

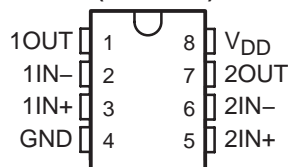
# LinCMOS™ DUAL DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATOR

TLC352

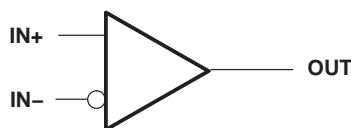
SLCS016A – SEPTEMBER 1985 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2002

- Single- or Dual-Supply Operation
- Wide Range of Supply Voltages  
1.5 V to 18 V
- Very Low Supply Current Drain  
150  $\mu$ A Typ at 5 V  
65  $\mu$ A Typ at 1.4 V
- Built-In ESD Protection
- High Input Impedance . . .  $10^{12} \Omega$  Typ
- Extremely Low Input Bias Current 5 pA Typ
- Ultrastable Low Input Offset Voltage
- Input Offset Voltage Change at Worst-Case Input Conditions Typically 0.23  $\mu$ V/ Month, Including the First 30 Days
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Ground
- Outputs Compatible With TTL, MOS, and CMOS
- Pin-Compatible With LM393

TLC352C, TLC352I . . . D OR P PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



symbol (each comparator)



## description

This device is fabricated using LinCMOS™ technology and consists of two independent voltage comparators, each designed to operate from a single power supply. Operation from dual supplies is also possible if the difference between the two supplies is 1.4 V to 18 V. Each device features extremely high input impedance (typically greater than  $10^{12} \Omega$ ), which allows direct interface to high-impedance sources. The output are n-channel open-drain configurations and can be connected to achieve positive-logic wired-AND relationships. The capability of the TLC352 to operate from 1.4-V supply makes this device ideal for low-voltage battery applications.

The TLC352 has internal electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection circuits and has been classified with a 2000-V ESD rating tested under MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015. However, care should be exercised in handling this device as exposure to ESD may result in degradation of the device parametric performance.

The TLC352C is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C. The TLC352I is characterized for operation over the industrial temperature range of – 40°C to 85°C.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T <sub>A</sub>	V <sub>IO</sub> max AT 25°C	PACKAGE	
		SMALL-OUTLINE (D)	PLASTIC DIP (P)
0°C to 70°C	5 mV	TLC352CD	TLC352CP
– 40°C to 85°C	5 mV	TLC352ID	TLC352IP

The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TLC352 CDR).

LinCMOS is a trademark of Texas Instruments Incorporated.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



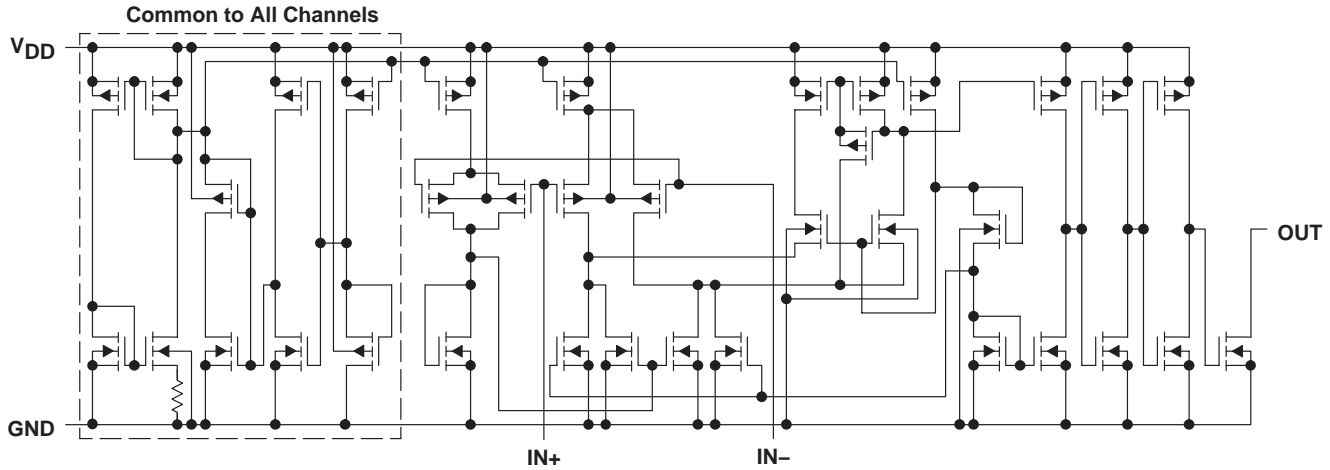
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# TLC352 LinCMOS™ DUAL DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATOR

SLCS016A – SEPTEMBER 1985 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2002

## equivalent schematic (each comparator)



## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, $V_{DD}$ (see Note 1)	18 V
Differential input voltage, $V_{ID}$ (see Note 2)	$\pm 18$ V
Input voltage, $V_I$	$V_{DD}$
Input voltage range, $V_I$	$-0.3$ V to 18 V
Output voltage, $V_O$	18 V
Input current, $I_I$	$\pm 5$ mA
Output current, $I_O$	20 mA
Duration of output short circuit to ground (see Note 3)	unlimited
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, $T_A$ TLC352C	$0^\circ\text{C}$ to $70^\circ\text{C}$
TLC352I	$-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $85^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range	$-65^\circ\text{C}$ to $150^\circ\text{C}$
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds: D or P package	$260^\circ\text{C}$

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values except differential voltages are with respect to the network ground.  
 2. Differential voltages are at  $IN+$  with respect to  $IN-$ .  
 3. Short circuits from outputs to  $V_{DD}$  can cause excessive heating and eventual device destruction.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR	DERATE ABOVE $T_A$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D	500 mW	5.8 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$64^\circ\text{C}$	464 mW	377 mW
P	500 mW	N/A	N/A	500 mW	500 mW



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### recommended operating conditions

	TLC352C		TLC352I		UNIT
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Supply voltage, $V_{DD}$	1.4	16	1.4	16	V
Common-mode input voltage, $V_{IC}$	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$				
	0	3.5	0	3.5	V
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$	$V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$				
	0	8.5	0	8.5	V
	0	70	-40	85	°C

### electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 1.4\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$ †	TLC352C			TLC352I			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = V_{ICR}\text{ min.}$ See Note 4	25°C	2	5	5	2	5	mV	
		Full range	6.5			7			
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current		25°C	1			1		pA	
		MAX	0.3			1			
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current		25°C	5			5		pA	
		MAX	0.6			2			
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range		Full range	0 to 0.2			0 to 0.2			V
		25°C	100	200	200	100	200		
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage		Full range	200			200			mV
		25°C	1	1.6		1	1.6		
$I_{OL}$ Low-level output current	$V_{ID} = -0.5\text{ V}, V_{OL} = 0.3\text{ V}$	25°C	65	150	150	65	150	mA	
		Full range	200			200			
$I_{DD}$ Supply current (two comparators)	$V_{ID} = 0.5\text{ V},$ No load	25°C	65	150	150	65	150	μA	
		Full range	200			200			

† All characteristics are measured with zero common-mode input voltage unless otherwise noted. Full range is 0°C to 70°C for TLC352C, -40°C to 85°C for TLC352I. IMPORTANT: See Parameter Measurement Information.

NOTE 4: The offset voltage limits given are the maximum values required to drive the output above 1.25 V or below 150 mV with a 10-kΩ resistor between the output and  $V_{DD}$ . They can be verified by applying the limit value to the input and checking for the appropriate output state.

# TLC352

## LinCMOS™ DUAL DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATOR

SLCS016A – SEPTEMBER 1985 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2002

### electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$ †	TLC352C			TLC352I			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = V_{ICR}$ min, See Note 5	25°C	1	5	5	1	5	5	mV
		Full range		6.5			7		
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current		25°C	1			1			pA
		MAX		0.3			1		
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current		25°C	5			5			pA
		MAX		0.6			2		
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range		25°C	0 to $V_{DD} - 1$			0 to $V_{DD} - 1$			V
		Full range	0 to $V_{DD} - 1.5$			0 to $V_{DD} - 1.5$			
$I_{OH}$ High-level output current	$V_{OH} = 5\text{ V}$ $V_{OH} = 15\text{ V}$	25°C	0.1			0.1			nA
		Full range		1			1		
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$	25°C	150	400	400	150	400	400	mV
		Full range		700	700		700		
$I_{OL}$ Low-level output current	$V_{ID} = -1\text{ V}$ , $V_{OL} = 1.5\text{ V}$	25°C	6	16	16	6	16	16	mA
		Full range		0.15	0.3		0.15	0.3	
$I_{DD}$ Supply current (two comparators)	No load	25°C		0.3	0.4		0.3	0.4	mA
		Full range		0.4	0.4		0.4	0.4	

† All characteristics are measured with zero common-mode input voltage unless otherwise noted. Full range is 0°C to 70°C for TLC352C, -40°C to 85°C for TLC352I. IMPORTANT: See Parameter Measurement Information.

NOTE 5: The offset voltage limits given are the maximum values required to drive the output above 4 V or below 400 mV with a 10-k $\Omega$  resistor between the output and  $V_{DD}$ . They can be verified by applying the limit value to the input and checking for the appropriate output state.

### switching characteristics, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TLC352C, TLC352I		UNIT	
		MIN	TYP		MAX
Response time	$R_L$ connected to 5 V through 5.1 k $\Omega$ , $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ †, See Note 6		650		ns
		TTL-level input step	200		

†  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

NOTE 6: The response time specified is the interval between the input step function and the instant when the output crosses 1.4 V.

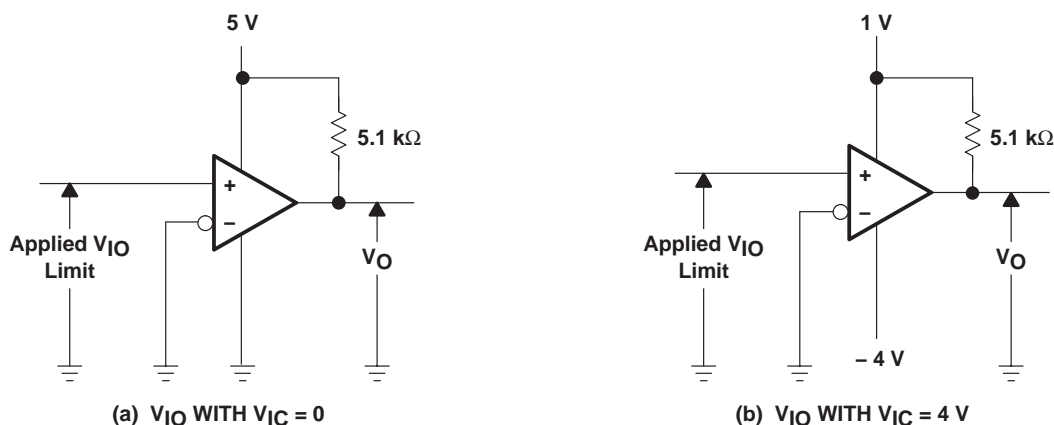
### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

The digital output stage of the TLC352 can be damaged if it is held in the linear region of the transfer curve. Conventional operational amplifier/comparator testing incorporates the use of a servo loop that is designed to force the device output to a level within this linear region. Since the servo-loop method of testing cannot be used, the following alternative for measuring parameters such as input offset voltage, common-mode rejection, etc., are offered.

To verify that the input offset voltage falls within the limits specified, the limit value is applied to the input as shown in Figure 1(a). With the noninverting input positive with respect to the inverting input, the output should be high. With the input polarity reversed, the output should be low.

A similar test can be made to verify the input offset voltage at the common-mode extremes. The supply voltages can be slewed as shown in Figure 1(b) for the  $V_{ICR}$  test, rather than changing the input voltages, to provide greater accuracy.

A close approximation of the input offset voltage can be obtained by using a binary search method to vary the differential input voltage while monitoring the output state. When the applied input voltage differential is equal but opposite in polarity to the input offset voltage, the output changes state.



**Figure 1. Method for Verifying That Input Offset Voltage Is Within Specified Limits**

# TLC352 LinCMOS™ DUAL DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATOR

SLCS016A – SEPTEMBER 1985 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2002

## PARAMETER INFORMATION

Figure 2 illustrates a practical circuit for direct dc measurement of input offset voltage that does not bias the comparator into the linear region. The circuit consists of a switching-mode servo loop in which U1a generates a triangular waveform of approximately 20-mV amplitude. U1b acts as a buffer, with C2 and R4 removing any residual dc offset. The signal is then applied to the inverting input of the comparator under test, while the noninverting input is driven by the output of the integrator formed by U1c through the voltage divider formed by R9 and R10. The loop reaches a stable operating point when the output of the comparator under test has a duty cycle of exactly 50%, which can only occur when the incoming triangle wave is sliced symmetrically or when the voltage at the noninverting input exactly equals the input offset voltage.

Voltage divider R9 and R10 provides a step up of the input offset voltage by a factor of 100 to make measurement easier. The values of R5, R8, R9, and R10 can significantly influence the accuracy of the reading; therefore, it is suggested that their tolerance level be 1% or lower.

Measuring the extremely low values of input current requires isolation from all other sources of leakage current and compensation for the leakage of the test socket and board. With a good picoammeter, the socket and board leakage can be measured with no device in the socket. Subsequently, this open-socket leakage value can be subtracted from the measurement obtained with a device in the socket to obtain the actual input current of the device.

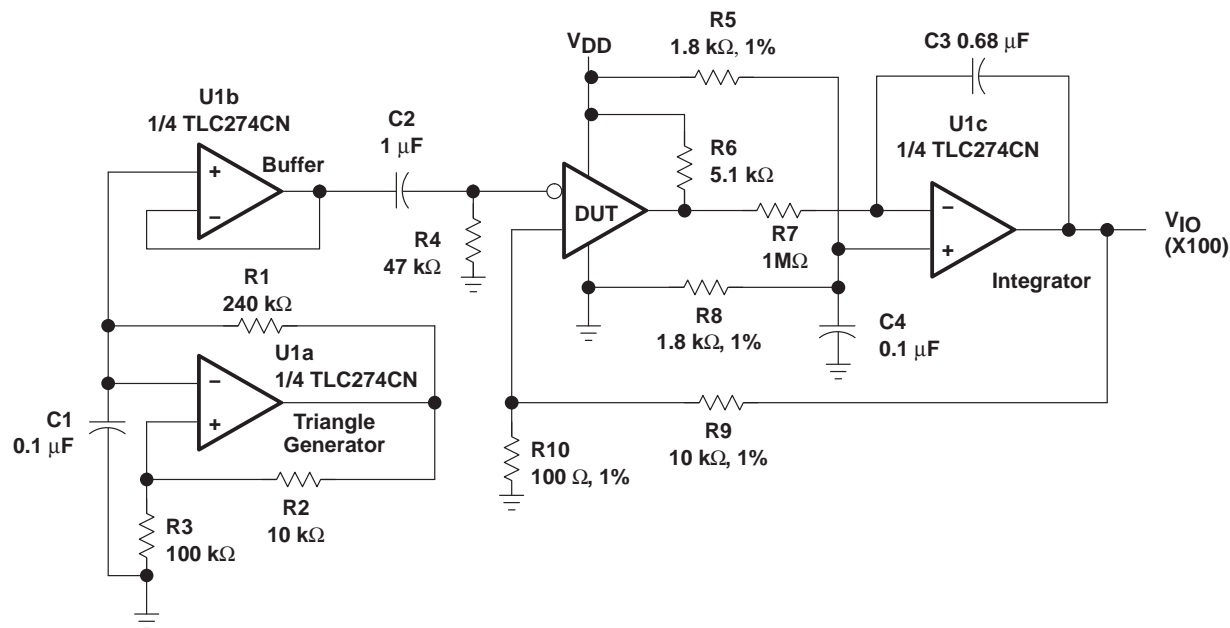
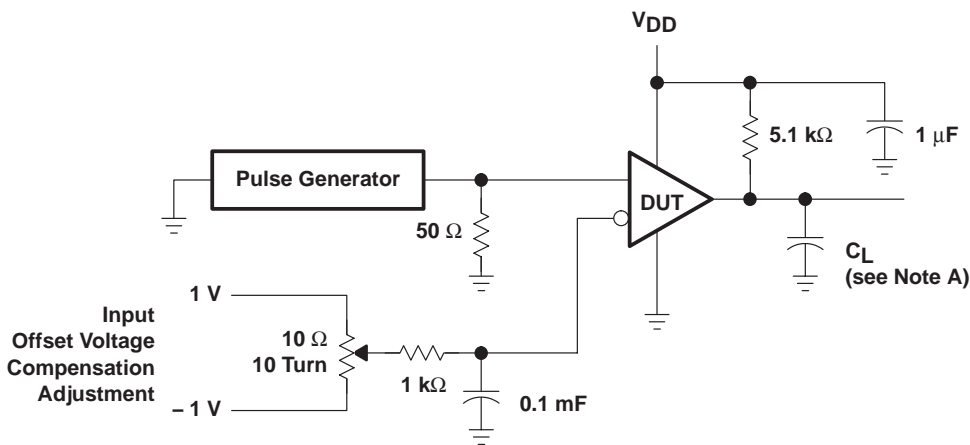


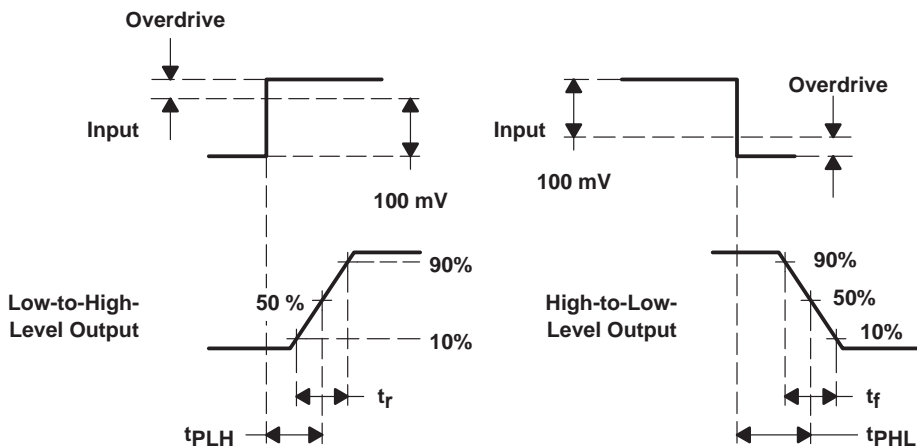
Figure 2. Circuit for Input Offset Voltage Measurement

### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Response time is defined as the interval between the application of an input step function and the instant when the output reaches 50% of its maximum value. Response time, low-to-high-level output, is measured from the leading edge of the input pulse, while response time, high-to-low level output, is measured from the trailing edge of the input pulse. Response-time measurement at low input signal levels can be greatly affected by the input offset voltage. The offset voltage should be balanced by the adjustment at the inverting input (as shown in Figure 3) so that the circuit is just at the transition point. Then a low signal, for example 105-mV or 5-mV overdrive, causes the output to change state.



TEST CIRCUIT



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

NOTE A:  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

**Figure 3. Response, Rise, and Fall Times Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLC352CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	352C	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352CDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	352C	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352CDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	352C	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352CDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	352C	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352CP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	TLC352CP	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352CPE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	TLC352CP	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352CPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	P352	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	352I	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	352I	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	352I	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352IDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	352I	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352IP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	TLC352IP	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	P352I	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352IPWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	P352I	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	P352I	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLC352IPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	P352I	<a href="#">Samples</a>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:  
**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.



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**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSELETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLC352CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC352CPWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	330.0	12.4	7.0	3.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC352IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC352IPWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	330.0	12.4	7.0	3.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLC352CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
TLC352CPWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TLC352IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
TLC352IPWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0

P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



4040082/E 04/2010

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.

PW0008A



**PACKAGE OUTLINE**  
**TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height**

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



4221848/A 02/2015

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153, variation AA.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

PW0008A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
SCALE:10X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS  
NOT TO SCALE

4221848/A 02/2015

NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

PW0008A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:10X

4221848/A 02/2015



NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  -  Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
  -  Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
  - E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4211283-2/E 08/12

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
  - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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