



www.ti.com SCDS317 – MARCH 2011

5V, 5-BITS VIDEO EXCHANGE SWITCH FOR DUAL VGA SOURCE TO SINK -2V UNDERSHOOT PROTECTION WITH LOW ON-STATE RESISTANCE

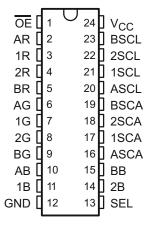
Check for Samples: TS5V522C

FEATURES

- Bidirectional Data Flow, With Near-Zero Propagation Delay
- High Bandwidth, 380MHZ (typ) RGB Switching
- Low ON-State Resistance (ron) Characteristics (ron =3 Ω Typical)
- Low Input/Output Capacitance Minimizes
 Loading and Signal Distortion (CIO(OFF) = 8pF
 Typical)
- Undershoot Clamp Diodes on Data and Control Inputs.
- Low Power Consumption (Icc = 3uA Max.)
- Vcc Operation Range from 4V to 5.5V
- Data I/Os Support 0 to 5-V Signaling Levels (0.8V, 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, 4V)
- Allow to pull up resistor up to 5V on the I/O
- I_{off} Supports Live Insertion, Partial Power Down Mode, and Back Drive Protection
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100Ma Per JESD 78, Class II.
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

APPLICATIONS

- Digital and Analog Signal Interface
- Audio and Video Signal Interface
- High Speed Signal Bus Exchange
- Bus Isolation, Interleaving
- Notebook Computer Graphics Control



DESCRIPTION

The TS5V522C is high bandwidth analog switches offering a 2:2 dual-graphics crossover solution for VGA signal switching. The device is designed for switching between 2 VGA sources to either of the two destinations within a laptop computer. The TS5V522C integrates 5 very high-frequency 380Mhz (typ) SPDT switches for RGB signals, 2 pairs of level-translating buffer for the HSYNC and VSYNC lines, and integrated ESD protection. The 5 crossover switches can be controlled by either 5V or 3.3V TTL control signals.

The TS5V522C would bypass the VGA analog signal to destination with less distortions. DDC Channel (SCA, SCL) may require to +5Vopen drain level at the VGA connector and it may require a pull up resistor on the destination side. Active undershoot-protection circuitry on the data ports of the TS5V522C provide protection for undershoots up to -2V by sensing an undershoot event and ensuring that the switch remains in the proper off state.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pull up resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.







These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

T _A	PACKAGE ⁽²⁾		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
40°C to 95°C	SSOP (QSOP) – DBQ	Tape and Reel	TS5V522CDBQR	TS5V522C
–40°C to 85°C	TSSOP – PW	Tape and Reel	TS5V522CPWR	TE522C

For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI Web site at www.ti.com.

Table 1. FUNCTION TABLE

CON	TROL	INPUT/OUTPUTS		FUNDTIONS	
ŌĒ	SEL	1 X	2 X	FUNCTION	15
L	L	ΑX	вх	1X port = AX port 2x port = BX port	
L	Н	вх	ΑX	1X port = BX port 2x port = AX port	
Н	Х	Z	Z	Disconnec	pt .

Table 2. PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
xR, xG, xB	Analog Video I/Os
xSCL, xSCA	Analog sync I/Os
ŌĒ	Enable pin
ĒN	Input select

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TRUMENTS

Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.

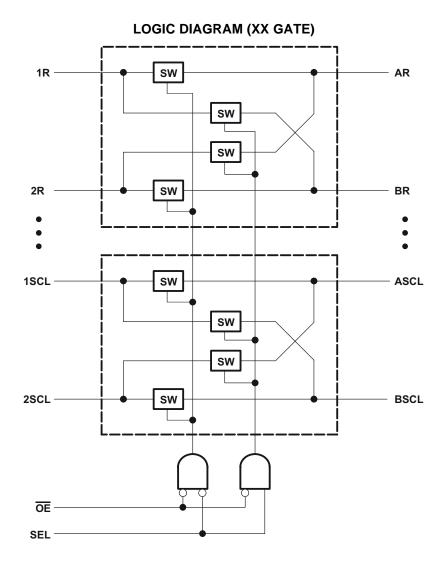


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PARAMETER DEFINITIONS

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION
r _{ON}	Resistance between the input and output ports with the switch in the ON-state
I _{OZ}	Output leakage current measured at the D and S ports with the switch in the OFF-state
I _{OS}	Short circuit current measured at the I/O pins.
V _{IN}	Voltage at the IN pin
V _{EN}	Voltage at the EN pin
C _{IN}	Capacitance at the control inputs (EN, IN)
C_{OFF}	Capacitance at the analog I/O port when the switch is OFF
C _{ON}	Capacitance at the analog I/O port when the switch is ON
V_{IH}	Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control inputs (EN, IN)
V_{IL}	Minimum input voltage for logic low for the control inputs (EN, IN)
V_{H}	Hysteresis voltage at the control inputs (EN, IN)
V_{IK}	I/O and control inputs diode clamp voltage (EN, IN)
V_{I}	Voltage applied to the I/O pins when I/O is the switch input.
Vo	Voltage applied to the I/O pins when I/O is the switch output.
I _{IH}	Input high leakage current of the control inputs (EN, IN)
I _{IL}	Input low leakage current of the control inputs (EN, IN)
I _I	Current into the I/O pins when I/O is the switch input.
I _O	Current into the I/O pins when I/O is the switch output.
I _{off}	Output leakage current measured at the I/O ports with $V_{CC} = 0$
t _{ON}	Propagation delay measured between 50% of the digital input to 90% of the analog output when switch is turned ON.
t _{OFF}	Propagation delay measured between 50% of the digital input to 90% of the analog output when switch is turned OFF.
BW	Frequency response of the switch in the ON-state measured at –3 dB
X _{TALK}	Unwanted signal coupled from channel to channel. Measured in –dB. $X_{TALK} = 20 \text{ LOG } V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$. This is a non-adjacent crosstalk.
O_{IRR}	Off-isolation is the resistance (measured in -dB) between the input and output with the switch OFF.
D_G	Magnitude variation between analog input and output pins when the switch is ON and the DC offset of composite video signal varies at the analog input pin. In NTSC standard the frequency of the video signal is 3.58 MHz and DC offset is from 0 to 0.714 V.
D_P	Phase variation between analog input and output pins when the switch is ON and the DC offset of composite video signal varies at the analog input pin. In NTSC standard the frequency of the video signal is 3.58 MHz and DC offset is from 0 to 0.714 V.
Icc	Static power supply current
I _{CCD}	Variation of I _{CC} for a change in frequency in the control inputs (EN, IN)
ΔI _{CC}	This is the increase in supply current for each control input that is at the specified voltage level, rather than V_{CC} or GND.







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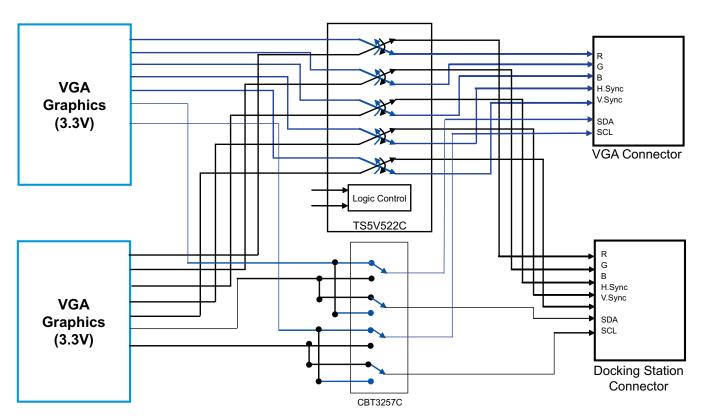
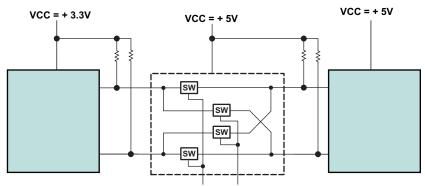


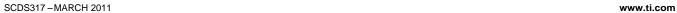
Figure 1. Typical Design Examples for Dual VGA Source Signal Exchange



Design Notes:

- DDC (SCL,SDA) is open drain I²C Bus type and need pull up resistors.
 N-Channel FET Switch allow to pull up desired Vcc Level not exceeding the Vcc of FET Switch
- 2. VGA (H.Sync, V.Sync) are TTL/CMOS Type from the source of V ideo and it may required pull up to achieve as high as 5V Signal level to meet VGA Specifications too.

Figure 2. Typical Design Example for Level Shifting with N-Channel FET Switch



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage range			-0.5	7	V
V _{IN}	Control input voltage range (2)(3			-0.5	7	V
V _{I/O}	Output voltage range (2)(3)(4)			-0.5	7	V
I _{IK}	Control input clamp current	V _{IN} < 0			-50	mA
I _{I/OK}	I/O port clamp current	V _{I/O} < 0			-50	mA
I _{I/O}	ON-state switch current ⁽⁵⁾				±128	mA
	Continuous current through V _C	or GND			±100	mΑ
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range			-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- (2) All input and output negative voltages are with respect to ground unless otherwise specified.
- (3) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- (4) V_I and V_O are used to denote specific conditions for $V_{I/O}$.
- (5) I_I and I_O are used to denote specific conditions of I_{I/O}.

THERMAL IMPEDANCE RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

				UNIT
0	Declare the small investigate	DBQ package ⁽¹⁾	90	, AA
θ_{JA}	Package thermal impedance	PW package ⁽¹⁾	108	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	4	5.5	V
V _{IH}	High-level control input voltage (EN, IN)	2	5.5	V
V _{IL}	Low-level control input voltage (EN, IN)	0	0.8	V
V _{ANALOG}	Analog input/output voltage	0	V _{CC}	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40	85	V

⁽¹⁾ All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implication of slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(1)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PAF	RAMETER		TEST CONDITION	IS	MIN	TYP ⁽²⁾	MAX	UNIT	
V _{IK}	EN, IN	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	I _{IN} = -18 mA				-1.8	V	
V_{H}	EN, IN						400	mV	
I _{IH}	EN, IN	$V_{CC} = 5.5 V$,	V_{IN} and $V_{EN} = V_{CC}$				±1	μΑ	
I _{IL}	EN, IN	$V_{CC} = 5.5 V,$	V_{IN} and $V_{EN} = GND$				±1	μΑ	
I _{OZ} ⁽³⁾		$V_{CC} = 5.5 V,$	$V_O = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$ $V_I = 0,$	Switch OFF			±10	μΑ	
I _{OS}		V _{CC} = 5.5 V,	$V_O = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$ $V_I = 0,$	Switch ON			±110	mA	
I _{off}		$V_{CC} = 0 V$,	$V_0 = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$	V _I = 0			±1	μΑ	
I _{CC}		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$I_{I/O} = 0,$	Switch ON or OFF			3	μΑ	
ΔI_{CC}	ĒN, IN	$V_{CC} = 5.5 V,$	One input at 3.4 V,	Other Inputs at V_{CC} or GND			2.5	mA	
I _{CCD}	·	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{EN} = \text{GND},$	I/O ports are open,	V _{IN} switching 50% duty cycle			0.25	mA/MHz	
C _{in}	EN, IN	V_{IN} or $V_{EN} = 0 V$,	f = 1 MHz			35		pF	
C _{OFF}	D port	$V_{I/O} = 3 \text{ V or } 0 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF,	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		8.5		~F	
	S port		Switch ON,			5.5		pF	
C _{ON}		$V_I = 0 V$,	f = 1MHz, output open,	Switch ON		16.5		pF	
r _{ON} ⁽⁴⁾		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	V _I = 1 V,	$I_{O} = 13 \text{ mA}, R_{L} = 75\Omega$		3	7	0	
			V _I = 2 V,	$I_{O} = 26 \text{ mA}, R_{L} = 75\Omega$		3	10	Ω	

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted), see Figure 9

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
ton	S	D	1	6.6	ns
t _{OFF}	S	D	1	6.0	ns

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, VCC = 5 V ±10%(unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP ⁽¹⁾ MAX	UNIT
D_G	$R_L = 150 \Omega$, $f = 3.58 MHz$, see Figure 10	0.37	%
D_P	$R_L = 150 \Omega$, $f = 3.58 MHz$, see Figure 10	0.0330	Deg
B_W	$R_L = 150 \Omega$, see Figure 11	380	MHz
X _{TALK}	R_{IN} = 10 Ω,R_L = 150 Ω,f = 10 MHz, see Figure 11	-83	dB
O _{IRR}	$R_L = 150 \Omega$, f = 10 MHz, see Figure 11	-44	dB

(1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5V$ (unless otherwise noted). TA = 25°C.

 ⁽¹⁾ V_I, V_O, I_I, and I_O refer to the I.O pins.
 (2) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted). T_A = 25°C
 (3) For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.
 (4) Measured by the voltage drop between the D and S terminals at the indicated current through the switch. ON-state resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages of the two (S or D) terminals.

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	over recommended operating	g free-air temperature range	, VCC = $5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ (unless otherwise noted)
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PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP ⁽¹⁾ MAX	UNIT
D_G	$R_L = 75 \Omega$, $f = 3.58 MHz$, see Figure 10	0.37	%
D _P	$R_L = 75 \Omega$, $f = 3.58 \text{ MHz}$, see Figure 10	0.0330	Deg
B _W	$R_L = 75 \Omega$, see Figure 11	330	MHz
X _{TALK}	R_{IN} = 10 Ω , R_L = 150 Ω , f = 10 MHz, see Figure 11	-83	dB
O _{IRR}	$R_L = 75 \Omega$, $f = 10 MHz$, see Figure 11	-44	dB

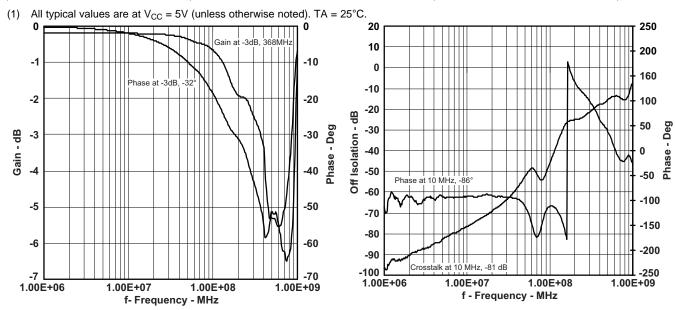


Figure 3. Frequency Response

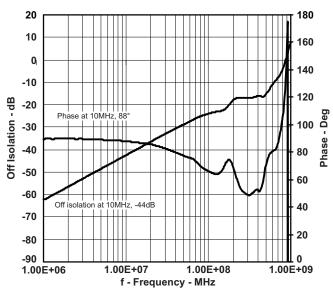


Figure 5. Off Isolation vs Frequency

Figure 4. Non-adjacent Crosstalk vs Frequency

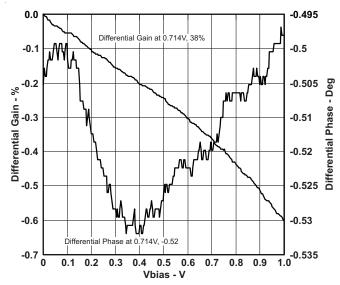


Figure 6. Differential Phase/Gain vs Vbias



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Table 3. UNDERSHOOT CHARACTERISTICS (see Figure 7 and Figure 8)

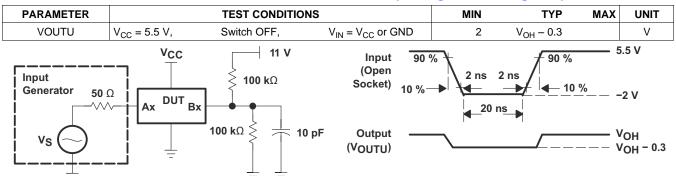
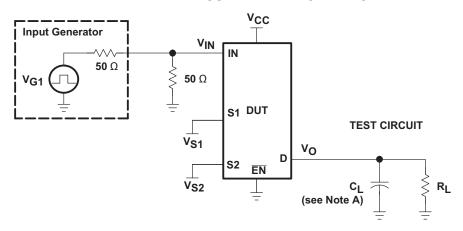


Figure 7. Device Test Setup

Figure 8. Transient Input Voltage (VI) and Output Voltage (V_{OUTU}) Waveforms (Switch OFF)

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



TEST	VCC	R _L	CL	V _{S1}	V _{S2}
ton	5 V ± 0.5 V	75 Ω	20 pF	GND	3 V
	5 V ± 0.5 V	75 Ω	20 pF	3 V	GND
tOFF	5 V ± 0.5 V	75 Ω	20 pF	GND	3 V
	5 V ± 0.5 V	75 Ω	20 pF	3 V	GND

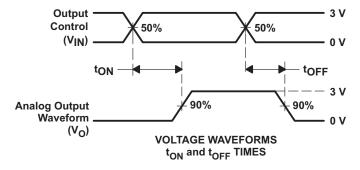
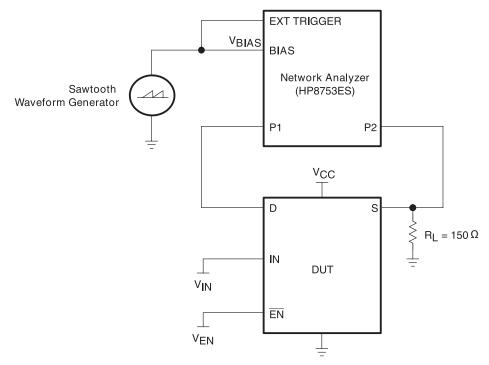


Figure 9. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms





For additional information, refer to the TI application report, *Measuring Differential Gain and Phase*, literature number SLOA040.

Figure 10. Test Circuit for Differential Gain/Phase Measurement

The differential gain and phase is measured at the output of the ON channel. For example, when $V_{IN} = 0$, $V_{EN} = 0$, and D_A is the input, the output is measured at S_{1A} .

HP8753ES Setup

Average = 20

RBW = 300 Hz

Smoothing = 2%

 $V_{BIAS} = 0$ to 1 V

ST = 1.381 s.

P1 = -7 dBM

CW frequency = 3.58 MHz



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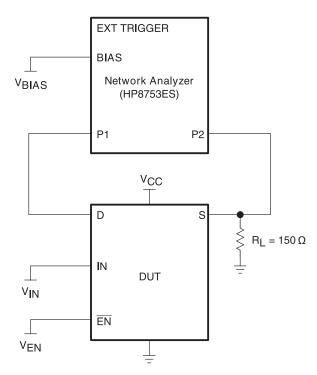


Figure 11. Test Circuit for Frequency Response, Crosstalk, and OFF-Isolation

The frequency response is measured at the output of the ON channel. For example, when $V_{IN}=0$, $V_{EN}=0$, and D_A is the input, the output is measured at S_{1A} . All unused analog I/O ports are held at V_{CC} or GND.

The crosstalk is measured at the output of the non-adjacent ON channel. For example, when $V_{IN}=0$, $V_{EN}=0$, and D_A is the input, the output is measured at S_{1B} . All unused analog I/O ports are held at V_{CC} or GND.

The off-isolation is measured at the output of the OFF channel. For example, when $V_{IN}=0$, $V_{EN}=V_{CC}$, and D_A is the input, the output is measured at S_{1A} . All unused analog I/O ports are held at V_{CC} or GND.

HP8753ES Setup

Average = 4

RBW = 3 kHz

Smoothing = 0%

 $V_{BIAS} = 0.35 V$

ST = 2 s

P1 = 0 dBM



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Dec-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

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Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TS5V522CDBQR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DBQ	24	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TS5V522C	Samples
TS5V522CPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	24	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TE522C	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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10-Dec-2020

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS5V522CDBQR	SSOP	DBQ	24	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TS5V522CPWR	TSSOP	PW	24	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	8.3	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1

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*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS5V522CDBQR	SSOP	DBQ	24	2500	356.0	356.0	35.0
TS5V522CPWR	TSSOP	PW	24	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0

DBQ (R-PDSO-G24)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15) per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-137 variation AE.





SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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