

Order

Now





SCES516K - DECEMBER 2003 - REVISED JUNE 2017

SN74LVC2T45 Dual-Bit Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver With Configurable Voltage Translation

Technical

Documents

1 Features

- Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.65-V to 5.5-V Power-Supply Range
- V_{CC} Isolation Feature If Either V_{CC} Input Is at GND, Both Ports Are in the High-Impedance State
- DIR Input Circuit Referenced to V_{CCA}
- Low Power Consumption, 4-μA Max I_{CC}
- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoFree[™] Package
- ±24-mA Output Drive at 3.3 V
- I_{off} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Max Data Rates
 - 420 Mbps (3.3-V to 5-V Translation)
 - 210 Mbps (Translate to 3.3 V)
 - 140 Mbps (Translate to 2.5 V)
 - 75 Mbps (Translate to 1.8 V)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - 4000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

2 Applications

- Personal Electronic
- Industrial
- Enterprise
- Telecom

3 Description

Tools &

Software

This dual-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA} . V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The B port is designed to track V_{CCB} . V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. This allows for universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V voltage nodes.

Support &

Community

20

The SN74LVC2T45 is designed for asynchronous communication between two data buses. The logic levels of the direction-control (DIR) input activate either the B-port outputs or the A-port outputs. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus when the B-port outputs are activated, and from the B bus to the A bus when the A-port outputs are activated. The input circuitry on both A and B ports always is active and must have a logic HIGH or LOW level applied to prevent excess I_{CC} and I_{CCZ} .

The SN74LVC2T45 is designed so that the DIR input circuit is supplied by V_{CCA} . This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off} . The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

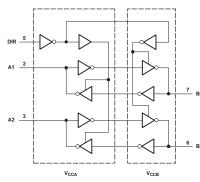
The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CC} input is at GND, both ports are in the high-impedance state. NanoFreeTM package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

Device information '								
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)						
SN74LVC2T45DCT	SM8 (8)	2.95 mm x 2.80 mm						
SN74LVC2T45DCU	VSSOP (8)	2.30 mm x 2.00 mm						
SN74LVC2T45YZP	DSBGA (8)	1.89 mm x 0.89 mm						

Device Information⁽¹⁾

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

Functional Block Diagram



An IMPORTANT NOTICE at the end of this data sheet addresses availability, warranty, changes, use in safety-critical applications, intellectual property matters and other important disclaimers. PRODUCTION DATA.

2

Table of Contents

1	Feat	ures 1
2	Арр	lications 1
3	Dese	cription 1
4	Revi	sion History 2
5	Pin	Configuration and Functions 3
6	Spee	cifications 4
	6.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings 4
	6.2	ESD Ratings 4
	6.3	Recommended Operating Conditions 4
	6.4	Thermal Information 5
	6.5	Electrical Characteristics 6
	6.6	Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V} 6$
	6.7	Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ 7
	6.8	Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ 7
	6.9	Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V_{\dots}$ 8
	6.10	
	6.11	Typical Characteristics9
7		meter Measurement Information 12
8	Deta	iled Description 13
	8.1	Overview 13

	8.2	Functional Block Diagram 13
	8.3	Feature Description 13
	8.4	Device Functional Modes 13
9	App	ication and Implementation14
	9.1	Application Information 14
	9.2	Typical Applications 14
10	Pow	er Supply Recommendations 17
	10.1	Power-Up Considerations 17
11	Lay	out 17
		Layout Guidelines 17
	11.2	Layout Example 18
12	Dev	ice and Documentation Support 19
	12.1	Documentation Support 19
	12.2	
	12.3	Community Resources 19
	12.4	Trademarks 19
	12.5	Electrostatic Discharge Caution 19
	12.6	Glossary 19
13	Mec	hanical, Packaging, and Orderable
	Infor	mation 19

4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

CI	hanges from Revision J (October 2014) to Revision K	Pag	je
•	Changed data sheet title		1

Changes from Revision I (March 2007) to Revision J

Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device

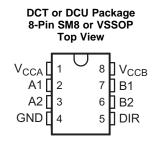


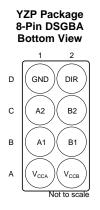
Page

Page



5 Pin Configuration and Functions





Pin Functions: DCT, DCU

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION			
NO.	NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION			
1	V _{CCA}	Р	A-port supply voltage. 1.65 V \leq V _{CCA} \leq 5.5 V			
2	A1	I/O	Input/output A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}			
3	A2	I/O	Input/output A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}			
4	GND	G	Ground			
5	DIR	I	Direction control signal			
6	B2	I/O	Input/output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}			
7	B1	I/O	Input/output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}			
8	V _{CCB}	Р	B-port supply voltage. 1.65 V \leq V _{CCB} \leq 5.5 V			

Pin Functions: YZP

	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
BALL	NAME	ТҮРЕ	DESCRIPTION
A1	V _{CCA}	Р	A-port supply voltage. 1.65 V \leq V _{CCA} \leq 5.5 V
A2	V _{CCB}	Р	B-port supply voltage. 1.65 V \leq V _{CCB} \leq 5.5 V
B1	A1	I/O	Input/output A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}
B2	B1	I/O	Input/output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}
C1	A2	I/O	Input/output A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}
C2	B2	I/O	Input/output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}
D1	GND	G	Ground
D2	DIR	I	Direction control signal

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA} V _{CCB}	Supply voltage	-0.5	6.5	V	
VI	Input voltage ⁽²⁾		-0.5	6.5	V
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state ⁽²⁾		-0.5	6.5	V
V	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state $^{(2)}$ $^{(3)}$	A port	-0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V
Vo	low state ^{(2) (3)}	B port	-0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5	
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V ₁ < 0		-50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND			±100	mA
TJ	Junction temperature			150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

(3) The value of V_{CC} is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±4000	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾		V
		Machine model (A115-A)	±200	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2) (3)}

			V _{CCI}	V _{cco}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CCA}	Supply voltage				1.65	5.5	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage				1.65	5.5	v
			1.65 V to 1.95 V		$V_{CCI} \times 0.65$		
V	High-level input voltage	Data inputs ⁽⁴⁾	2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.7		V
VIH			3 V to 3.6 V		2		v
			4.5 V to 5.5 V		$V_{CCI} \times 0.7$		
		Data inputs ⁽⁴⁾	1.65 V to 1.95 V			$V_{CCI} \times 0.35$	
V	Low-level		2.3 V to 2.7 V			0.7	V
V _{IL}	input voltage		3 V to 3.6 V			0.8	v
			4.5 V to 5.5 V			$V_{CCI} \times 0.3$	

- (1) V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
- (2) V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.
- (3) All unused data inputs of the device must be held at V_{CCI} or GND to ensure proper device operation. See *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, SCBA004.
- (4) For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = $V_{CCI} \times 0.7$ V, V_{IL} max = $V_{CCI} \times 0.3$ V.
- 4 Submit Documentation Feedback



Recommended Operating Conditions (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) $^{(1)}$ $^{(2)}$ $^{(3)}$

			V _{CCI}	V _{cco}	MIN	MAX	UNIT		
			1.65 V to 1.95 V		$V_{CCA} \times 0.65$				
VIH	High-level	DIR	2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.7		V		
	input voltage	(referenced to V_{CCA}) ⁽⁵⁾	3 V to 3.6 V		2		v		
			4.5 V to 5.5 V		$V_{CCA} \times 0.7$				
			1.65 V to 1.95 V			$V_{CCA} \times 0.35$			
M.	Low-level	DIR	2.3 V to 2.7 V			0.7	V		
V _{IL}	input voltage	(referenced to V_{CCA}) ⁽⁵⁾	3 V to 3.6 V			0.8	v		
			4.5 V to 5.5 V			$V_{CCA} \times 0.3$			
VI	Input voltage				0	5.5	V		
Vo	Output voltage				0	V _{CCO}	V		
				1.65 V to 1.95 V		-4			
1	High-level output cu	rront		2.3 V to 2.7 V		-8	mA		
I _{OH}		linein		3 V to 3.6 V		-24	mA		
				4.5 V to 5.5 V		-32			
				1.65 V to 1.95 V		4			
	Low-level output cu	Level and a devidence of		2.3 V to 2.7 V		8			
I _{OL}	Low-level output cu	nem		3 V to 3.6 V		24	mA		
				4.5 V to 5.5 V		32			
			1.65 V to 1.95 V			20			
		Data inputs	2.3 V to 2.7 V			20	ns/V		
$\Delta t / \Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	Data inputs	3 V to 3.6 V			10			
			4.5 V to 5.5 V			5			
		Control input	1.65 V to 5.5 V			5			
T _A	Operating free-air te	emperature			-40	85	°C		

(5) For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = V_{CCA} × 0.7 V, V_{IL} max = V_{CCA} × 0.3 V.

6.4 Thermal Information

			SN74LVC2T45				
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DCT	DCU	YZP	UNIT		
			8 PINS				
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	184.0	203.6	105.8	°C/W		
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	114.7	75.9	1.6	°C/W		
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	96.4	82.3	10.8	°C/W		
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	40.8	7.2	3.1	°C/W		
Ψјв	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	95.4	81.9	10.8	°C/W		

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

SN74LVC2T45

SCES516K-DECEMBER 2003-REVISED JUNE 2017

www.ti.com

STRUMENTS

EXAS

6.5 Electrical Characteristics⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIO		V V	Т	A = 25°	0	–40°C to +85°C		UNIT	
		TEST CONDITIO	NS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
		I _{OH} = −100 μA		1.65 V to 4.5 V	1.65 V to 4.5 V				V _{CCO} - 0.1		
V _{OH}		$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$		1.65 V	1.65 V				1.2		
		$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$ V	$I = V_{IH}$	2.3 V	2.3 V				1.9		V
		I _{OH} = -24 mA		3 V	3 V				2.4		
		I _{OH} = -32 mA		4.5 V	4.5 V				3.8		
		I _{OL} = 100 μA		1.65 V to 4.5 V	1.65 V to 4.5 V					0.1	
V _{OL}		$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$		1.65 V	1.65 V					0.45	
		I _{OL} = 8 mA V	$I = V_{IL}$	2.3 V	2.3 V					0.3	V
		I _{OL} = 24 mA		3 V	3 V					0.55	
		I _{OL} = 32 mA		4.5 V	4.5 V					0.55	
I _I	DIR	$V_I = V_{CCA}$ or GND		1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V			±1		<u>+2</u>	μA
	A port			0 V	0 to 5.5 V			±1		<u>+2</u>	
I _{off} B port		$V_{\rm I}$ or $V_{\rm O}$ = 0 to 5.5 V		0 to 5.5 V	0 V			±1		<u>+2</u>	2 μA
I _{OZ}	A or B port	$V_{O} = V_{CCO}$ or GND		1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V			±1		±2	μA
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$		1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V					3	
I _{CCA}				5 V	0 V					2	μA
				0 V	5 V					-2	
				1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V					3	
I _{CCB}		$V_{I} = V_{CCI} \text{ or } GND, I_{O} = 0$		5 V	0 V					-2	μA
				0 V	5 V					2	
I _{CCA} + (see Ta		$V_{I} = V_{CCI} \text{ or } GND, I_{O}$	0 = 0	1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V					4	μA
	A port	One A port at V_{CCA} – DIR at V_{CCA} , B port = open	- 0.6 V,	0)///- 5 5 //						50	
∆I _{CCA}	DIR	$\begin{array}{l} \text{DIR at V}_{\text{CCA}} \ -0.6 \ \text{V}, \\ \text{B port = open,} \\ \text{A port at V}_{\text{CCA}} \ \text{or GNI} \end{array}$		- 3 V to 5.5 V	3 V to 5.5 V					50	μA
ΔI_{CCB}	B port	One B port at V _{CCB} – DIR at GND, A port =		3 V to 5.5 V	3 V to 5.5 V					50	μA
CI	DIR	$V_I = V_{CCA}$ or GND		3.3 V	3.3 V		2.5				pF
C _{io}	A or B port	$V_{O} = V_{CCA/B}$ or GND		3.3 V	3.3 V		6				pF

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{(1)} & V_{CCO} \mbox{ is the } V_{CC} \mbox{ associated with the output port.} \\ \mbox{(2)} & V_{CCI} \mbox{ is the } V_{CC} \mbox{ associated with the input port.} \end{array}$

6.6 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.8 V \pm 0.15 V$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 17)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ±0.15 V		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ±0.2 V		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ±0.3 V		V _{CCB} = 5 V ±0.5 V		UNIT
	(INPUT)		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	А	В	3	17.7	2.2	10.3	1.7	8.3	1.4	7.2	~~~
t _{PHL}	A	В	2.8	14.3	2.2	8.5	1.8	7.1	1.7	7	ns
t _{PLH}	В	A	3	17.7	2.3	16	2.1	15.5	1.9	15.1	
t _{PHL}	В		2.8	14.3	2.1	12.9	2	12.6	1.8	12.2	ns
t _{PHZ}	חוס	A	10.6	30.9	10.3	30.5	10.5	30.5	10.7	29.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	DIR		7.3	19.7	7.5	19.6	7.5	19.5	7	19.4	

Switching Characteristics: V_{CCA} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V (continued)

PARAMETER FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ±0.15 V		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ±0.2 V		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ±0.3 V		V _{CCB} = 5 V ±0.5 V		UNIT		
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX			
t _{PHZ}	חוס	В	10	27.9	8.4	14.9	6.5	11.3	4.1	8.6	20	
t _{PLZ}	DIR	В	6.5	19.5	7.2	12.6	4.3	9.7	2.1	7.1	ns	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾				37.2		28.6		25.2		22.2		
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	A		42.2		27.8		23.9		20.8	ns	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DID	P		37.4		29.9		27.8		26.6		
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	В		45.2		39		37.6		36.3	ns	

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 17)

(1) The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the *Enable Times* section.

6.7 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 17)

PARAMETER	PARAMETER FROM (INPUT)		V _{CCB} = 1 ±0.15	1.8 V 5 V	V _{CCB} = ±0.2		V _{CCB} = ±0.3		V _{CCB} = ±0.5	5 V V	UNIT	
	(INFOT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
t _{PLH}	А	В	2.3	16	1.5	8.5	1.3	6.4	1.1	5.1	~~	
t _{PHL}	A	Б	2.1	12.9	1.4	7.5	1.3	5.4	0.9	4.6	ns	
t _{PLH}	В	А	2.2	10.3	1.5	8.5	1.4	8	1	7.5	20	
t _{PHL}	Б	A	2.2	8.5	1.4	7.5	1.3	7	0.9	6.2	ns	
t _{PHZ}	DIR	•	6.6	17.1	7.1	16.8	6.8	16.8	5.2	16.5	ns	
t _{PLZ}	DIR	A	5.3	12.6	5.2	12.5	4.9	12.3	4.8	12.3	115	
t _{PHZ}	DIR	В	10.7	27.9	8.1	13.9	5.8	10.5	3.5	7.6	20	
t _{PLZ}	DIR	D	7.8	18.9	6.2	11.2	3.6	8.9	1.4	6.2	ns	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾		DID	•		29.2		19.7		16.9		13.7	20
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	A		36.4		21.4		17.5		13.8	ns	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	חוס	Р		28.6		21		18.7		17.4	20	
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	В	В 30		24.3		22.2		21.1	ns		

(1) The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the *Enable Times* section.

6.8 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 17)

PARAMETER	PARAMETER FROM (INPUT)		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ±0.15 V		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ±0.2 V		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ±0.3 V		V _{CCB} = 5 V ±0.5 V		UNIT
	(INPOT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	Α	В	2.1	15.5	1.4	8	0.7	5.6	0.7	4.4	
t _{PHL}	A	D	2	12.6	1.3	7	0.8	5	0.7	4	ns
t _{PLH}	В	А	1.7	8.3	1.3	6.4	0.7	5.8	0.6	5.4	20
t _{PHL}	D	A	1.8	7.1	1.3	5.4	0.8	5	0.7	4.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	חוס	DIR A	5	10.9	5.1	10.8	5	10.8	5	10.4	ns
t _{PLZ}	DIK	A	3.4	8.4	3.7	8.4	3.9	8.1	3.3	7.8	
t _{PHZ}	DIR	В	11.2	27.3	8	13.7	5.8	10.4	2.9	7.4	20
t _{PLZ}	DIR	D	9.4	17.7	5.6	11.3	4.3	8.3	1	5.6	ns
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾		٥		26		17.7		14.1		11	~~
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	A		34.4		19.1		15.4		11.9	ns

(1) The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the *Enable Times* section.

SCES516K-DECEMBER 2003-REVISED JUNE 2017

www.ti.com

Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (continued)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 17)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ±0.15 V	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ±0.2 V	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ±0.3 V	V _{CCB} = 5 V ±0.5 V	UNIT
	(INFOT)	(001-01)	MIN MAX	MIN MAX	MIN MAX	MIN MAX	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DID	В	23.9	16.4	13.9	12.2	~~
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	Б	23.5	17.8	15.8	14.4	ns

6.9 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 17)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = ⁻ ±0.15	1.8 V V	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ±0.2 V		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ±0.3 V		V _{CCB} = 5 V ±0.5 V		UNIT
	(INPUT)	(001901)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	А	В	1.9	15.1	1	7.5	0.6	5.4	0.5	3.9	20
t _{PHL}	A	Б	1.8	12.2	0.9	6.2	0.7	4.5	0.5	3.5	ns
t _{PLH}	В	А	1.4	7.2	1	5.1	0.7	4.4	0.5	3.9	
t _{PHL}	Б	A	1.7	7	0.9	4.6	0.7	4	0.5	3.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	DIR	А	2.9	8.2	2.9	7.9	2.8	7.9	2.2	7.8	ns
t _{PLZ}	DIK	A	1.4	6.9	1.3	6.7	0.7	6.7	0.7	6.6	113
t _{PHZ}	DIR	В	11.2	26.1	7.2	13.9	5.8	10.1	1.3	7.3	~~~
t _{PLZ}	DIR	D	8.4	16.9	5	11	4	7.7	1	5.6	ns
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	٨		24.1		16.1		12.1		9.5	20
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	A		33.1		18.5		14.1		10.8	ns
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	В		22		14.2		12.1		10.5	20
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	D		20.4		14.1		12.4		11.3	ns

(1) The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the *Enable Times* section.

6.10 Operating Characteristics

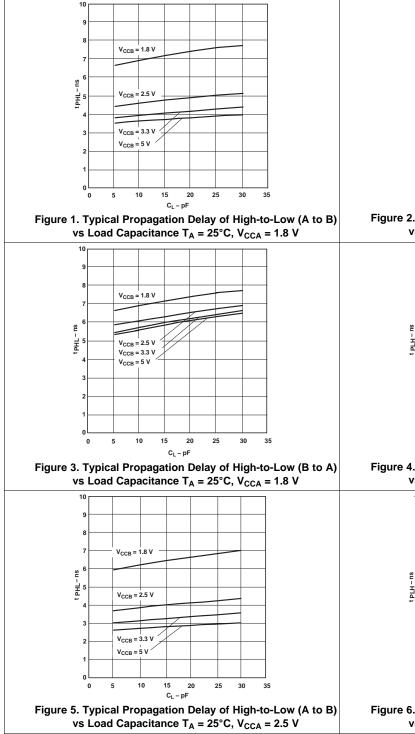
 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

F	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V TYP	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5 V TYP	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3.3 V TYP	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 5 V TYP	UNIT
C _{pdA} ⁽¹⁾	A-port input, B-port output	C _L = 0 pF, f = 10 MHz,	3	4	4	4	۶Ē
UpdA V	B-port input, A-port output	$t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	18	19	20	21	pF
c (1)	A-port input, B-port output	$C_L = 0 \text{ pF},$	18	19	20	21	- 5
C _{pdB} ⁽¹⁾	B-port input, A-port output	f = 10 MHz, $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	3	4	4	4	pF

(1) Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver



6.11 Typical Characteristics



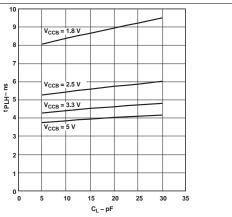


Figure 2. Typical Propagation Delay of Low-to-High (A to B) vs Load Capacitance $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{CCA} = 1.8$ V

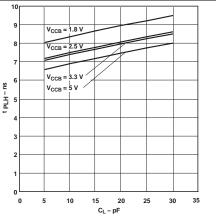
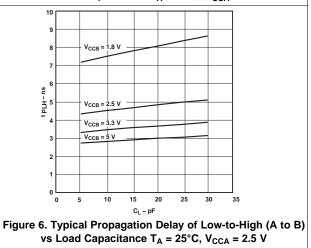


Figure 4. Typical Propagation Delay of Low-to-High (B to A) vs Load Capacitance T_A = 25°C, V_{CCA} = 1.8 V



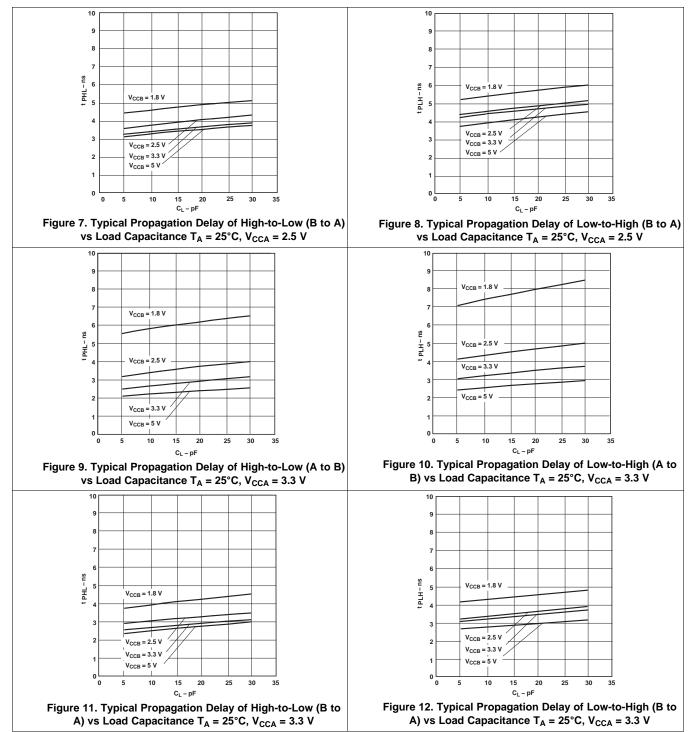
SN74LVC2T45

SCES516K-DECEMBER 2003-REVISED JUNE 2017



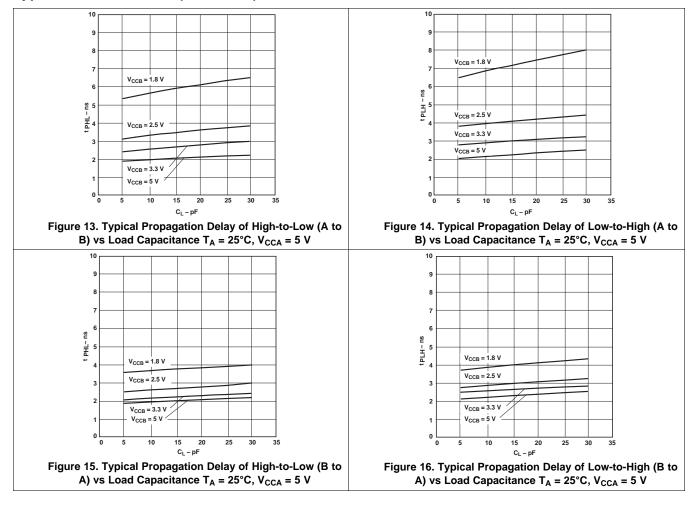
www.ti.com

Typical Characteristics (continued)





Typical Characteristics (continued)

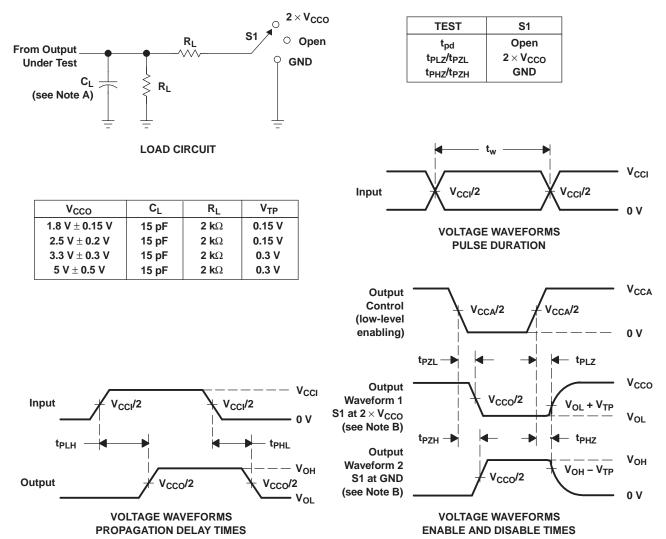




SN74LVC2T45 SCES516K-DECEMBER 2003-REVISED JUNE 2017

www.ti.com

7 Parameter Measurement Information



- NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.
 - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
 C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_Q = 50 Ω, dv/dt ≥ 1 V/ns.
 - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
 - E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
 - F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
 - G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .
 - H. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
 - I. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.
 - J. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 17. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The SN74LVC2T45 is dual-bit, dual-supply noninverting voltage level translation. Pin Ax and direction control pin are support by V_{CCA} and pin Bx are support by V_{CCB} . The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.65 V to 5.5 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The high on DIR allows data transmission from A to B and a low on DIR allows data transmission from B to A.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram

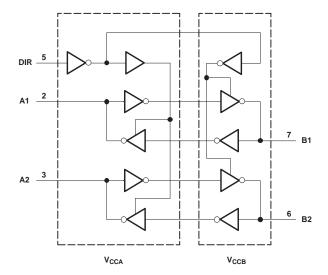


Figure 18. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.65-V to 5.5-V Power-Supply Range

Both V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} can be supplied at any voltage between 1.65 V and 5.5 V making the device suitable for translating between any of the voltage nodes (1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V and 5-V).

8.3.2 Support High-Speed Translation

SN74LVC2T45 can support high data rate application. The translated signal data rate can be up to 420 Mbps when signal is translated from 3.3 V to 5 V.

8.3.3 I_{off} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

I_{off} will prevent backflow current by disabling I/O output circuits when device is in partial-power-down mode.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 lists the functional modes of the SN74LVC2T45 device.

	()
INPUT DIR	OPERATION
L	B data to A bus
Н	A data to B bus

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC2T45

 Table 1. Function Table⁽¹⁾ (Each Transceiver)

(1) Input circuits of the data I/Os always are active.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The SN74LVC2T45 device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. The maximum data rate can be up to 420 Mbps when device translate signal from 3.3 V to 5 V.

9.2 Typical Applications

9.2.1 Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

Figure 19 shows an example of the SN74LVC2T45 being used in a unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

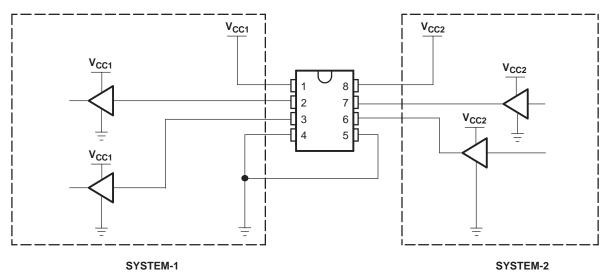


Figure 19. Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

Table 2 lists the pins and pin descriptions of the SN74LVC2T45 connections with SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2.

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
1	V _{CCA}	V _{CC1}	SYSTEM-1 supply voltage (1.65 V to 5.5 V)
2	A1	OUT1	Output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage.
3	A2	OUT2	Output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage.
4	GND	GND	Device GND
5	DIR	DIR	GND (low level) determines B-port to A-port direction.
6	B2	IN2	Input threshold value depends on V _{CC2} voltage.
7	B1	IN1	Input threshold value depends on V _{CC2} voltage.
8	V _{CCB}	V _{CC2}	SYSTEM-2 supply voltage (1.65 V to 5.5 V)

Table 2. SN74LVC2T45 Pin Connections With SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2



For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 3.

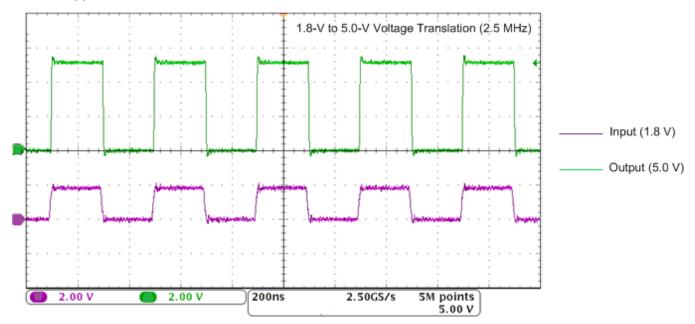
Table	3.	Design	Parameters
-------	----	--------	-------------------

EXAMPLE VALUE
1.65 V to 5.5 V
1.65 V to 5.5 V

9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the SN74LVC2T45 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the V_{IH} of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the V_{IL} of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the SN74LVC2T45 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.



9.2.1.3 Application Curve

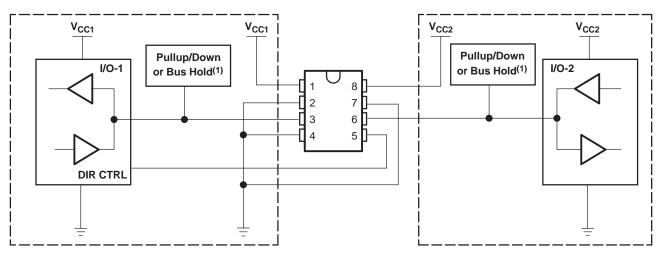


SN74LVC2T45

SCES516K-DECEMBER 2003-REVISED JUNE 2017

9.2.2 Bidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

Figure 20 shows the SN74LVC2T45 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application. Because the SN74LVC2T45 does not have an output-enable (OE) pin, the system designer should take precautions to avoid bus contention between SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2 when changing directions.



SYSTEM-1

SYSTEM-2



9.2.2.1 Design Requirements

Please refer to Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application.

9.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Table 4 shows data transmission from SYSTEM-1 to SYSTEM-2 and then from SYSTEM-2 to SYSTEM-1.

STATE	DIR CTRL	I/O-1	I/O-2	DESCRIPTION
1	Н	Out	In	SYSTEM-1 data to SYSTEM-2
2	Н	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	SYSTEM-2 is getting ready to send data to SYSTEM-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus- line state depends on pullup or pulldown. ⁽¹⁾
3	L	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	DIR bit is flipped. I/O-1 and I/O-2 still are disabled. The bus-line state depends on pullup or pulldown. ⁽¹⁾
4	L	In	Out	SYSTEM-2 data to SYSTEM-1

 Table 4. Data Transmission Sequence

(1) SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2 must use the same conditions, that is, both pullup or both pulldown.

9.2.2.2.1 Enable Times

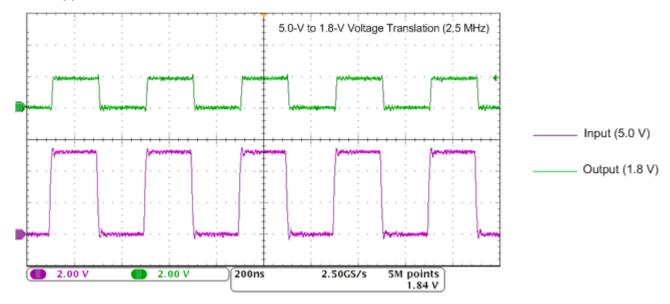
Calculate the enable times for the SN74LVC2T45 using the following formulas:

- t_{PZH} (DIR to A) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PLH} (B to A)
- t_{PZL} (DIR to A) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PHL} (B to A)
- t_{PZH} (DIR to B) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PLH} (A to B)
- t_{PZL} (DIR to B) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PHL} (A to B)

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the SN74LVC2T45 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched; the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.



9.2.2.3 Application Curve



10 Power Supply Recommendations

10.1 Power-Up Considerations

A proper power-up sequence with inputs held at ground should be followed as listed :

- 1. Connect ground before any supply voltage is applied.
- 2. Power up V_{CCA} .
- 3. V_{CCB} can be ramped up along with or after V_{CCA} .

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

Each V_{CC} pin must have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, 0.1 μ F is recommended. If there are multiple V_{CC} pins, 0.01 μ F or 0.022 μ F is recommended for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. A 0.1- μ F and 1- μ F are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor must be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.

v	V _{CCA}									
V _{CCB}	0 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5 V	UNIT				
0 V	0	<1	<1	<1	<1					
1.8 V	<1	<2	<2	<2	2					
2.5 V	<1	<2	<2	<2	<2	μA				
3.3 V	<1	<2	<2	<2	<2					
5 V	<1	2	<2	<2	<2					

Table 5. Typical Total Static Power Consumption (I_{CCA} + I_{CCB})

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.

SN74LVC2T45

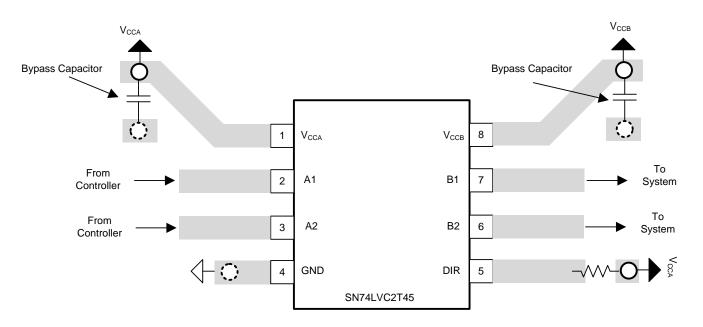
SCES516K-DECEMBER 2003-REVISED JUNE 2017

Layout Guidelines (continued)

 Placing pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals depending on the system requirements

11.2 Layout Example





Copyright © 2003-2017, Texas Instruments Incorporated

www.ti.com



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, SCBA004.

Designing with SN74LVCXT245 and SN74LVCHXT245 Family of Direction controlled voltage translators, SLVA746

12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.3 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E[™] Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support TI's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.4 Trademarks

NanoFree, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.6 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



15-May-2017

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN74LVC2T45DCTR	ACTIVE	SM8	DCT	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CT2 Z	Samples
SN74LVC2T45DCTRE4	ACTIVE	SM8	DCT	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CT2 Z	Samples
SN74LVC2T45DCTT	ACTIVE	SM8	DCT	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CT2 Z	Samples
SN74LVC2T45DCTTG4	ACTIVE	SM8	DCT	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CT2 Z	Samples
SN74LVC2T45DCUR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(CT2Q ~ CT2R ~ T2) CZ	Samples
SN74LVC2T45DCURE4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CT2R	Samples
SN74LVC2T45DCURG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CT2R	Samples
SN74LVC2T45DCUT	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(CT2Q ~ CT2R ~ T2) CZ	Samples
SN74LVC2T45DCUTG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CT2R	Samples
SN74LVC2T45YZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TB ~ TB7 ~ TBN)	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <= 1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <= 1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.



15-May-2017

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC2T45 :

- Automotive: SN74LVC2T45-Q1
- Enhanced Product: SN74LVC2T45-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects
- Enhanced Product Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

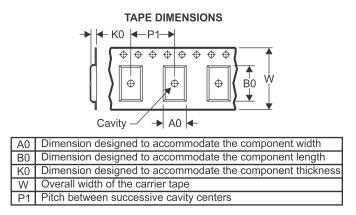
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com

Texas Instruments

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVC2T45DCTR	SM8	DCT	8	3000	180.0	13.0	3.35	4.5	1.55	4.0	12.0	Q3
SN74LVC2T45DCTT	SM8	DCT	8	250	180.0	13.0	3.35	4.5	1.55	4.0	12.0	Q3
SN74LVC2T45DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	9.0	2.05	3.3	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC2T45DCURG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC2T45DCUTG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC2T45YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	2.02	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1
SN74LVC2T45YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	180.0	8.4	1.02	2.02	0.63	2.0	8.0	Q1

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

3-Aug-2017



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LVC2T45DCTR	SM8	DCT	8	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
SN74LVC2T45DCTT	SM8	DCT	8	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
SN74LVC2T45DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
SN74LVC2T45DCURG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC2T45DCUTG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC2T45YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0
SN74LVC2T45YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0

MECHANICAL DATA

MPDS049B - MAY 1999 - REVISED OCTOBER 2002

DCT (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation DA.



DCT (R-PDSO-G8) PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE Example Board Layout Example Stencil Design (Note C,E) (Note D) - 6x0,65 - 6x0,65 8x0,25-8x1,55 3,40 3,40 Non Solder Mask Defined Pad Example Pad Geometry -0,30 (Note C) 1,60 Example -0,07 Non-solder Mask Opening All Around (Note E) 4212201/A 10/11

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



YZP0008



PACKAGE OUTLINE

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

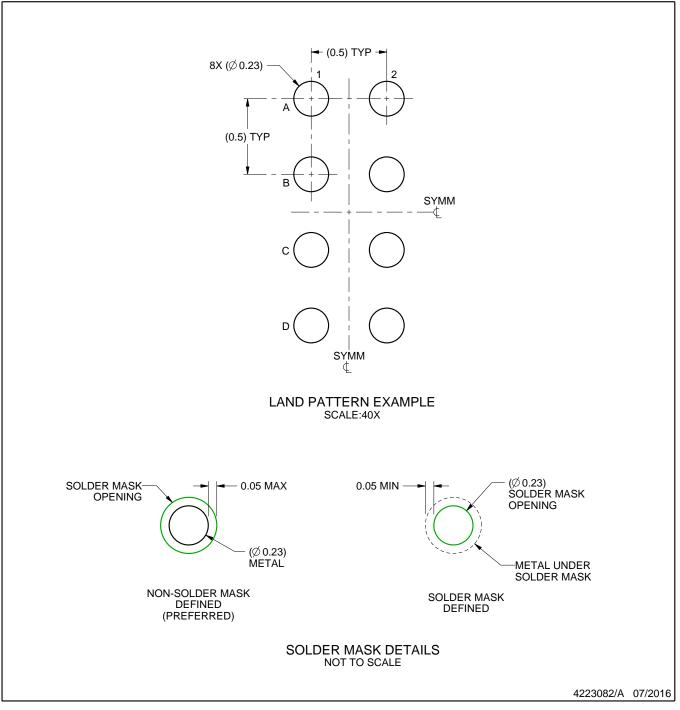


YZP0008

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

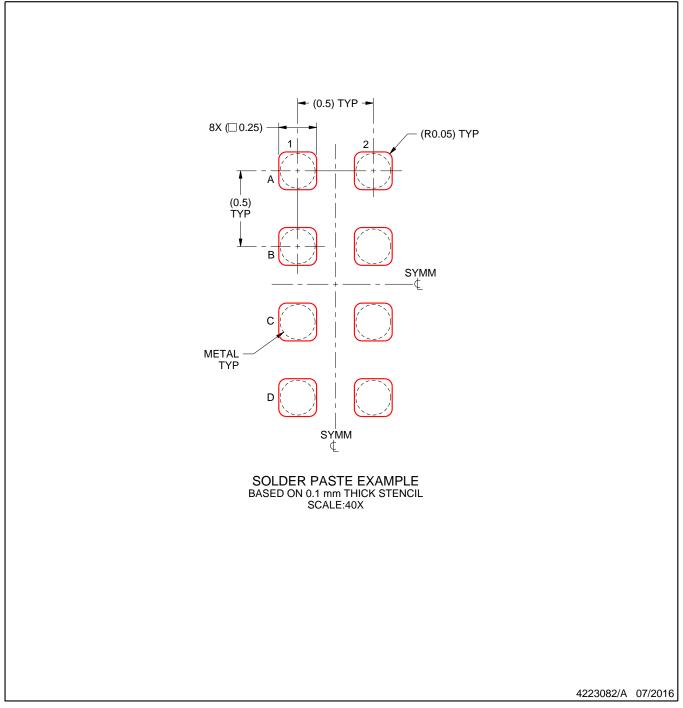


YZP0008

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



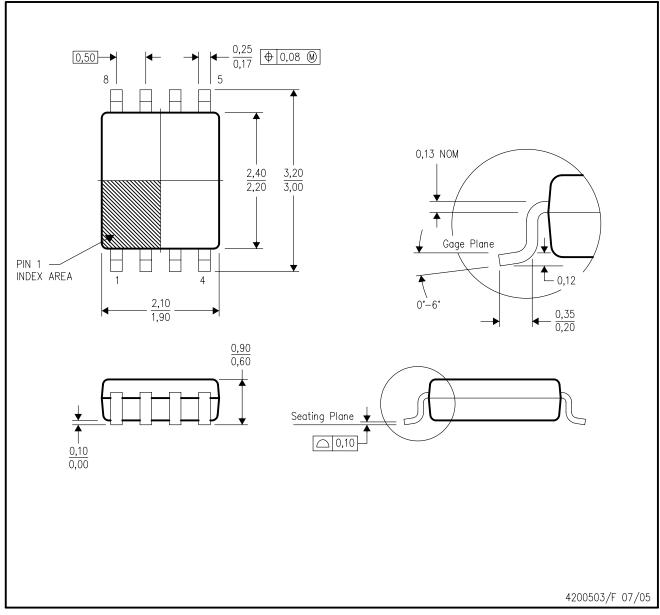
NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



DCU (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation CA.





- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. В. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated (TI) reserves the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete.

TI's published terms of sale for semiconductor products (http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/stdterms.htm) apply to the sale of packaged integrated circuit products that TI has qualified and released to market. Additional terms may apply to the use or sale of other types of TI products and services.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such reproduced documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions. Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyers and others who are developing systems that incorporate TI products (collectively, "Designers") understand and agree that Designers remain responsible for using their independent analysis, evaluation and judgment in designing their applications and that Designers have full and exclusive responsibility to assure the safety of Designers' applications and compliance of their applications (and of all TI products used in or for Designers' applications) with all applicable regulations, laws and other applicable requirements. Designer represents that, with respect to their applications, Designer has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards that (1) anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, (2) monitor failures and their consequences, and (3) lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate actions. Designer agrees that prior to using or distributing any applications that include TI products, Designer will thoroughly test such applications and the functionality of such TI products as used in such applications.

TI's provision of technical, application or other design advice, quality characterization, reliability data or other services or information, including, but not limited to, reference designs and materials relating to evaluation modules, (collectively, "TI Resources") are intended to assist designers who are developing applications that incorporate TI products; by downloading, accessing or using TI Resources in any way, Designer (individually or, if Designer is acting on behalf of a company, Designer's company) agrees to use any particular TI Resource solely for this purpose and subject to the terms of this Notice.

TI's provision of TI Resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable published warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products, and no additional obligations or liabilities arise from TI providing such TI Resources. TI reserves the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its TI Resources. TI has not conducted any testing other than that specifically described in the published documentation for a particular TI Resource.

Designer is authorized to use, copy and modify any individual TI Resource only in connection with the development of applications that include the TI product(s) identified in such TI Resource. NO OTHER LICENSE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE TO ANY OTHER TI INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT, AND NO LICENSE TO ANY TECHNOLOGY OR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT OF TI OR ANY THIRD PARTY IS GRANTED HEREIN, including but not limited to any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information regarding or referencing third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services, or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of TI Resources may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

TI RESOURCES ARE PROVIDED "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS. TI DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING RESOURCES OR USE THEREOF, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS, TITLE, ANY EPIDEMIC FAILURE WARRANTY AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND NON-INFRINGEMENT OF ANY THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS. TI SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR AND SHALL NOT DEFEND OR INDEMNIFY DESIGNER AGAINST ANY CLAIM, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY INFRINGEMENT CLAIM THAT RELATES TO OR IS BASED ON ANY COMBINATION OF PRODUCTS EVEN IF DESCRIBED IN TI RESOURCES OR OTHERWISE. IN NO EVENT SHALL TI BE LIABLE FOR ANY ACTUAL, DIRECT, SPECIAL, COLLATERAL, INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF TI RESOURCES OR USE THEREOF, AND REGARDLESS OF WHETHER TI HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

Unless TI has explicitly designated an individual product as meeting the requirements of a particular industry standard (e.g., ISO/TS 16949 and ISO 26262), TI is not responsible for any failure to meet such industry standard requirements.

Where TI specifically promotes products as facilitating functional safety or as compliant with industry functional safety standards, such products are intended to help enable customers to design and create their own applications that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Using products in an application does not by itself establish any safety features in the application. Designers must ensure compliance with safety-related requirements and standards applicable to their applications. Designer may not use any TI products in life-critical medical equipment unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special contract specifically governing such use. Life-critical medical equipment is medical equipment where failure of such equipment would cause serious bodily injury or death (e.g., life support, pacemakers, defibrillators, heart pumps, neurostimulators, and implantables). Such equipment includes, without limitation, all medical devices identified by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration as Class III devices and equivalent classifications outside the U.S.

TI may expressly designate certain products as completing a particular qualification (e.g., Q100, Military Grade, or Enhanced Product). Designers agree that it has the necessary expertise to select the product with the appropriate qualification designation for their applications and that proper product selection is at Designers' own risk. Designers are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such selection.

Designer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages, costs, losses, and/or liabilities arising out of Designer's noncompliance with the terms and provisions of this Notice.

> Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2017, Texas Instruments Incorporated