

25-BIT CONFIGURABLE REGISTERED BUFFER

FEATURES

- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus+™ Family
- Pinout Optimizes DDR2 DIMM PCB Layout
- Configurable as 25-Bit 1:1 or 14-Bit 1:2 **Registered Buffer**
- **Chip-Select Inputs Gate the Data Outputs from Changing State and Minimizes System Power** Consumption
- **Output Edge-Control Circuitry Minimizes** Switching Noise in an Unterminated Line

- Supports SSTL 18 Data Inputs •
- Differential Clock (CLK and CLK) Inputs •
- Supports LVCMOS Switching Levels on the Control and RESET Inputs

SCAS791A-OCTOBER 2006-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2007

- Supports Industrial Temperature Range (-40°C to 85°C)
- **RESET** Input Disables Differential Input • **Receivers, Resets All Registers, and Forces All Outputs Low**

DESCRIPTION

This 25-bit 1:1 or 14-bit 1:2 configurable registered buffer is designed for 1.7-V to 1.9-V VCC operation. In the 1:1 pinout configuration, only one device per DIMM is required to drive nine SDRAM loads. In the 1:2 pinout configuration, two devices per DIMM are required to drive 18 SDRAM loads.

All inputs are SSTL_18, except the reset (RESET) and control (Cn) inputs, which are LVCMOS. All outputs are edge-controlled circuits optimized for unterminated DIMM loads and meet SSTL 18 specifications.

The SN74SSTUB32864 operates from a differential clock (CLK and CLK). Data are registered at the crossing of CLK going high and CLK going low.

The C0 input controls the pinout configuration of the 1:2 pinout from register-A configuration (when low) to register-B configuration (when high). The C1 input controls the pinout configuration from 25-bit 1:1 (when low) to 14-bit 1:2 (when high). C0 and C1 should not be switched during normal operation. They should be hard-wired to a valid low or high level to configure the register in the desired mode. In the 25-bit 1:1 pinout configuration, the A6, D6, and H6 terminals are driven low and are do-not-use (DNU) pins.

In the DDR2 RDIMM application, RESET is specified to be completely asynchronous with respect to CLK and CLK. Therefore, no timing relationship can be ensured between the two. When entering reset, the register is cleared, and the data outputs are driven low quickly, relative to the time required to disable the differential input receivers. However, when coming out of reset, the register becomes active quickly, relative to the time required to enable the differential input receivers. As long as the data inputs are low, and the clock is stable during the time from the low-to-high transition of RESET until the input receivers are fully enabled, the design of the SN74SSTUB32864 ensures that the outputs remain low, thus ensuring there will be no glitches on the output.

To ensure defined outputs from the register before a stable clock has been supplied, RESET must be held in the low state during power up.

The device supports low-power standby operation. When RESET is low, the differential input receivers are disabled, and undriven (floating) data, clock, and reference voltage (V_{REF}) inputs are allowed. In addition, when RESET is low, all registers are reset and all outputs are forced low, except QERR. The LVCMOS RESET and Cn inputs always must be held at a valid logic high or low level.

ORDERING INFORMATION

| T _A | PACK | AGE ⁽¹⁾ | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING |
|----------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| -40°C to 85°C | LFBGA–ZKE | Tape and reel | SN74SSTUB32864ZKER | SB864 |

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



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These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

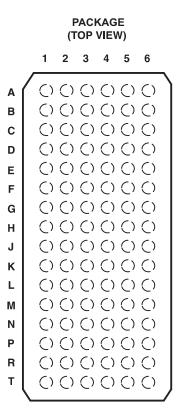
DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

The device also supports low-power active operation by monitoring both system chip select (\overline{DCS} and \overline{CSR}) inputs and gates the Qn outputs from changing states when both \overline{DCS} and \overline{CSR} inputs are high. If either DCS or CSR input is low, the Qn outputs function normally. The <u>RESET</u> input has priority over the \overline{DCS} and \overline{CSR} control and, when driven low, forces the Qn outputs low. If the DCS control functionality is not desired, the \overline{CSR} input can be hard-wired to ground, in which case the setup-time requirement for \overline{DCS} is the same as for the other D data inputs. To control the low-power mode with \overline{DCS} only, the \overline{CSR} input should be pulled up to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor.

The two V_{REF} pins (A3 and T3) are connected together internally by approximately 150 Ω . However, it is necessary to connect only one of the two V_{REF} pins to the external V_{REF} power supply. An unused V_{REF} pin should be terminated with a V_{REF} coupling capacitor.

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Terminal Assignments for 1:1 Register-A (C0 = 0, C1 = 0)

| _ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|---|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----|
| Α | D1 (DCKE) | NC | V_{REF} | V _{cc} | Q1 (QCKE) | DNU |
| В | D2 | D15 | GND | GND | Q2 | Q15 |
| S | D3 | D16 | V_{CC} | V _{CC} | Q3 | Q16 |
| D | D4 (DODT) | NC | GND | GND | Q4 (QODT) | DNU |
| Ε | D5 | D17 | V_{CC} | V _{CC} | Q5 | Q17 |
| F | D6 | D18 | GND | GND | Q6 | Q18 |
| G | NC | RESET | V _{CC} | V _{CC} | C1 | C0 |
| Н | CLK | D7 (DCS) | GND | GND | Q7 (<u>QCS</u>) | DNU |
| J | CLK | CSR | V_{CC} | V _{CC} | NC | NC |
| κ | D8 | D19 | GND | GND | Q8 | Q19 |
| L | D9 | D20 | V _{CC} | V _{CC} | Q9 | Q20 |
| М | D10 | D21 | GND | GND | Q10 | Q21 |
| Ν | D11 | D22 | V_{CC} | V _{CC} | Q11 | Q22 |
| Ρ | D12 | D23 | GND | GND | Q12 | Q23 |
| R | D13 | D24 | V _{CC} | V _{CC} | Q13 | Q24 |
| Т | D14 | D25 | V_{REF} | V _{CC} | Q14 | Q25 |

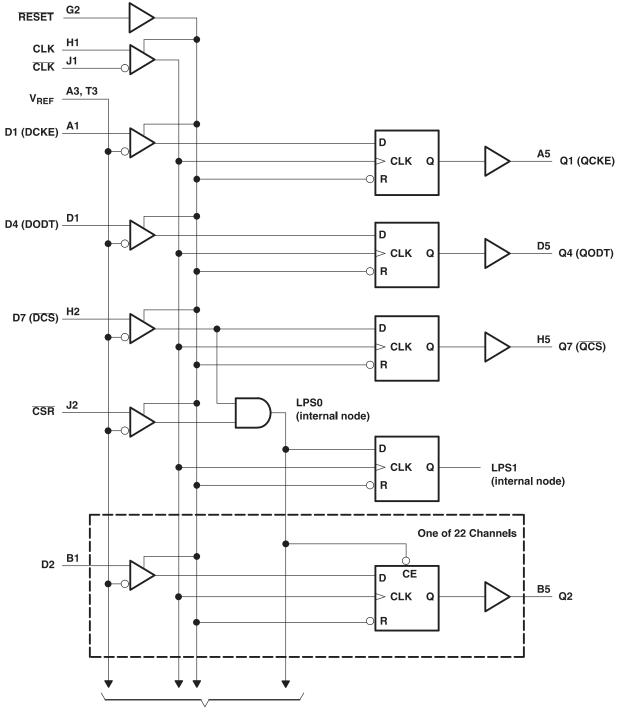
Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR2 DIMM signal name.

DNU - Do not use

NC - No internal connection

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Logic Diagram for 1:1 Register Configuration (Positive Logic); C0 = 0, C1 = 0



To 21 Other Channels (D3, D5, D6, D8–D25)



| | | | | PACKAGE (TOP VIEW) | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| | | | 1 2 | 3 4 5 | 6 | |
| | | | B () () C () () D () () E () () F () () G () () H () () K () () K () () N () () P () () | | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | ТССС |) () () () () | 0 | 6 |
| Α | 1 D1 (DCKE) | 2 NC | т <u>()</u> () 3 |) () () () 4 | C) 5 | 6 Q1B (QCKEB) |
| A B | 1 D1 (DCKE) D2 | | ТССС |) () () () () | 0 | 6 Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B |
| ł | D1 (DCKE) | NC | T () (3 V _{REF} | •) () () () 4 V _{cc} | 5 Q1A (QCKEA) | Q1B (QCKEB) |
| в | D1 (DCKE) D2 | NC DNU | T () (3 V _{REF} GND |) () () () 4 V _{cc} GND | () 5 Q1A (QCKEA) Q2A | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B |
| B S | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 | NC DNU DNU | T () () 3 V _{REF} GND V _{CC} | •) (-) (-) (-) 4 V _{CC} GND V _{CC} | 5 Q1A (QCKEA) Q2A Q3A | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B |
| B S D | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 D4 (DODT) | NC DNU DNU NC | T () (3 V _{REF} GND V _{CC} GND |) () () () () 4 V _{cc} GND V _{cc} GND | 5 Q1A (QCKEA) Q2A Q3A Q4A (QODTA) | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B Q4B(QODTB) |
| B S D E | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 D4 (DODT) D5 | NC DNU DNU NC DNU | T () (3 V _{REF} GND V _{CC} GND V _{CC} |) () () () () 4 V _{cc} GND V _{cc} GND V _{cc} | 5 Q1A (QCKEA) Q2A Q3A Q4A (QODTA) Q5A | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B Q4B(QODTB) Q5B |
| B S D E F | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 D4 (DODT) D5 D6 | NC DNU DNU NC DNU DNU | T () (3 V _{REF} GND V _{CC} GND V _{CC} GND | •) () () () () 4 V _{CC} GND V _{CC} GND V _{CC} GND | 5 Q1A (QCKEA) Q2A Q3A Q4A (QODTA) Q5A Q6A | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B Q4B(QODTB) Q5B Q6B |
| B S D E F G | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 D4 (DODT) D5 D6 NC | NC DNU DNU NC DNU DNU RESET | T () (3 V_{REF} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} | 4 V _{cc} GND V _{cc} GND V _{cc} GND V _{cc} | 5 Q1A (QCKEA) Q2A Q3A Q4A (QODTA) Q5A Q6A C1 | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B Q4B(QODTB) Q5B Q6B C0 |
| B D F G H | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 D4 (DODT) D5 D6 NC CLK | NC DNU DNU NC DNU DNU RESET D7 (DCS) | T $()$ () 3 V_{REF} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} GND | •) () () () () 4 V _{CC} GND V _{CC} GND V _{CC} GND V _{CC} GND | | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B Q4B(QODTB) Q5B Q6B C0 Q7B (QCSB) |
| B S D F G H J | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 D4 (DODT) D5 D6 NC CLK CLK | NC DNU DNU NC DNU DNU RESET D7 (DCS) CSR | T $()$ () 3 V_{REF} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} | 4 V _{CC} GND V _{CC} | 5 Q1A (QCKEA) Q2A Q3A Q4A (QODTA) Q5A Q6A C1 Q7A (QCSA) NC | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B Q4B(QODTB) Q5B Q6B C0 Q7B (QCSB) NC |
| B S D E F G H J K | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 D4 (DODT) D5 D6 NC CLK CLK D8 | NC DNU DNU DNU DNU RESET D7 (DCS) CSR DNU | T \bigcirc | $ \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ \mathbf{V}_{CC} \\ \mathbf{GND} \\ \mathbf{V}_{CC} \\ $ | | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B Q4B(QODTB) Q5B Q6B C0 Q7B (QCSB) NC Q8B |
| B S D E F G H J K L | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 D4 (DODT) D5 D6 NC CLK CLK D8 D9 | NC DNU DNU NC DNU DNU RESET D7 (DCS) CSR DNU DNU | T $()$ () 3 V_{REF} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} | $ \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ V_{CC} \\ GND \\ V_{CC} \\ QU \\ V_{CC} \\ V_{CC} \\ GND \\ V_{CC} \\ QU \\ $ | 5 Q1A (QCKEA) Q2A Q3A Q4A (QODTA) Q5A Q6A C1 Q7A (QCSA) NC Q8A Q9A | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B Q4B(QODTB) Q5B Q6B C0 Q7B (QCSB) NC Q8B Q9B |
| B S D E F G H J K L M | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 D4 (DODT) D5 D6 NC CLK CLK D8 D9 D10 | NC DNU DNU NC DNU DNU RESET D7 (DCS) CSR DNU DNU DNU DNU | T \bigcirc | $ \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ V_{CC} \\ GND \\ V_{CC} \\ $ | | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B Q4B(QODTB) Q5B Q6B C0 Q7B (QCSB) NC Q8B Q9B Q10B |
| B S D E F G H J K L M N | D1 (DCKE) D2 D3 D4 (DODT) D5 D6 NC CLK CLK D8 D9 D10 D11 | NC DNU DNU NC DNU DNU RESET D7 (DCS) CSR DNU DNU DNU DNU DNU | T $()$ () 3 V_{REF} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} GND V_{CC} | $ \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ V_{CC} \\ GND \\ V_{CC} \\ QU \\ $ | 5 Q1A (QCKEA) Q2A Q3A Q4A (QODTA) Q5A Q6A C1 Q7A (QCSA) NC Q8A Q9A Q10A Q11A | Q1B (QCKEB) Q2B Q3B Q4B(QODTB) Q5B Q6B C0 Q7B (QCSB) NC Q8B Q9B Q10B Q11B |

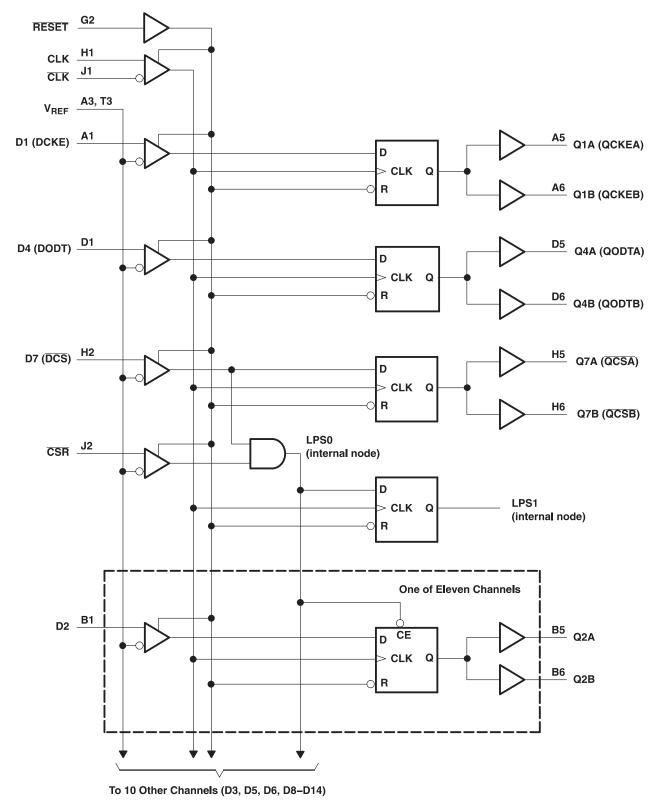
Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR2 DIMM signal name.

DNU - Do not use

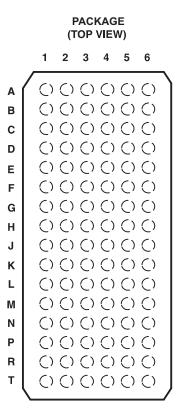
NC - No internal connection

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Logic Diagram for 1:2 Register-A Configuration (Positive Logic); C0 = 0, C1 = 1







Terminal Assignments for 1:2 Register-b (C0 = 1, C1 = 1)

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|---|------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Α | D1 | NC | V_{REF} | V _{CC} | Q1A | Q1B |
| В | D2 | DNU | GND | GND | Q2A | Q2B |
| S | D3 | DNU | V_{CC} | V _{CC} | Q3A | Q3B |
| D | D4 | NC | GND | GND | Q4A | Q4B |
| Е | D5 | DNU | V_{CC} | V _{CC} | Q5A | Q5B |
| F | D6 | DNU | GND | GND | Q6A | Q6B |
| G | NC | RESET | V _{CC} | V _{CC} | C1 | C0 |
| Н | CLK | D7 (DCS) | GND | GND | Q7A (QCSA) | Q7B (QCSB) |
| J | CLK | CSR | V_{CC} | V _{CC} | NC | NC |
| Κ | D8 | DNU | GND | GND | Q8A | Q8B |
| L | D9 | DNU | V_{CC} | V _{CC} | Q9A | Q9B |
| Μ | D10 | DNU | GND | GND | Q10A | Q10B |
| Ν | D11 (DODT) | DNU | V_{CC} | V _{CC} | Q11A (QODTA) | Q11B (QODTB) |
| Ρ | D12 | DNU | GND | GND | Q12A | Q12B |
| R | D13 | DNU | V _{CC} | V _{CC} | Q13A | Q13B |
| Т | D14 (DCKE) | DNU | V_{REF} | V _{cc} | Q14A (QCKEA) | Q14B (QCKEB) |

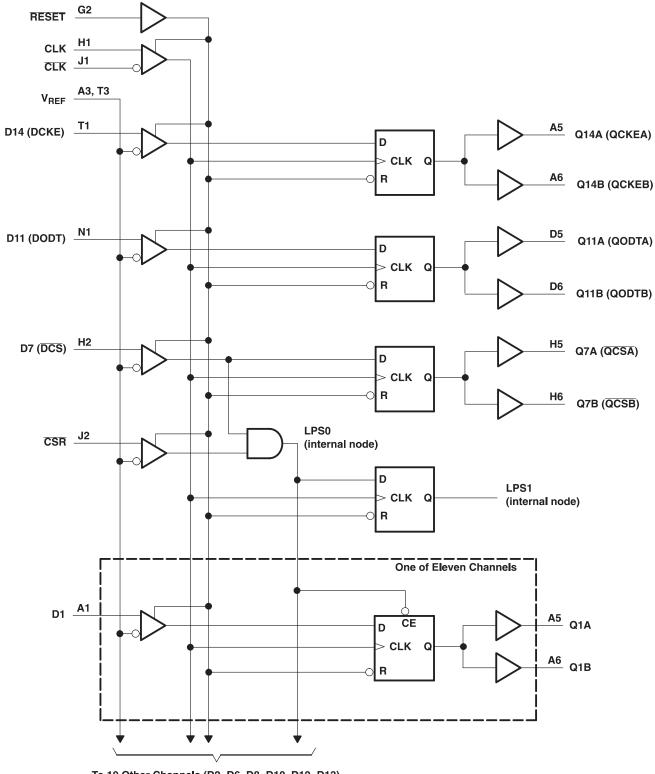
Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR2 DIMM signal name.

DNU - Do not use

NC - No internal connection

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Logic Diagram for 1:2 Register-B Configuration C0 = 1, C1 = 1



To 10 Other Channels (D2–D6, D8–D10, D12–D13)



TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

| TERMINAL NAME | DESCRIPTION | ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| GND | Ground | Ground input |
| V _{CC} | Power-supply voltage | 1.8 V nominal |
| V _{REF} | Input reference voltage | 0.9 V nominal |
| CLK | Positive master clock input | Differential input |
| CLK | Negative master clock input | Differential input |
| C0, C1 | Configuration control input. Register A or Register B and 1:1 mode or 1:2 mode select. | LVCMOS inputs |
| RESET | Asynchronous reset input. Resets registers and disables V_{REF} , data, and clock differential-input receivers. When RESET is low, all Q outputs are forced low and the QERR output is forced high. | LVCMOS input |
| D1-D25 | Data input. Clocked in on the crossing of the rising edge of CLK and the falling edge of CLK. | SSTL_18 inputs |
| CSR, DCS | Chip select inputs. Disables D1–D25 ⁽¹⁾ outputs switching when both inputs are high | SSTL_18 inputs |
| DODT | The outputs of this register bit will not be suspended by the $\overline{\text{DCS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ control. | SSTL_18 input |
| DCKE | The outputs of this register bit will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control. | SSTL_18 input |
| Q1–Q25 ⁽²⁾ | Data outputs that are suspended by the DCS and CSR control. | 1.8 V CMOS outputs |
| QCS | Data output that will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control | 1.8 V CMOS output |
| QODT | Data output that will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control | 1.8 V CMOS output |
| QCKE | Data output that will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control | 1.8 V CMOS output |
| NC | No internal connection | |
| DNU | Do not use. Inputs are in standby-equivalent mode, and outputs are driven low. | |

 (1) Data inputs = D2, D3, D5, D6, D8-D25 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 0 Data inputs = D2, D3, D5, D6, D8-D14 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 1 Data inputs = D1-D6, D8-D10, D12, D13 when C0 = 1 and C1 = 1.D

(2) Data outputs = Q_2 , Q_3 , Q_5 , Q_6 , Q_8 - Q_{25} when $C_0 = 1$ and $C_1 = 1$.

Data outputs = Q2, Q3, Q5, Q6, Q8-Q14 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 0Data outputs = Q1-Q6, Q8-Q10, Q12, Q13 when C0 = 1 and C1 = 1.

INPUTS OUTPUTS CLK RESET DCS Dn CSR CLK Qn Н L Х L L 1 ↓ Н L Х Î \downarrow Н Н Н Х L L L ↓ Î Х L Н н Н 1 \downarrow Н Н н Х Q_0 Î ↓ Х Х Х Н L or H L or H Q_0 L X or Floating L

FUNCTION TABLE

FUNCTION TABLE

| | INP | | OUTPUTS | |
|-------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| RESET | CLK | CLK | DCKE, DCS, DODT | QCKE, QCS, QODT |
| Н | 1 | \downarrow | Н | Н |
| Н | 1 | \downarrow | L | L |
| н | L or H | L or H | Х | Q ₀ |
| L | X or Floating | X or Floating | X or Floating | L |



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

| | | | VALUE | UNIT |
|------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage range | | -0.5 to 2.5 | V |
| VI | Input voltage range ^{(2) (3)} | | -0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5 | V |
| Vo | Output voltage range ^{(2) (3)} | | –0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5 | V |
| I _{IK} | Input clamp current, $(V_1 < 0 \text{ or } V_1 > V_{CC})$ | | ±50 | mA |
| I _{OK} | Output clamp current, $(V_O < 0 \text{ or } V_O > V_O)$ | с) | ±50 | mA |
| lo | Continuous output current ($V_0 = 0$ to V_{CC} |) | ±50 | mA |
| I _{CC} | Continuous current through each $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize CC}}$ or | GND | ±100 | mA |
| | | No airflow | 39.8 | |
| Б | Thermal impedance, | Airflow 150 ft/min | 34.1 | |
| R _{θJA} | junction-to-ambient ⁽⁴⁾ | Airflow 250 ft/min | 33.6 | K/W |
| | | Airflow 500 ft/min | 32.5 | |
| $R_{\theta JB}$ | Thermal resistance, junction-to-board ⁽⁴⁾ | No airflow | 14.5 | |
| T _{stg} | Storage temperature range | • | -65 to 150 | °C |

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

(3) This value is limited to 2.5 V maximum.

(4) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS⁽¹⁾

| | | | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage | | 1.7 | | 1.9 | V |
| V_{REF} | Reference voltage | | $0.49 \times V_{CC}$ | $0.5 \times V_{\text{CC}}$ | $0.51\times V_{CC}$ | V |
| V _{TT} | Termination voltage | | V _{REF} -40 mV | V _{REF} | V _{REF} + 40 mV | V |
| VI | Input voltage | | 0 | | VCC | V |
| VIH | AC high-level input voltage | Data inputs, CSR | V _{REF} + 250 mV | | | V |
| V _{IL} | AC low-level input voltage | Data inputs, CSR | | | V _{REF} –250 mV | V |
| VIH | DC high-level input voltage | Data inputs, CSR | V _{REF} + 125 mV | | | V |
| V _{IL} | DC low-level input voltage | Data inputs, CSR | | | V _{REF} -125 mV | V |
| VIH | High-level input voltage | RESET, C _n | $0.65 \times V_{CC}$ | | | V |
| V _{IL} | Low-level input voltage | RESET, C _n | | | $0.35 \times V_{CC}$ | V |
| VICR | Common-mode input voltage range | CLK, CLK | 0.675 | | 1.125 | V |
| V _{I(PP)} | Peak-to-peak input voltage | CLK, CLK | 600 | | | mV |
| I _{OH} | High-level output current | Q outputs | | | -8 | mA |
| I _{OL} | Low-level output current | Q outputs | | | 8 | mA |
| T _A | Operating free-air temperature | | -40 | | 85 | °C |

(1) The RESET and Cn inputs of the device must be held at valid logic voltage levels (not floating) to ensure proper device operation. The differential inputs must not be floating unless RESET is low. See the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs* (SCBA004).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | | V _{cc} | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------|---|--|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----|------------------|
| M | 0 autouta | I _{OH} = -100 μA | | 1.7V to 1.9V | V _{CC} -0.2 | | | |
| V _{OH} | Q outputs | I _{OH} = -6 mA | | 1.7V | 1.3 | | | V |
| | O contracto | I _{OL} = 100 μA | | 1.7V to 1.9V | | | 0.2 | V |
| V _{OL} | Q outputs | $I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$ | | 1.7V | | | 0.4 | V |
| h | All inputs ⁽²⁾ | $V_{I} = V_{CC}$ or GND | | 1.9V | | | ±5 | μA |
| | Static standby | RESET = GND | | | | | 200 | μA |
| I _{CC} | Static operating | $\label{eq:RESET} \begin{array}{ c c } \hline RESET = V_{CC}, \ V_{I} = V_{IH(AC)} \ or \\ V_{IL(AC)} \end{array}$ | I _O = 0 | 1.9V | | | 40 | mA |
| Dyna only | Dynamic operating – clock only | $\label{eq:RESET} \begin{array}{l} \overline{\text{RESET}} = V_{CC}, \ V_{I} = V_{IH(AC)} \ \text{or} \\ V_{IL(AC)}, \ CLK \ \text{and} \ \overline{\text{CLK}} \ \text{switching} \\ 50\% \ \text{duty} \ \text{cycle} \end{array}$ | | | | 45 | | µA/MHz |
| I _{CCD} | Dynamic operating – per each data input, 1:1 configuration | $\frac{\text{RESET}}{\text{RESET}} = V_{CC}, V_{I} = V_{\text{IH(AC)}} \text{ or } V_{\text{IL(AC)}}, \text{CLK and CLK switching} \\ 50\% \text{ duty cycle, one data input}$ | I _O = 0 | 1.8V | | 43 | | µA clock MHz/ |
| | Dynamic operating – per each data input, 1:2 configuration | switching at one-half clock frequency, 50% duty cycle | | | | 60 | | D input |
| | Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode – clock only | $\label{eq:RESET} \begin{array}{ c c c c } \hline RESET = V_{CC}, \ V_I = V_{IH(AC)} \ or \\ V_{IL(AC)}, \ CLK \ and \ CLK \ switching \\ 50\% \ duty \ cycle \end{array}$ | | | | 45 | | µA/MHz |
| I _{CCDLP} | Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode - 1:1 configuration | $\frac{\text{RESET}}{\text{RESET}} = V_{CC}, V_{I} = V_{IH(AC)} \text{ or } V_{IL(AC)}, CLK \text{ and } CLK \text{ switching}$ | I _O = 0 | 1.8V | | 2 | | µA clock MHz/ |
| | Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode – 1:2 configuration | 50% duty cycle, one data input switching at one-half clock frequency, 50% duty cycle | | | | 3 | | D input |
| | Data inputs, CSR | $V_I = V_{REF} \pm 250 \text{ mV}$ | | | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | |
| Ci | CLK, CLK | $V_{ICR} = 0.9 \text{ V}, V_{I(PP)} = 600 \text{ mV}$ | | 1.8V | 2 | | 3 | pF |
| | RESET | $V_{I} = V_{CC}$ or GND | | | | 4 | | |

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 1.8 V, T_A = 25°C. (2) Each V_{REF} pin (A3 or T3) should be tested independently, with the other (untested) pin open.

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TIMING REQUIREMENTS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2 and ⁽¹⁾

| | | | V _{CC} = 1.8 V | ± 0.1 V | |
|-----------------|----------------|---|-------------------------|---------|------|
| | | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| fclock | Clock freque | ency | | 410 | MHz |
| tw | Pulse durati | on, CLK, CLK high or low | 1 | | ns |
| tact | Differential i | nputs active time ⁽²⁾ | | 10 | ns |
| tinact | Differential i | nputs inactive time ⁽³⁾ | | 15 | ns |
| | | DCS before $CLK\uparrow$, $\overline{CLK}\downarrow$, \overline{CSR} high; \overline{CSR} before $CLK\uparrow$, $\overline{CLK}\downarrow$, \overline{DCS} high | 600 | | |
| t _{su} | Setup time | DCS before CLK↑, CLK↓, CSR low | 500 | | ps |
| | | DODT, DCKE, and Data before CLK↑, CLK↓ | 500 | | |
| t _h | Hold time | $\overline{\text{DCS}}$, DODT, DCKE, and Data after CLK [↑] , $\overline{\text{CLK}}$ | 400 | | ps |

(1) All inputs slew rate is 1 V/ns \pm 20%.

(2)

 V_{REF} must be held at a valid input level, and data inputs must be held low for a minimum time of t_{act} max, after RESET is taken high. V_{REF} , data, and clock inputs must be held at valid voltage levels (not floating) for a minimum time of t_{inact} max, after RESET is taken high. (3)

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | FROM | то | V _{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0 |).1 V | UNIT |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------------------|-------|------|
| | PARAMETER | (INPUT) | (OUTPUT) | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| f _{max} | See Figure 2 | | | 410 | | MHz |
| t _{pdm} | Production test, See Figure 1 | CLK and CLK | Q | 0.4 | 0.8 | ns |
| $t_{\text{RPHL}}^{(1)}$ | See Figure 2 | RESET | Q | | 3 | ns |

(1) Includes 350-ps test-load transmission-line delay.

OUTPUT SLEW RATES

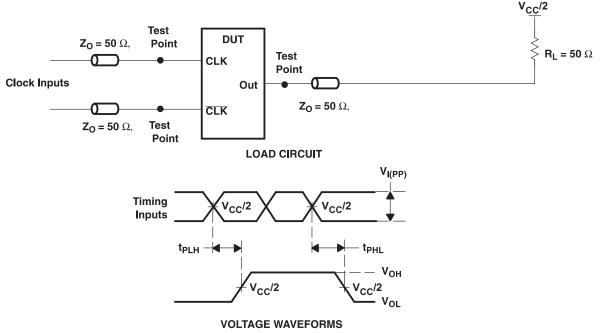
over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

| PARAMETER | FROM | то | $V_{CC} = 1.8 V \pm 0.1 V$ | | UNIT |
|------------------------|------------|------------|----------------------------|-----|------|
| FARAMETER | FROM | 10 | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| dV/dt_r | 20% | 80% | 1 | 4 | V/ns |
| dV/dt_f | 80% | 20% | 1 | 4 | V/ns |
| $dV/dt_{\Delta^{(1)}}$ | 20% or 80% | 80% or 20% | | 1 | V/ns |

(1) Difference between dV/dt_r (rising edge rate) and dV/dt_f (falling edge rate).



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES

Figure 1. Output Load For Production Test

PROPAGATION DELAY (Design Goal as per JEDEC Specification)

| PARAMETER | FROM | то | V _{CC} = 1.8 V : | UNIT | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------|---------------------------|------|------|
| FARAMETER | (INPUT) | (OUTPUT) | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| t _{pdm} ⁽¹⁾ | CLK and CLK | Q | 1.1 | 1.5 | ns |
| t _{pdmss} ⁽²⁾ | CLK and CLK | Q | | 1.6 | ns |

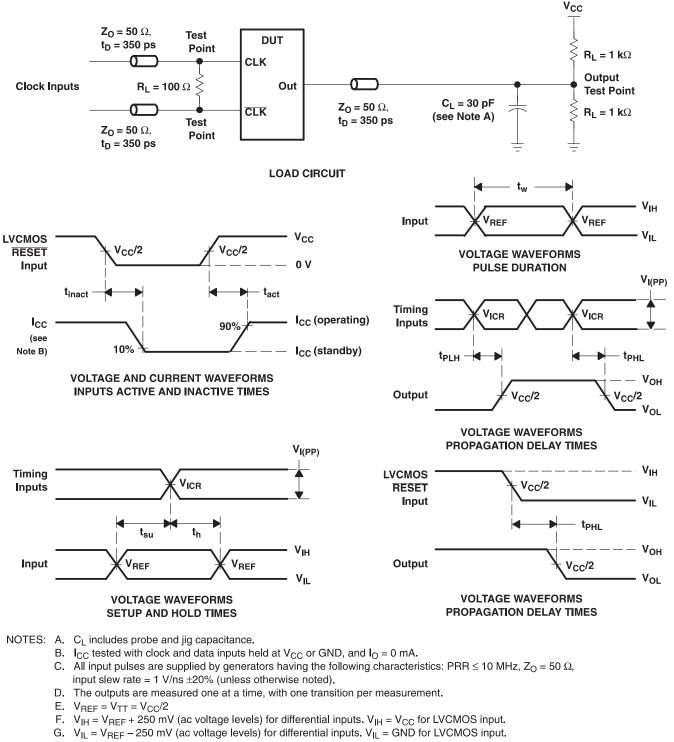
(1) Includes 350 psi test-load transmission delay line

(2) Includes 350 psi test-load transmission delay line

SN74SSTUB32864

SCAS791A-OCTOBER 2006-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2007





- H. $V_{I(PP)} = 600 \text{ mV}$
- I. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .

Figure 2. Data Output Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

The typical values below are for standard raw cards. Test equipment used was the JEDEC register validation board using pattern 0x43, 0x4F, and 0x5A.

| RAW CARD | t _{pd} | OVERSHOOT | |
|----------|-----------------|-----------|--------|
| | MIN | MAX | |
| A/F | 1.2 ns | 1.6 ns | 140 mV |
| B/G | 1.3 ns | 2.0 ns | 430 mV |
| C/H | 1.3 ns | 2.0 ns | 430 mV |

Table 1. Raw Card Values ^{(1) (2)}

(1) All values are valid under nominal conditions and minimum/maximum of typical signals on one typical DIMM.

(2) Measurements include all jitter and ISI effects.



PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | e Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan (2) | Lead finish/ Ball material (6) | MSL Peak Temp (3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------|------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------|
| SN74SSTUB32864NMJR | ACTIVE | NFBGA | NMJ | 96 | 1000 | RoHS & Green | SNAGCU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 85 | SB864 | Samples |

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(⁶⁾ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



| *All dimensions are nominal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
| SN74SSTUB32864NMJR | NFBGA | NMJ | 96 | 1000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 5.7 | 13.7 | 2.0 | 8.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |



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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

26-Oct-2022



*All dimensions are nominal

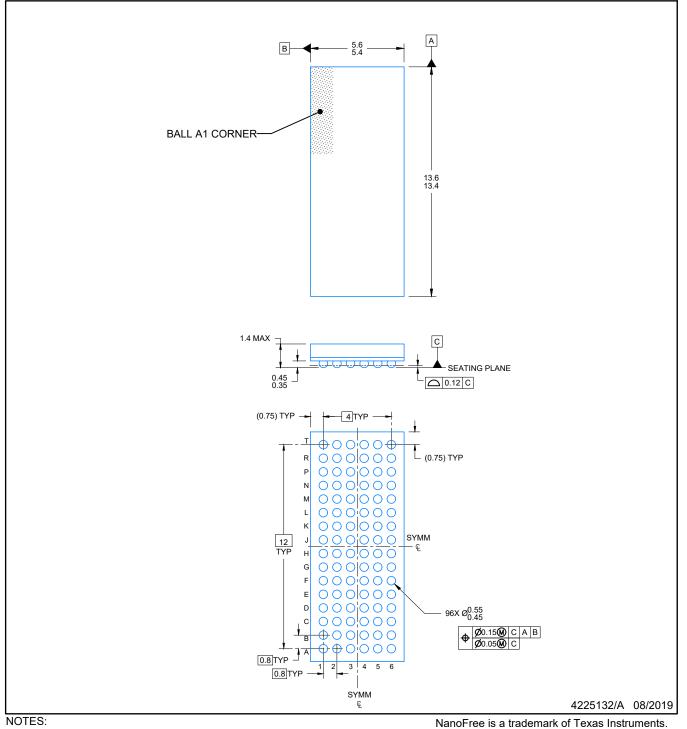
| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| SN74SSTUB32864NMJR | NFBGA | NMJ | 96 | 1000 | 350.0 | 350.0 | 43.0 |

NMJ0096A

PACKAGE OUTLINE

NFBGA - 1.4 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

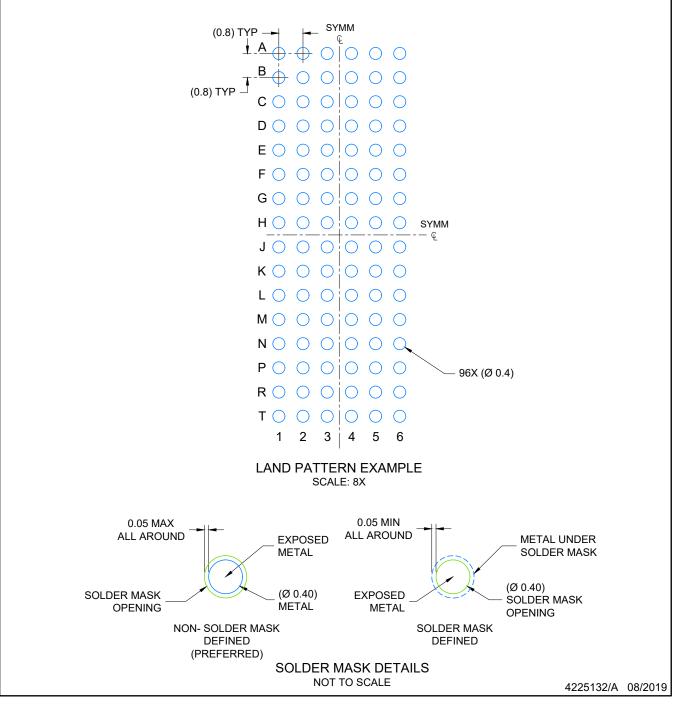


NMJ0096A

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

NFBGA - 1.4 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. Refer to Texas Instruments Literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

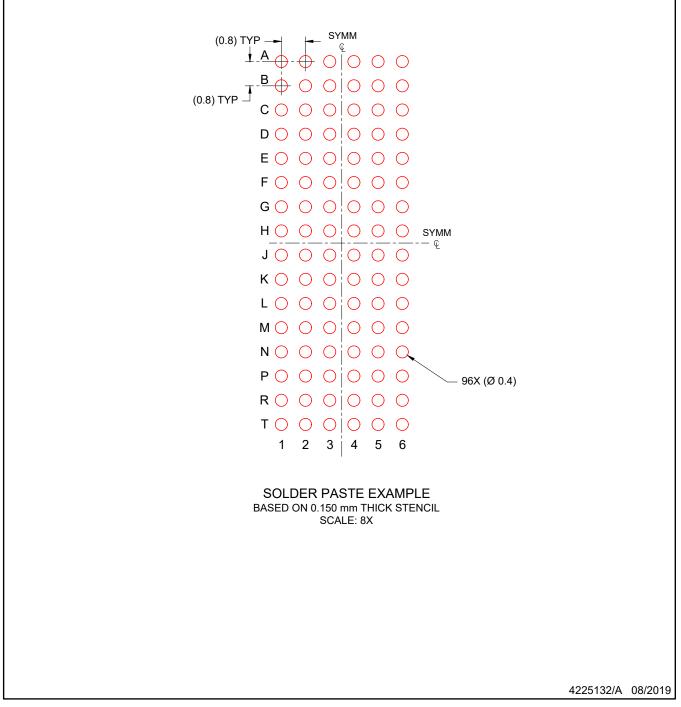


NMJ0096A

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

NFBGA - 1.4 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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