and digital/digital converter. All other bits are fixed as 0's except for the sample frequency, which is set automatically according to the data received through the USB.

9.3.6 Copyright Management

Isochronous-in data are affected by the serial copy management system (SCMS). When the control bit indicates that the received digital audio data are original, the input digital audio data are transferred to the host. If the data are indicated as first generation or higher, the transferred data are routed to the analog input.

Digital audio data output is always encoded as original with SCMS control.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

The PCM2903C is a USB controlled device. The PCM2903C is a codec, so it has analog input (that goes to an A/D converter) and analog output (that comes from a D/A converter), alongside of the digital path that goes to USB and S/PDIF. A wider explanation of these operational modes is in *Programming*.

9.5 Programming

9.5.1 USB Interface

Control data and audio data are transferred to the PCM2903C via D+ (pin 1) and D– (pin 2). All data to and from the PCM2903C are transferred at full speed. The device descriptor contains the information described in Table 1.

USB revision	2.0 compliant					
Device class	0x00 (device-defined interface level)					
Device subclass	0x00 (not specified)					
Device protocol	0x00 (not specified)					
Max packet size for end-point 0	8 bytes					
Vendor ID	0x08BB					
Product ID	0x29C3					
Device release number	1.0 (0x0100)					
Number of configurations	1					
Vendor strings	String number 1 (see Table 3)					
Product strings	String number 2 (see Table 3)					
Serial number	Not supported					

The configuration descriptor contains the information described in Table 2.

Table 2. Configuration Descriptor

Interface	Four interfaces
Power attribute	0xC0 (self-powered, no remote wakeup)
Maximum power	0x0A (20 mA)



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The string descriptor contains the information described in Table 3.

 Table 3. String Descriptor

Number 0	0x0409
Number 1	BurrBrown from Texas Instruments
Number 2	USB Audio CODEC ⁽¹⁾

(1) Ensure that there are two blank spaces between "Audio" and "CODEC"; copying and pasting will not transfer the two blank spaces correctly.

9.5.2 Device Configuration

Figure 35 illustrates the USB audio function topology. The PCM2903C has four interfaces. Each interface consists of alternative settings.

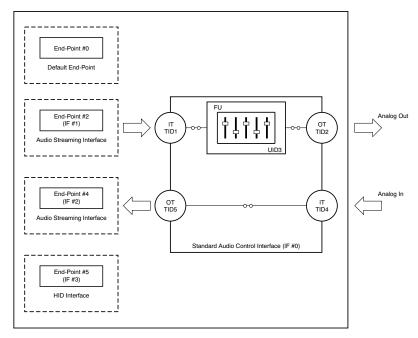


Figure 35. USB Audio Function Topology

9.5.2.1 Interface Number 0

Interface number 0 is the control interface. Alternative setting number 0 is the only possible setting for interface number 0. Alternative setting number 0 describes the standard audio control interface. The audio control interface consists of a single terminal. The PCM2903C has the following five terminals:

- Input terminal (IT number 1) for isochronous-out stream
- Output terminal (OT number 2) for audio analog output
- Feature unit (FU number 3) for DAC digital attenuator
- Input terminal (IT number 4) for audio analog input
- Output terminal (OT number 5) for isochronous-in stream

Input terminal number 1 is defined as *USB stream* (terminal type 0x0101). Input terminal number 1 can accept two-channel audio streams consisting of left and right channels. Output terminal number 2 is defined as a *speaker* (terminal type 0x0301). Input terminal number 4 is defined as a *line connector* (terminal type 0x0603). Output terminal number 5 is defined as a *USB stream* (terminal type 0x0101). Output terminal number 5 can generate two-channel audio streams composed of left and right channel data. Feature unit number 3 supports the following sound control features:

- Volume control
- Mute control

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EXAS

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The built-in digital volume controller can be manipulated by an audio class specific request from 0 dB to -64 dB in 1-dB steps. Changes are made by incrementing or decrementing by one step (1 dB) for every $1/f_S$ time interval until the volume level has reached the requested value. Each channel can be set for different values. The master volume control is not supported. A request to the master volume is stalled and ignored. The built-in digital mute controller can be manipulated by audio class-specific request. A master mute control request is acceptable. A request to an individual channel is stalled and ignored.

9.5.2.2 Interface Number 1

Interface number 1 is the audio streaming data-out interface. Interface number 1 has the five alternative settings described in Table 4. Alternative setting number 0 is the zero-bandwidth setting.

ALTERNATIVE SETTING			DATA FORMAT	TRANSFER MODE	SAMPLING RATE (kHz)
00			Zero bandwidth		
01	16-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48
02	16-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48
03	8-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48
04	8-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48

Table 4. Interface Number 1 Alternative Settings

9.5.2.3 Interface Number 2

Interface number 2 is the audio streaming data-in interface. Interface number 2 has the 19 alternative settings described in Table 5. Alternative setting number 0 is the zero-bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

ALTERNATIVE SETTING			DATA ORMAT	TRANSFER MODE	SAMPLING RATE (kHz)
00			Zero bandwidth		
01	16-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	48
02	16-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	48
03	16-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	44.1
04	16-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	44.1
05	16-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	32
06	16-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	32
07	16-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	22.05
08	16-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	22.05
09	16-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16
0A	16-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16
0B	8-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16
0C	8-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16
0D	8-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	8
0E	8-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	8
0F	16-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025
10	16-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025
11	8-bit	Stereo	Twos complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025
12	8-bit	Mono	Twos complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025

Table 5. Interface Number 2 Alternative Settings



9.5.2.4 Interface Number 3

Interface number 3 is the interrupt data-in interface. Alternative setting number 0 is the only possible setting for interface number 3. Interface number 3 consists of the HID consumer control device and reports the status of these three key parameters:

- Mute (0xE209)
- Volume up (0xE909)
- Volume down (0xEA09)

9.5.3 Interface Sequence

9.5.3.1 Power On, Attach, and Playback Sequence

The PCM2903C is ready for setup when the reset sequence has finished and the USB bus is attached. In order to perform certain reset sequences defined in the USB specification, V_{DD} , V_{CCC} , V_{CCP1} , V_{CCP2} , and V_{CCX} must rise up within 10 ms / 3.3 V. After connection has been established by setup, the PCM2903C is ready to accept USB audio data. While waiting, the audio data (idle state) and analog output are set to bipolar zero (BPZ).

When receiving the audio data, the PCM2903C stores the first audio packet, which contained 1-ms audio data, into the internal storage buffer. The PCM2903C starts playing the audio data when detecting the next start of frame (SOF) packet, as illustrated in Figure 36 and Figure 37.

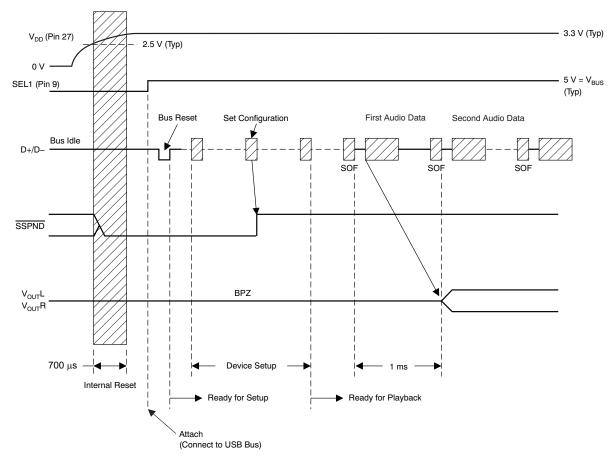


Figure 36. Attach After Poweron

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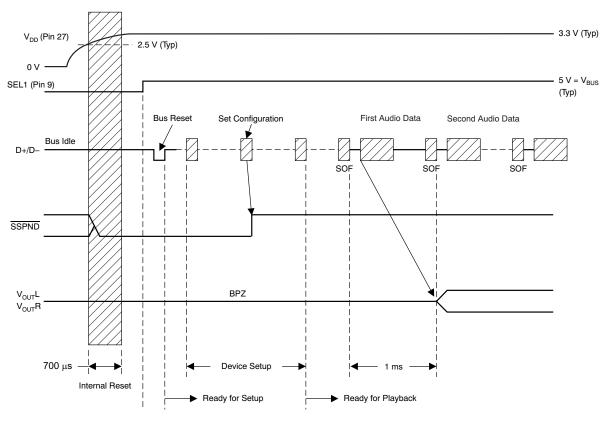


Figure 37. Poweron Under Attach

9.5.3.2 Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence

When the host finishes or aborts the playback, the PCM2903C stops playing after the last audio data have played, as shown in Figure 38.

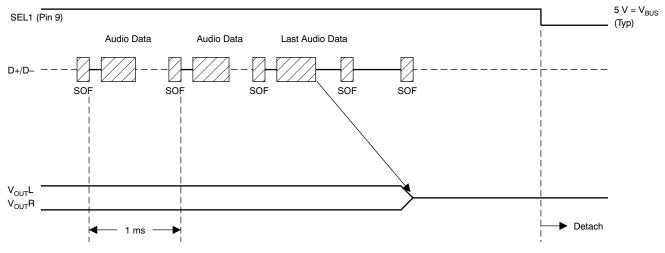


Figure 38. Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence



9.5.3.3 Record Sequence

The PCM2903C starts the audio capture into the internal memory after receiving the SET_INTERFACE command, as shown in Figure 39.

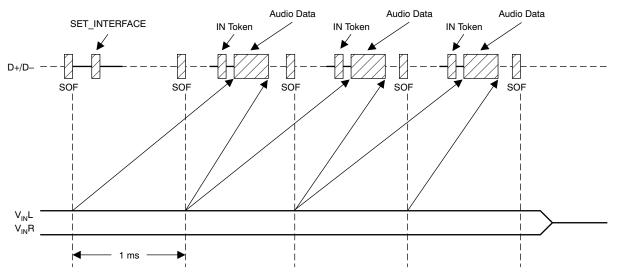


Figure 39. Record Sequence

9.5.3.4 Suspend and Resume Sequence

The PCM2903C enters the suspend state after it detects a constant idle state on the <u>USB bus</u> (approximately 5 ms), as shown in Figure 40. While the PCM2903C enters the suspend state, the <u>SSPND</u> flag (pin 28) is asserted. The PCM2903C wakes up immediately after detecting a non-idle state on the USB bus.

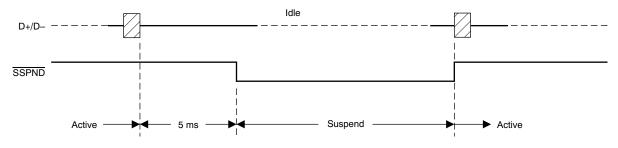


Figure 40. Suspend and Resume Sequence



10 Application and Implementation

NOTE

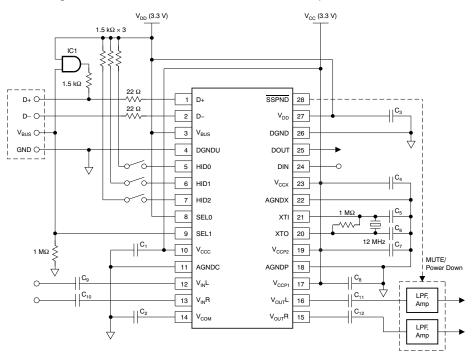
Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

The V_{BUS} allows the device to know when it has been plugged to a USB connection port. The SSPND' flag will notify when the USB input is idle for at least 5ms; this flag can be used to control or notify subsequent circuits. More functional details can be found on *Interface Sequence*.

10.2 Typical Application

Figure 41 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The entire board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: IC1 must be driven by V_{DD} with a 5-V tolerant input.

 $C_1,\,C_2,\,C_3,\,C_4,\,C_7,\,C_8{:}\;10\;\mu F$

- C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)
- $C_9,\,C_{10},\,C_{11},\,C_{12}\!:$ The capacitance may vary depending on design.

Figure 41. Self-Powered Configuration

10.2.1 Design Requirements

For this example, Table 6 lists the design parameters.

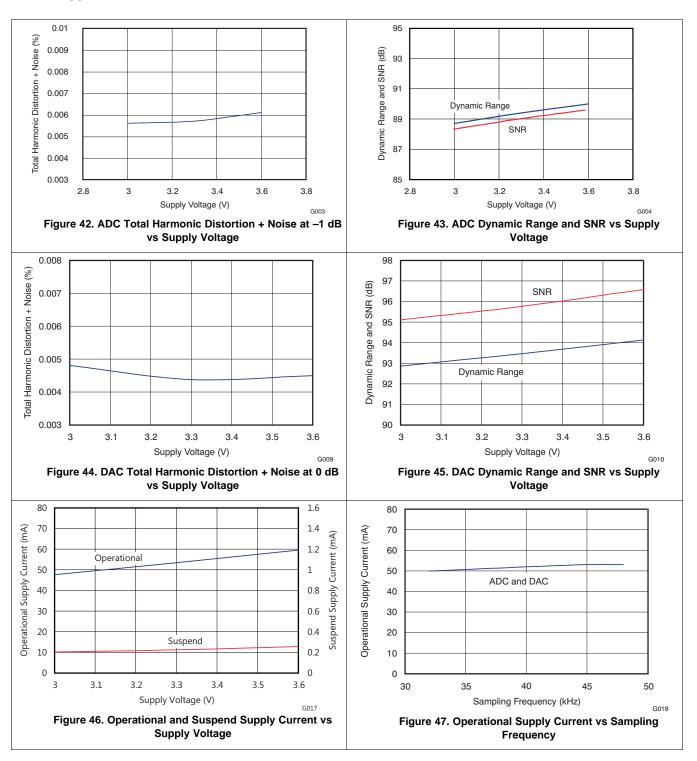
DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage range	3 V to 3.6 V
Current	50 mA to 70 mA
Input clock frequency	11.994 MHz to 12.006 MHz

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10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The PCM2903C is a simple design device since it is capable to connect directly to a USB port. Only two external ICs are needed, a 3.3-V regulator and an AND Gate. The switches connected to the HID ports must be normally open. Other than this, it only needs decoupling capacitors on the voltage source pins.



10.2.3 Application Curves



11 Power Supply Recommendations

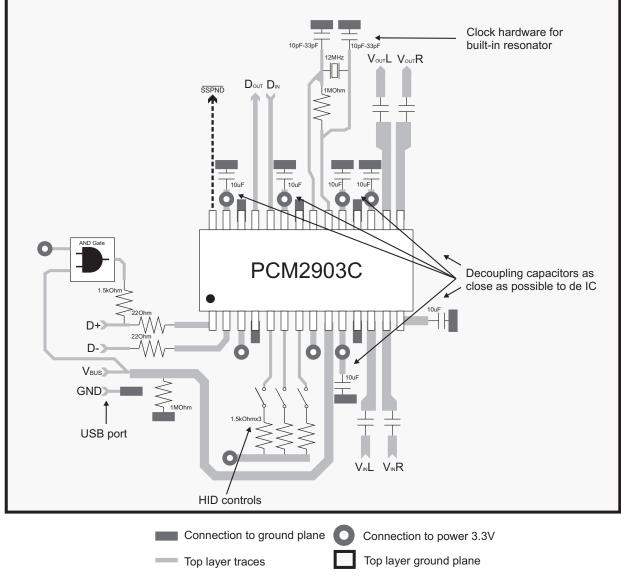
The voltage source needed to power the PCM2903C must be between 3 V and 3.6 V for a proper operation. It is recommended to place decoupling capacitor in every voltage source pin. This will help filter lower frequency power supply noise. Place these decoupling capacitors as close as possible to the PCM2903C.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

The decoupling capacitors must be as close as possible to the PCM2903C pins. It is recommended to place a lowpass Filter in the analog input and output. At least the analog input and analog output need a series capacitor to eliminate any possible offset level. The PCM2903C is a low power device so there is no need for a special heat sink PCB design.

12.2 Layout Example







13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Documentation Support

13.1.1 Related Documentation

• Updated Operating Environments for PCM270X, PCM290X Applications, SLAA374

13.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

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13.3 Trademarks

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13.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

13.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



27-Mar-2017

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
PCM2903CDB	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-25 to 85	PCM2903C	Samples
PCM2903CDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-25 to 85	PCM2903C	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

27-Mar-2017

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

MECHANICAL DATA

MSSO002E - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED DECEMBER 2001

DB (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

28 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150



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